

THE NAPA

Vol. XLIV] No. 31 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

Two Weeks' Sale!

20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

for Two Weeks beginning Monday, July 17th

we will give liberal discounts throughout the store
These are the last 2 weeks of our big sale. After that we take stock

20 per cent. off Dress Goods,
Silks and Trimmings.

20 per cent. off Lace Curtains
over \$1.00 the pair.

20 per cent. off Dress Skirts,
Suits and Silk Waists over \$3.

Discount off Gloves, Hose, Embroideries.

20 per cent. Discount off
Whitewear over 25c.

Special Prices on clearing lots in every department.

Space here will not permit us to particularize.

All are now being distributed.

In a Glass House.

"If there is one thing more than another that makes me wild," said a member of the Mutual Improvement club to a friend, "it is to have that Potter woman correct me when I just make a slip of the tongue. Did you hear her say in that supercilious way of hers, 'My dear, I'm sure you could not have meant that they had music 'between each number'—you meant between every two numbers.' And every one near us heard what she said, the cat!"

"Oh, I shouldn't mind her," said the other woman easily. "If you want revenge just look at her with one of those short waisted, pudgy daughters on either side at the assembly and not a man on the horizon."

"M-m!" said the aggrieved one. "Yes, she does look funny; but, my dear, did you realize you said 'on either side' instead of 'on each side'? Of course if they were on either side they'd—well, they couldn't be, you see! I knew you wouldn't mind having me speak of it, for I've noticed you make that little error occasionally, and it's so easy to form a habit."

Shocked the Queen.

The queen of Denmark once paid a visit to the Danish colony of Iceland, where the good old bishop exerted himself to the utmost to show her everything that was worth seeing. The queen paid many compliments to her host, and having learned that he was a family man graciously inquired how many children he had. It happens that the Danish word for "children" is almost identical in sound with the Icelandic word for "sheep," so that the worthy bishop, whose knowledge of Danish was not so complete as it might have been, understood her majesty to ask how many sheep he owned and promptly answered:

"Two hundred."

"Two hundred children!" cried the queen, astounded. "How can you possibly maintain such a number?"

"Easily enough, please your majesty," replied the prelate, with a cheerful smile. "In the summer I turn them out upon the hills to grass, and when winter comes I kill and eat them!"

The Miserable Moors.

The lives lived by the Moors are, without perhaps any exception, the most precarious and miserable that can be imagined. The poor man is thrown into prison for sums he never possessed and can never pay, the rich to be squeezed of all he possesses, while those only can hope to escape who are members of families sufficiently powerful to arouse the fears of the local governor should he attempt extortion and not sufficiently powerful to stir up the jealousy and avarice of the sultan. Even the governors of the provinces suffer themselves as they make others suffer, for just as they squeeze the agriculturist and the peasant so are they in turn squeezed by the sultan and his viziers, and should they fall by constant presents to maintain a good opinion at the court they can expect

Special Prices on clearing lots in every department.

Space here will not permit us to particularize.

All are now being distributed.

THE HARDY DRY GOODS CO.

CHEAPSIDE, - NAPANEE.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side, Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ont.

S. CASEY DENISON,
Will be pleased to have your
trade in
Groceries, Provisions,
Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,
Pressed Hay, Etc.
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

SEASON OF 1905.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE
Str. REINDEER

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:
LEAVE Napanee, Cove at 5.30 a.m. for
Napanee and all way places. Leave Picton at
8 a.m., Deseronto at 9 a.m. arriving in Napanee
at 10.30, connecting with G.T.R. noon trains
going East and West.
RETURNING—will leave Napanee at 1.30
p.m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamer
"Varina" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave
Deseronto at 2.30 p.m., Picton at 4.30 p.m. for
down the bay.
This boat can be chartered for excursions on
very reasonable terms.
For further information apply to
JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

THE - DOMINION - BANK
CAPITAL Paid up \$3,000,000
RESERVE FUND \$3,500,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$135,000
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS
RECEIVED.
INTEREST CREDITED THEREON
HALF-YEARLY.
FARMERS' SAVING NOTES COLLECTED AND
ADVANCES MADE THEREON.
T. S. HILL, Manager.
Napanee Branch

SUMMER TERM.
DURING JULY FOR
Teachers and Senior Students


**Frontenac
Business College**
KINGSTON, ONT.

Accounting, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penman-
ship, etc. Write for particulars.
W. H. SHAW, T. N. STOCKDALE,
President Principal,
Barrie and Clergy Sts.

Gas and Gasoline stoves.
MADOLE & WILSON.
The Japanese war loan was many times
over-subscribed in London and Berlin.
Prince Charles, of Denmark, son-in-law
of King Edward, has been offered the Nor-
wegian throne.

DR. C. C. NASH,
Dentist, Bath, Ont.
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons,
of Ontario, and honor graduate of Toronto
University.
ODESSA Tuesdays, at Dominion Hotel.
STELLA Thursdays, at J. Miller's residence.

Threshers Attention!
SOFT COAL
—FOR SALE—
CHAS. STEVENS,
West Side Market.


SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-
signed, and endorsed "Tenders for Supply-
ing Coal for the Dominion Buildings" will be
received at this office until Tuesday, August 8,
1905, inclusively, for the supply of coal for the
Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.
Combined specifications and form of tender
can be obtained on application at this office.
Persons tendering are notified that tenders
will not be considered unless made on the
printed form supplied, and signed with their
actual signatures.
Each tender must be accompanied by an ac-
cepted cheque on a chartered bank, made pay-
able to the order of the Honorable the Minister
of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of the
tender, which will be forfeited if the party
tendering declines to enter into a contract when
called upon to do so, or if he failed to complete
the work contracted for. If the tender be not
accepted the cheque will be returned.
The Department does not bind itself to accept
the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works.
Ottawa, June 26, 1905.
Newspapers inserting this advertisement
without authority from the department will
not be paid for it. 25c

**That Wonderful New Rimless
Eye Glass**

THE STA-ZON,

fits almost any nose, and a
great improvement on the old
Sure-On patents.

Other fine patents such as
Never Slips, Secure Royals,
Lasso, Etc.

too numerous to mention
always in stock.

Then to still further improve the
good results by coming to us we will
give you the best test you can get
outside of an oculist.

An honor graduate of two schools.
A. F. CHINNECK with

F. CHINNECK'S
JEWELLRY STORE.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

FARM FOR SALE—The splendid 100
acre farm, formerly occupied by the late
Robert Fee, and being the south half of lot No.
88 in the 1st concession of the township of
Camden, in the County of Leunox and Addington.
This farm is situated about 1-2 mile from
the village of Camden East. Upon the farm
is a good dwelling and ample and substantial
barns and stables. There is wood upon the
premises, and it is well fenced and watered.
The Napanee River also runs through the farm
a few rods from the barn. The place is free
from foul seed. Possession given in the fall.
For further particulars apply to Donald Fee,
upon the premises, or to Camden East P.O., or
to HERRINGTON, WARNER, & GRANGE,
Barristers, Napanee. 26-t.f.

**Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte
Steamboat Co. LIMITED.**

ROCHESTER AND 1000 ISLANDS
STR. NORTH KING leaves Deseronto on Sun-
days at 4.55 a.m. for Picton and 1000 Islands,
calling at Gananoque and Alexandria Bay.
Returning leaves at 9.35 for Rochester, N. Y.

BAY OF QUINTE ROUTE
STR. ALETHA leaves Deseronto at 7.30 a.m. on
Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays for Picton
and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports. Return-
ing leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
at 8.45 p.m. for Belleville.
Tickets and full information from

E. E. HORSEY, J. L. BOYES,
Traffic Manager. Agent,
Kingston. Napanee.


BINDER TWINE.

REDUCTION IN PRICE.
UNTIL further notice Binder Twine will be
sold at the Kingston Penitentiary to
farmers, in such quantities as may be desired,
for cash at the following prices:—
"Pure Manila" (500 feet to the lb.) 11c.
"Mixed Manila" (500 " " " " 10 1/2c
"Pure New Zealand" (450 " " " " 9c.
10c per pound less on ton lots.
All L.O.B. Kingston.
Address all communications, with remittances,
to John M. Platt, Warden Penitentiary
Kingston, Ontario.
J. M. PLATT, Warden.
Kingston, July 3, 1905. 30-c.

**Albert College Belleville,
ONT.**

Business School founded 1877.
Practical and thorough. Five complete
courses. Many graduates occupying important
places as book-keepers and shorthand re-
porters.
\$37.00 pays board, room and tuition, electric
light, use of gymnasium and baths, all but books
laundry, etc., for 10 weeks—longer time at
same rate. Special reduction to ministers, or to
two or more entering at same time from same
place. A specialist in book-keeping, who is
also an expert penman, and a specialist in
shorthand in constant attendance. The teachers
in the literary department also assist in the
work. The high character of the College is
guarantee of thoroughness. New Commercial
Hall one of the finest in Ontario
Catalogue with specimen of penmanship
FREE.
PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D.,
Belleville, Ont.

Screen Doors and Windows. Handsome
design.
MADOLE & WILSON.

Big fish stories are in order. Fish liars
are very numerous in Belleville, Kingston
and Napanee; but Deseronto is free from
the vice—Deseronto Tribune—What a
dandy the Tribune man must be.

Bog Death kills Bugs, prevents blight
and increases the yield.
MADOLE & WILSON.

sufter themselves as they make others
suffer, for just as they squeeze the ag-
riculturist and the peasant so are they
in turn squeezed by the sultan and his
viziers, and should they fail by con-
stant prescuits to maintain a good
opinion at the court they can expect
only imprisonment and often death.

The Only One of Its Kind.
On an evening somewhere about the
end of the sixteenth century a traveler
from Sweden might have been observ-
ed at the door of the Rose theater in
London. He was going to see a new
piece called "Titus Andronicus," and
in order to follow it in the native lan-
guage he bought a copy of the play,
price sixpence, at the theater door.
When he went home to Sweden he took
the book with him to show his wife
and friends what strange stuff the
foreigner ranted. For 300 years it was
preserved and in 1904, being discov-
ered in the home of a countrywoman,
was transferred for safety to the Lund
university. The book is the only one
of its kind known to exist.

Matchmaking in France.
A recent writer says of the com-
mercial side of matchmaking in France:
"In most French marriages money
plays the important part. The first
question asked by the young man is,
'How much?' As a rule, it is an easy
matter to ascertain without applying
directly to the papa, but even when no
question of dowry is raised at the for-
mal demand there is always a con-
tract drawn up by a notary, which
specifies the exact sum the girl re-
ceives."

A Man of Credit.
A distinguished Irish lawyer, always
in impoverished circumstances, once
took Chief Justice Whiteside to see his
magnificently furnished new house in
Dublin.
"Don't you think," he said, with a
complacent look about, "that I deserve
great credit for this?"
"Yes," the judge answered dryly,
"and you appear to have got it."

A Serious Moment.
"Yes," said the married man medita-
tively, "when you see a woman hanging
out a line of clothes and the line slips
and lets the blessed lot down in the
mud, that, my boy, is the psychological
moment in which to leave that woman
alone."

Hard Ones Too.
Little Willie—What's the name of the
feller what calls on yer sister? Little
Johnny—I don't know yet. Pop calls
him something different every time he
comes.

Love.
Love is an upward tendency of hu-
man nature. It is dignifying, ennob-
ling, and for that reason it imposes
upon individuals who experience it
new obligations.

A Proportionate Income.
Brush—So Pluxit is painting minia-
tures? How is he getting on? Palette
—Oh, he's making a miniature living—
Washington Post.

The Napanee Express

—AND—
The Weekly Globe

75c.
Till End of 1905.

ANNEE EXPRESS.

WADADA—FRIDAY, JULY 14th, 1905

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DESMOND.

A number from this place attended service conducted by Mr. Radcliffe for the Orangemen, at Camden East, Sunday evening.

Miss Anne Bell is spending a few days at Newburgh.

Stanley Rose was a guest at Mrs. J. McDonald's, Sunday.

Misses Flossie Clancy and J. Boyce are at L. C. Switzer's.

Miss Stewart gave a party to a number of friends on Saturday last.

Mrs. Switzer is spending a few days at Newburgh.

Miss Edith Bell and Mrs. Luke Switzer spent Friday at Arthur Parrotts, Switzer-ville.

Several from here intend taking in Colebrook lawn social on Friday next.

Miss Grace Lee and Mr. Milligan spent Sunday at J. Switzer's. Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Switzer, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Dowdle, spent Sunday at Wesley.

Frank Switzer and sister, Florence, and Miss Lena Hannah were at Belle Isle on Sunday.

Capt. A. M. Bell arrived home on Saturday from camp at Kingston.

BOYLE & SON.

WILTON.

A number from here attended the lawn social at Harrowsmith last week, although the weather was not the best.

Mrs. Emaline T. Emerson, and daughter, Mrs. Dr. W. A. Jacquith and baby, are visiting friends here on their way from Chicago to Newark, New Jersey, where they will join Dr. Jacquith.

Bernard Mills is suffering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. Dr. J. E. Maybee, Odessa, is attending him.

Miss Pearl Switzer was the guest of Miss Hattie Lake, Kingston, for a few days last week.

Miss McClennegan, Perth, is visiting at H. Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Sills and two children, Sydenham, spent Thursday last at J. Lewis's.

Rev. E. Farnsworth, Yarker, is to occupy the pulpit in the Methodist church here on Sunday next, and Rev. R. Allin, Enterprise, on the following Sunday, which will be July 23rd.

Miss Eva Gallagher is home from Sydenham High School, the exams being over.

Robert Miller, Kingston, while at his son's here, last week, met with quite an accident while using the hay loader, his foot slipped and a fork in connection with the machine ran into his foot, causing a deep and painful wound. He is doing nicely and by the aid of a cane is able to be around.

Miss Lella Davey spent a few days last week as the guest of her cousin, Miss Myrtle Gallagher, Harrowsmith.

Master Gallagher, Portland, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Wesley Parrott.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

You can rest assured that when your prescription is filled at The Red Cross Drug Store you get "Just what the doctor orders."

T. B. WALLACE, Pharm. B.
The Prescription Druggist.

NEWBURGH.

Newburgh.—Fine weather favored the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church for their excursion to the Islands. The trip proved a pleasant day's outing, but was not very largely attended.

The Methodist Sunday school has changed its hour of meeting from 10.30 a.m. to

GREAT SCOTT PICNIC.

The annual Scott picnic held last Friday on the "hog's back" in Mr. S. E. Scott's beautiful grove proved to be a huge success. The morning broke beautiful and fair and long before the noon hour, the grove was alive with the Scott families and their immediate relatives.

The amusements began at once and were only stopped by the welcome call to dinner. Soon the great family was "rounded up" to a table one hundred feet in length, laden with the choicest meats, fruits and delicacies of the season.

So abundantly had all prepared that like Port Arthur they were prepared for a great siege.

While the table was surrounded E. W. Scott began his annual task of census taking. In a few minutes the task was over and one hundred and nine had responded. A number were missing who attended last year, while several others appeared this year for the first time.

After the very pleasant dinner hour, sports were again resumed and continued until the rain descended and the floods came. After remaining under cover about half an hour, sunshine and smiles appeared again, and along with them gallons of S. E. Scott's best made ice cream.

Orders were soon given and all assembled on the hillside. F. S. Scott quickly adjusted his camera and said "look pretty and pleasant." All did their best and in the twinkling of an eye Fred had the whole crowd on a plate. Confusion began but Ira B. Sills, the veteran picnicker, soon called the hosts to order and after a few remarks moved a vote of thanks to S. E. Scott and family, who spared no pains to welcome and entertain everybody. The motion was most heartily and unanimously supported. Mr. Sills announced that two foreigners were present and called upon them for addresses. Rev. P. A. Scott; of Wheatland, N. D. and J. H. Scott, of Idaho, briefly responded with hearty handshakes and good-byes, the crowd began to disperse hoping to meet again next year.

The Gramophone kindly furnished by Mr. Styles Hawley and operated by Mr. L. A. Scott was very much much enjoyed.

Frank Dean and Garfield Sills appeared on the ground as Mr. and Mrs. Clown and created considerable merriment. It was announced with gratitude that the death messenger had passed by every home during the year with only one exception—that of Mrs. Tracy Walbridge, who was called to her eternal home early in the year.

Mrs. Malinda Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Sills, Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Parks, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Scott, Mr. J. H. Scott, Wallace, Idaho, Rev. P. A. and Mrs. Scott, Wheatland, North Dakota, Mrs. Martha Scott, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Scott, Mrs. Ruth Scott, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Manly Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Dennison, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dean, Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Sills, Mr. and Mrs. Aylesworth Sills, Ceylon Robinson, Kingston, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Sills, Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Richmond, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Russell, Miss Catherine Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kimmerly, Mr. and Mrs. Herb Kimmerly, Mrs. Wilbert Winters, Mrs. G. W. Madole, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilson, Mrs. Ira Schell, Miss Mary Wilson, Miss Nellie Sills, Miss Lilly Abbott, Miss M. Stewart, Norma Davis, Roy Davis, Belle Davis, Garfield Sills, Harry Scott, Miss Carrie Sills, Miss Mina Sills, Miss Lela Russell, Mrs. H. E. Loucks, Harry Dean, Miss Myrtle Scott, Harry M. Scott, Miss Edith Scott, Miss Florence Scott, Miss Addie Scott, Miss Maud Loucks, Laura Loucks, Harry Loucks, Master Gordon Hooper, Toronto, Albert Russell,

PURE PARIS GREEN Kills the Bugs
and does not hurt the potato plants.
WE HAVE THE BEST.

We have a table of FANCY GLASSWARE, ETC, which we are not going to keep in stock. It is selling at less than half price.
COME AND SEE IT.
J. P. LAWRASON & CO.
Successors to J. J. Perry. DRUGGISTS.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE
Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.
COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.
The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

PERSONALS

The Misses F. L. and Mary Burgess, and Mr. A. B. Wagar of Napanee spent Sunday with their uncle Mr. Arch. Burgess York Road.

Miss Pearl Nesbitt, pupil of Miss L. A. Knapp, Kingston, was successful in passing her second year Examination in Theory of Music.

Invitations have been issued announcing the marriage of Miss Addie S. only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. P. Gordanier, "Orchard Park," Morven, to Rev. W. H. Montgomery, B. A., B. D., of Newton Falls N.Y., to take place on Wednesday, July 26th, at 1 p.m.

Miss Lucy Anderson returned this week from a visit with Mrs. John Gilbert, Ernestown.

Mr. Alf Connolly, Yarker, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Lowry, on Wednesday.

Miss Dent and Mrs. Hewitt, of Toronto, are visiting at the Western parsonage.

Mr. Ed. Houck, of Picton, Mrs. Houck, and Miss Flossie, of Webbwood, spent Wednesday at the Western parsonage.

Mr. Nichols will take charge of the choir in the Western church during Miss Light's vacation.

Mr. J. S. Robinson, London, was renewing acquaintances in town this week.

Miss Mattie Pollard left on Saturday last to spend the summer at Glen Island.

Mr. Ezra Pringle spent a few days last week in Kaladar on business.

Miss Ida Close leaves this week for London, England, where she will spend the summer.

Miss Lazier, Minneapolis. Minn., is the

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sheppard, of Brookville, visited in town a couple of days this week.

Miss Luella Hall passed successfully her intermediate piano examinations of the Conservatory of Music, Toronto. Miss Hall is a pupil of Miss McHenry.

Mrs. Huffman, of Chicago, mother of Mrs. John Hamby, of Napanee, arrived in town this week.

Mrs. S. Warner, Mrs. Eakins, Dr. Eakins and boy Gray, were in Belleville this week.

Mrs. T. S. Burley, of Napanee, went to Toronto, Monday, to meet her husband, on his return from British Columbia.

Mrs. J. A. Shibley, Mrs. Deming and Mrs. A. Gibson, of Napanee, were in Deseronto this week.

Mrs. F. W. Shibley, of Providence and Miss Sarah Howard, of Boston, arrived in Napanee, Tuesday, to visit Mrs. Finkle Centre Street.

Mrs. Alice Gibson and Misses Jean and Marjorie Gibson, of Napanee, left for Varkle Hill, lost Tuesday for a summer outing.

Mr. Geo. Bennett, Belleville, spent Sunday in Napanee.

Mr. Ed. Hart, Deseronto, spent Wednesday eve with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Toronto, spent last week the guests of Capt. and Mrs. Baird.

Miss Edith Foster, Belleville, spent Wednesday with friends in town.

Mrs. and Miss Benedict, of Watertown are guests of Miss Annie Wilson.

Miss Winnifred Chinneck is spending few weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mr. Geo. Blanchard, Kiamount, is spending a week with friends in town.

Mr. Geo. Stanley, Kaladar, spent Thursday, in town with his brother, Wm Stanley.

Mr. J. A. L. Robinson was in Ottawa on business this week.

Mr. R. H. Peters, Odessa, was in town on Wednesday.

Miss Katie Nichols, spent Sunday in Deseronto.

Mrs. Alf Frink and son Walter, Collin Bay were visiting friends in town on Wed

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NEWBURGH.

Newburgh.—Fine weather favored the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church for their excursion to the Islands. The trip proved a pleasant day's outing, but was not very largely attended.

The Methodist Sunday school has changed its hour of meeting from 10.30 a.m. to 2.30 p.m.

Principal Nesbitt leaves this week as examiner at Toronto, where he will be engaged for the Ontario education department.

Miss Bell, Desmond, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Paul.

Miss McKim, Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. McKim.

Wilbert Gibson, Toronto, spent Sunday of last week with his mother.

Miss Annie Beeman, of the Kingston General Hospital staff, is spending holidays at her father's, Dr. M. I. Beeman.

Dr. Beeman, Perth, visited his brother, Dr. M. I. Beeman.

Harold Ryan was one of the prize winners in the recent Montreal Herald contest. The prize is half a dozen silk handkerchiefs.

Miss Ethel Mears left last week for an extended visit with friends and relatives at Baltimore, Ont., Toronto and other points west.

Miss Jean Paul is on the sick list.

The granolithic walks are completed.

A baseball team from the village defeated Camden East ball tossers in Camden East last week.

Rev. F. Mears has purchased a new house.

Capt. Beeman returned home from Kingston camp on Saturday.

G. F. Hill entertained the members of the choir of St. John's church, Friday evening.

Rumor says the Hornerites are going to have a camp meeting here in the near future.

Mrs. J. B. Haight and Mrs. Badgely, Canifon, spent Sunday at P. D. Shorey's.

Irvine Rogers, Verona, is in the village last week.

Mrs. Percival of Merrickville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. D. B. Stickney.

Miss Madge Weese, Wesley, is visiting Miss Hope Aylesworth.

Miss Aletha Paul, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. is spending her holidays at home here.

Binder wine.

Although it has advanced in price we are selling what we have at old prices 50cft 103 550 ft 112, 900 ft 123 and 650 ft 123. Buy before it is all gone. Every ball guaranteed at GREY LION HARDWARE.

The Council of the Board of Trade resolved to petition the Dominion Government to redeem worn-out silver.

John Burns, a farm laborer at Westboro was attacked by a bull, and fatally injured.

Caucuses of both parties at Ottawa concurred in the proposal to increase the sessional indemnity to \$2,500, and to increase the salaries of Judges.

A party of Canadian Northern Railway engineers are working north from Erwood, and it is believed they are making a preliminary survey for the Hudson's Bay line.

Miss Nellie Sills, Miss Lilly Abbott, Miss M. Stewart, Norma Davis, Roy Davis, Miss Belle Davis, Garfield Sills, Harry Scott, Miss Carrie Sills, Miss Mina Sills, Miss Lela Russell, Mrs. H. E. Loucks, Harry Dean, Miss Myrtle Scott, Harry M. Scott, Miss Edith Scott, Miss Florence Scott, Miss Addie Scott, Miss Maud Loucks, Laura Loucks, Harry Loucks, Master Gordon Hooper, Toronto, Albert Russell, Geo. Scott, Miss Alma Smith, Ray Smith, Leah Smith, Percy Kimmery, Morley Jones, Albert Jones, Parker Jones, Victor Jones, Gladis Wilson, Hartwell Scott, Wheatland N. D., Letha Scott, Clarence Scott, Donald Scott, Fred Stafford, Ibra Sills, Mearl Dennison, Willie Dennison, Estella Dennison, Fred Smith, Maurice Sills, Miss Ada Smith, Mr. Geo. Gibbard.

For Tired Feet.

A small quantity of Walk Easy Foot Powder dusted in the shoe will be found a perfect remedy for aching, sore, tired, sweating, tender, swollen feet. Sold only at The Medical Hall, Fred L. Hooper.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

The election of Charles Hyman in London and Geo. Smith in North Oxford are to be protested.

Fred Brothers, aged ten years, was shot through the head by a companion at Strathroy and fatally injured.

Pure Manila Horse Fork Rope, Trip Rope and Pulleys.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Lord Roberts in the British House of Lords said that the life of the empire depended upon the reorganization of army methods.

Rev. Mr. Bowen, formerly Methodist probationer at Amherst Island, is now pastor of the Holiness Movement church in Kingston.

Samples of barley sown on May 5th were exhibited at Winnipeg, on Monday, the stalks being 5 feet 6 inches high. It is well headed out.

Brockville police commissioners will not re-appoint Samuel Adams to the post of chief of police, as requested by a deputation of citizens.

The Allan liner Corinthian, from Glasgow to Montreal had on board a hundred girls from Quarrier's Orphan Homes at Bridge of Wier, bound for Brockville.

The Kingston street cars are again in operation. The first run over the road was made Tuesday afternoon, and the citizens of the Limestone City are happy and contented once more.

The seven-year-old son of Mr. Grace, barber of St. Catharines, was drowned by falling into the St. Paul St. raceway. Beatrice Fowler of Petrolia, of about the same age fell into an old water hole and was drowned.

A Scottish immigrant named Alex. Anderson cut his throat on the C.P.R. limited near Dexter, and is now in Winnipeg hospital. He said he threw a pocket-book containing a draft for \$500 out of the car window but sectionmen were unable to find it.

A well-stocked fox's lair has been unearthed on the estate of Simpson Gee, at Ulverscroft, Leicestershire, England. A game-keeper dug out a vixen and two cubs, and at the bottom of the run he discovered thirty-two rabbits, a brace of pheasants, a brace of partridge, and a wild duck, which had recently been purloined.

Toronto, July 7.—The report of the inspector of licenses for the year ending May 1904, shows an increase in the commitments for drunkenness of 664 over the preceding year, the respective figures being 3,590 for 1903-1904, and 2987 for 1902-1903. This increase is the more noticeable because there was a reduction of forty-nine in the number of licenses, including shops. Licenses numbered 3023 in 1903, and 2974 last year. The receipts for the year aggregate \$949,410.90 as against \$644,065 in the preceding year. The total amount of fines was \$20,465 compared with \$16,530.

Harvest Tools and machine Sections
MADOLE & WILSON.

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

ing acquaintances in town this week.

Miss Mattie Pollard left on Saturday last to spend the summer at Glen Island.

Mr. Ezra Pringle spent a few days last week in Kaladar on business.

Miss Ida Close leaves this week for London, England, where she will spend the summer.

Miss Lazier, Minneapolis, Minn., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Campbell, East street.

Mrs. T. C. Marshall, Kingston, is the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Wm. Coates.

Mr. Addison A. Pegg, representing the Nordhemier Piano, is in town for a few days.

Mrs. Scott, of Montreal spent this week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Cliff.

Mr. W. S. Blewitt, Boston, is the guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Jas. Blewitt.

Miss Pearl Nesbitt, Newburgh, passed successfully her Intermediate piano examination last week at the examinations of the Conservatory of Music Toronto, Miss Nesbitt is a pupil of Miss McHenry.

Mr. John M. Black, late of Christ Church, Montreal, sang Sullivan's "Lost Chord" very acceptably in the Western Methodist church last Sunday evening.

Dr. Lockridge left Tuesday for Regina, N. W. T., where he will locate and practice his profession. Mrs. Lockridge will join him a couple of months later.

Miss Freda Holmes is visiting her sister Mrs. Fuller, Scranton, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Harshaw are spending a week at Moncton, N. B., and other points east.

Mrs. R. Carr, Ottawa, and Mrs. C. P. Chipp, New York, are guests of Mrs. H. Ellis, Adelphi street.

Mrs. S. L. Daly and little daughter, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Bogart, will leave Saturday for a two month's visit with relatives at Olds, Alabama.

Mr. W. H. Carson was in Toronto and Hamilton a few days this week.

Mr. Levi Gould, Lonsdale, was a caller at our office, on Saturday.

Mr. Chas. Windover, of Dresden, was visiting in town, Thursday.

Misses Ida and Louise Farley, of Watertown, are spending a couple of weeks visiting Mrs. John Gates, Gretna, and other relatives in this vicinity.

Stanley.

Mr. J. A. L. Robinson was in Ottawa, on business this week.

Mr. R. H. Peters, Odessa, was in town on Wednesday.

Miss Katie Nichols, spent Sunday in Deseronto.

Mrs. Alf Frink and son Walter, Collin's Bay were visiting friends in town on Wednesday.

Miss Maud Ashley, Graduate Nurse, of Hartford, Conn., is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Dr. A. S. Ashley.

Mr. J. C. Hardy is quite unwell and has been confined to his home all week.

Miss Maggie Armstrong is spending a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Perry in Ojensburg.

Miss Myers, Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. A. McDonald.

Miss L. Chinnick is attending the summer course in Nature study at the Normal School, Toronto.

Miss Luella Hudgins, Selby, is the guest of Miss Celia Vandervoort.

Mrs. Geo. Bennett, Belleville, who has been the guest of her uncle, Mr. C. W. Vandervoort returned home this week.

Messrs. Stewart, Toronto, and Watson, Montreal spent a few days this week the guests of Mr. J. R. Dafeo.

Mr. Wilfrid Wilson left on Thursday for New York.

Miss Helen Trimble entertained a few of her friends to an afternoon sail on Mr. Walsh's yacht on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Neil McNaughton Montreal is, spending a few days in Town.

BIRTHS.

PRINGLE.—at Richmond, on Wednesday, July 5th, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle a daughter.

THOMPSON.—At Napance, on Wednesday, July 12th, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson, a son.

James Sager, who has been in the employ of Mr. Frank Vanluven, died on Thursday morning, after a few days illness. Deceased, who was highly respected leaves a wife and small family.

Beekkeepers Supplies. Sections, Section and Foundation Comb.

MADOLE & WILSON.

DALTON'S

—For all kinds of—

FURNITURE

Everything new and up-to-date.

We have had our third shipment of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

A carriage with automobile gear, rubber tires, well upholstered and a good parasol..... for \$11.00

We also have SEWING MACHINES which we sell right for Cash, or on easy terms to suit the buyer and a guarantee of ten years with each machine.

Try us once and you will call again.

W. J. DALGLISH,
MANAGER



THE LATEST TRIUMPH IN EYE GLASSES

The STA-ZON is the latest eyeglass success. We recommend them for comfort, security, durability and neatness. We measure the defect in your vision and exactly neutralize it with lenses.

H. E. Smith

TIGER-HUNTING IN CHINA

TROUBLE IN SECURING SATISFACTORY BEATERS.

Expedition That Lacked Something of the Dignity of Big Game Shooting.

Tiger, shooting is, I believe, generally regarded as serious work, and not a picnic to be lightly entered on, but from the moment P. came round to my compound to say that four of the brutes had been located in the Yikma jungle, some four miles from the settlement, to the morning of the last disastrous beat the gods appeared to do their best to make fun of the whole expedition and to rob us of that feeling of dignity due to those engaged in big game shooting.

We camped in the old, tumble-down building, half temple, half rest house, that is common to most Chinese villages, says Hayley Bell in London Field. P. insisted on cooking the dinner, also there was trouble about the bait, so that it was half past 9 and pitch dark when we sallied forth to the tree we had chosen for our watch. We had decided on a pig for bait, as he was likely to make the most noise. The grateful villagers whom we had come out to rid of the bloodthirsty animals that were devouring their cattle, required some three times its value before they would part with it. Too late we discovered the deceitfulness of that pig.

In the temple it had protested so loudly as to drown all negotiations, but when at last tied up on the field of action it was the most contented pig I have ever known, and frantic pulls at the string attached to his leg were utterly useless to stir him. At length, bitten all over by mosquitoes and covered with ants, tree frogs, and that delightful beetle known to the Chinese as the "water buffalo," I climbed down and charged out on the wretched animal and by the light of the rising moon chased him round and round his tether till his squeals and the

SHOUTS OF LAUGHTER

from my companion in the tree might have been heard for miles. Hardly had I regained the foot of the tree when P. gave a shout of warning and commenced firing rapidly over my head. An instant later one short wail from piggy announced that his duty was done, and I turned in time to see the tiger—a dark, formless mass—disappear into the cover with six dollars' worth of pork belonging to us.

Early next morning the head man of the village was summoned, and after much argument some twenty men were produced to beat the cover for us. We started across the paddy like the chorus of a comic opera, with hoes, pitchforks, executioners' swords and halberds. One man preceded the party with a huge gong which he smote lustily, to the great delight of scores of children who were enjoying holiday by reason of our occupying the village schoolroom and the rear was brought up by half a dozen kerosene tins and the village flautist. It was as impossible to keep them quiet till we should reach the ground and take up positions as it was to get them to stay there when we had done so. Gradually and imperceptibly the beaters—who commenced by prodding gingerly at the extreme edges of the jungle—melted away, and P. and I concluded that, since beating was impossible, we must watch over bait again.

This time we were ensconced in our tree long before sunset, with a goat for bait. Hardly had the moon risen when out stalked, at about 100 yards' range,

AN ENORMOUS TIGER,

who strolled nonchalantly across the glade and disappeared into the opposite cover. Again we pulled furiously at the bait. Not a sound fol-

lows hands and knees. In this position I suddenly heard a roar from the right of the line—I was at the centre—and a howl from one of the men.

Pushing through as fast as I could I found an unfortunate beater had literally stumbled on the tiger and got badly mauled. His heel and the sole of his foot being half torn off. I directed two men to carry him out, and was just about to follow when I saw through the foliage the yellow and black stripes of the tiger standing a few yards off and perfectly motionless, evidently listening to the banging and the howling of the beaters, who were closing round. I took a steady shot at what I imagine to have been his ribs, and the brute went down with a roar, at which ALL THE MEN NEAR ME FLED.

There were many trees around me, and I hurriedly selected one, for trees under certain circumstances were meant for climbing. Before however, I had got as high as I wished a branch broke and I came down some fifteen feet to the ground. There was, however, no sign of the tiger, and I returned to the open, where I found P. had arrived. Between us we bound up the mauled beater—who had actually been dropped by his carriers, and had crawled out alone—and sent him into the settlement.

Guided by the beaters, who were now all up trees, and gave one the impression of sailors clinging to the masts of sunken ships, P. and I made another assault on the cover. The tiger was snarling and tearing up the grass within a few yards of the edge. It was impossible to aim at a vital spot owing to the foliage, so we each gave him a bullet, and again the brute went down with a roar, evidently (by the subsequent gasping and "thundering") shot through the lungs. Here we left him to stiffen or die, while we poured buckets of water over each other and cooled down. Within an hour the panting sounds had ceased, and soon the treed beaters called out that the brute was dead, but not a man would accompany us even those few yards to find the carcass. It was now getting late, and as it was imperative that we should secure our bag and induce the frightened villagers to come down from their trees before it grew dark I started into the cover alone. As I crawled cautiously in a man called out something I could not catch, but which was a warning that

THERE WERE TWO TIGERS.

An instant later the brushes to my front were shaken violently, and with a terrifying roar a smaller tiger, probably the female, sprang out at me, knocking me down backward. With the brute standing right over me I doubled myself up, covering my body with my arms and legs and after biting me several times below the knees the animal sheered off and I crawled back to the open.

The tiger had won the second point and the rubber, for this ended our amateur tiger hunt. For some days after bringing me back P. was laid up with sunstroke, while the villagers refused to go near the cover. For all I know the mouldering skeletons of twenty-nine beaters may yet hang in the trees of the Yikma jungle. At least somewhere hidden in the undergrowth lies a tiger, whose skin is destined never to grace the hearth of his enemies. Some day, when I have recovered from the effects of big game shooting, I am going to take possession of what is left.

A GREAT DIAMOND.

How the Duke of Orleans Obtained the Regent.

One of the most beautiful diamonds in the world is the Regent. It belongs to France. Besides its dimensions, which are considerable, it unites various qualities which further augment its value. When rough it weighed 410 carats. Its present

LINEVITCH A UNIQUE MAN

HAS SHOWN HIMSELF TO BE A BOASTFUL LIAR.

Plundered Summer Palace at Peking, Then Complained About Duty on Loot.

In the event of war between Russia and Japan being continued for any considerable length of time, there is one man who gives promise of leaving his imprint upon the Russian military system, and that is General Linevitch, says a Berlin letter.

Kuropatkin, when he was first given command of the Russian army against Japan, had at least one enemy in his own ranks, General Linevitch refused to serve under the new commander, and was given a separate command at Vladivostok. Now his enemy has succeeded him, and General Linevitch is in command of the entire Russian forces. Whether the future makes for peace or for war, the personality of General Linevitch is interesting in the extreme.

General Linevitch (Nikolai Petrovitch) is an infantry officer, who has seen none of the big campaigns of the last half of the nineteenth century, but he has acquired a great deal of experience in conducting and being associated with smaller military operations. Whether he would evolve as a strong figure in a campaign in which nearly a million men are said to be engaged on both sides is something no man can tell.

NOT A POWERFUL MAN.

In height he is about 5 feet 6 in. His full face, where it is clean shaven, has often been compared to that of Lord Roberts, but in profile his distinctly Muscovite-tipped nose spoils the resemblance. He is in no way a powerful man to look at, but lean and of slight build. Apparently he has led a less rapid life than most Russian officers. He was, in fact, one of the few officers of his force who could be said by the sportsman to be "in good training."

That he is dashing and brave is undoubted. General Stoessel could not be induced to advance towards Peking in July, 1900, but Linevitch, when he arrived, was disgusted at the delay, and concurred at once in the views of the British, American and Japanese generals then at Tientsin.

Of the behavior of the troops under Linevitch's command en route for Peking it is needless to say more than that they showed the Chinese all of the horrors of war. That Linevitch in his despatches is little worthy of credence is shown by the fact that after the battle of Yangtsun, where the Russian casualties all told did not exceed fifty, he telegraphed the Czar, saying that he had lost five hundred in killed and wounded, and much exaggerated the altogether minor part played by his forces on that day.

AN AMAZING SPEECH.

At the assault at Peking on August 14th, 1900, as his troops filed past him to the attack, he made an amazing speech to them, giving them licence to behave like savages. It was Linevitch, too, who, after having at a conference of the allied generals, decided that the thirteenth of August should be devoted to reconnaissance, the 14th to concentration, and the 15th to the assault on Peking, tried to steal a march on his colleagues, and by a rapid coup de main, on the early morning of the 14th, forced his way into Peking, and snatched the laurels from those that he had allowed to bear the burden and the heat of the day on the march up from Tientsin; but he found the Chinese on the lookout for him, and was rather severely handled.

When the triumphal march through the Forbidden City took place, on August 28th, 1900, General Linevitch, having previously agreed with other generals that no war correspondents were to accompany the forces, gave them permission to do

COTTON GROWING.

Results Obtained in the British Colonies.

At the Imperial Institute in London there is an exhibition just now whose purpose is to show the results obtained so far in the experiments in growing cotton which are in progress in various parts of the British Empire.

It does not appear that very great practical advance has been made yet, but, as Prof. Wyndham Dunstan explains, several years of careful experiment must elapse before a country new to cotton cultivation can become a successful and permanent contributor to the supply of the raw material. Broadly speaking, the exhibition indicates that the experiments for the revival of cotton cultivation in the West Indies give promise of success, while some advance appears to have been made in various other directions.

The most valuable of all commercial cottons, the sea island product, which derived its name from the West Indies but was allowed to die out when it was introduced into the United States, may be expected to become a feature in reviving the drooping fortunes of the Caribbean islands, and in India the chief problem is the cultivation of a finer staple suitable to the needs of the manufacturer.

In the course of time it is expected that India will become the principal contributor of raw cotton to Great Britain, although at present it is outclassed, in quality at least, by the Egyptian product. The experiments carried on in the Sudan suggest that it will soon take important rank as a producer. Egyptian cotton presents certain features which render it more valuable to the manufacturer than the ordinary product of the Southern States.

In West and East Africa the conditions of successful cotton cultivation are being ascertained by carefully planned experiments which are necessarily slow, but, as in other parts of the empire, the recent tests show that cotton of the Egyptian type will probably be successfully grown on a large scale in several localities. Placed conveniently in one large frame are the products of the cotton plant from all the countries where it is being laid down; the older established countries are also represented, even Peru, but the Argentine representative is a notable absentee, though a neighboring map shows that the commodity is already being produced in that republic.

In the frame can be seen at a glance what is wanted. It is the long fibre, the fine silky lint; and here we see the great advantage possessed by United States, sea island and the Egyptian. They lead their rivals distinctly. The sea island specimens average two inches in length, the Egyptian 1½, while the others range between ½ inch and 1½ inches.

One of the most instructive objects of the whole exhibition is that of the use of the waste materials discarded during the process of manufacturing the cotton. Samples of waste are shown from the scutching machines, carding engines, spinning machines, roving frames, looms and the like, and there are even dirty looking floor sweepings. The last are used for spinning cross yarns. The cleaner machine waste is used for blending and spinning with wool in the manufacture of artificial silk. The other specimens of waste are used in the manufacture of wadding, of paper, of explosives and for various other purposes.

ARMY CRITICIZED.

Col. Gough Says British Cavalry Is Weak.

The latest severe critic of the army is Lieutenant-Colonel R. de la P. Gough, of the British army. In the case of Col. Gough it is the cavalry which is criticized. Col. Gough says that the cavalry is the greatest strategic arm, and one of the most essential parts of an army, and

This time we were ensconced in our tree long before sunset, with a goat for bait. Hardly had the moon risen when out stalked, at about 100 yards' range,

AN ENORMOUS TIGER,

who strolled nonchalantly across the glade and disappeared into the opposite cover. Again we pulled furiously at the bait. Not a sound followed, and after some hours' wait we descended, to find poor Nanny—whether of pure fright or because she was possibly in extremis when purchased—was dead.

After a long whispered conversation as to whether tigers took caviar or not, we again trudged sadly home. Personally, I incline to the opinion that we did not talk and laugh enough, also that a cigar would have much improved our chances. Be that as it may, our third attempt was made from a machan. P. and I built it next morning, and an interested audience of some fifty old women and children sat round and commented. We hollowed out a large bush and built the platform up inside; on the top we put a cunning roof of plaited leaves.

Derisive acquaintances who had never even seen a tiger running wild rode out from the settlement and asked if it was a race meeting or a Punch and Judy show. But we were satisfied, at least it was better than roosting in tress with all manner of nocturnal insects, and we made it very comfortable with a mattress and cushions. Here we watched over Piggy II, for three nights without result. On the fourth we tried to tempt the tiger with a dog, which apparently, however, gnawed through its rope and escaped, the most serious part of the incident being that neither my companion nor I were awake at the time.

Alas! that such a trivial incident should cause even temporary estrangement between two fast friends. Even if it was my watch, there were plenty more dogs to be had, besides, the dog had been sleeping comfortably when I last remembered. However, P. gathered up his textbook and his punah coolie—whom he now called a shiriki—and pegged out a claim at the other end of the jungle; while I decided, since our quarry would not follow the rules as laid down in the books, to try to deceive him with

A SIMPLE PLAN OF MY OWN.

At sunset, then, with several natives, I proceeded to a tree some 100 yards from the one I intended to occupy. Here we tied up a lean, scraggy porcupine and made the most noisy and shameless preparations for snaring the tiger. Soon after dark settled down I crept quietly out of the tree, stole back to the camp, and enjoyed the first night's rest I had had for a week. At 3 I was called, and went down to my own tree. Now, I will not guarantee this plan to be infallible, and it may be that the result had nothing to do with what I still regard as rather an original idea; but about half an hour after the first streak of dawn, and in a light by which a 44 carbine is my only excuse for not dropping him there and then, a magnificent tiger emerged from the dense cover and passed within fifty yards of my tree.

At my first shot the brute bounded into the air and made a dash in my direction, approaching to within twenty yards of the tree, where I gave him a second through the right shoulder. With a snarl like that of a dog the animal disappeared into the cover again, and I determined, in spite of our last fiasco, to try a beat again.

Within an hour I had collected thirty men and sent out coolies to find P. The animal's trail was easy to follow, for the bushes were slashed with blood, but the undergrowth was so thick that in some places it was necessary to crawl on

How the Duke of Orleans Obtained the Regent.

One of the most beautiful diamonds in the world is the Regent. It belongs to France. Besides its dimensions, which are considerable, it unites various qualities which further augment its value. When rough it weighed 410 carats. Its present weight is only 136 carats. Its cutting, which is of great excellence, required two years of work. It was valued in 1791 at 12,000,000 francs. This diamond was purchased in the rough state by the grandfather of William Pitt for 312,000 francs. The Duke of Orleans, then Regent of France, acquired it in 1717 for the sum of 3,375,000 francs.

According to St. Simon, who gives an interesting recital of the purchase of the stone, there is quite a different version from that ordinarily accepted:

"Through an extremely rare opportunity an employee in the diamond mines of the Grand Mogul was able to extract one of very large size. He found means of embarking and reaching Europe with his diamond. He took it to England, where the king admired it, without, however, deciding to buy it. A model of glass was made in England and the man was sent with the diamond and model to Law, who proposed it to the Regent for the King. The price frightened the Regent, who refused to buy it.

"The state of the finances was an obstacle on which the Regent insisted. He feared incurring censure for so large a purchase, while there was trouble in providing for the most pressing necessities and many people were left in suffering.

"I applauded this sentiment, but I said to him that it was not suitable to exercise the same economy for the greatest King of Europe as for a private individual; that the honor of the Crown should be considered and the opportunity of procuring a diamond which would eclipse all others in Europe should not be lost. I did not leave the Duke of Orleans until I had obtained the promise that the diamond should be purchased. Law, before speaking to me, had represented to the possessor of the diamond that it would be impossible to procure the sum that he had hoped for, and the loss that would be occasioned by breaking it up into pieces, so that the price had been reduced to 2,000,000 francs, including the scraps that would come from the cutting. The bargain was concluded in this way. The interest of 2,000,000 francs was paid until the whole amount could be raised, and in the meantime 2,000,000 francs in precious stones was hypotheated."

In the celebrated robbery at the Garde Meuble, in 1792, this stone was stolen and concealed behind a roof timber of a barn. As a result of a proclamation it was recovered by a municipal officer named Sergeant.

The Regent was the most beautiful jewel in the coronation crown of King Louis XV. Later, it was held by Vanlerberghe, a banker, as a pledge for his advances. A historian of the times states that the wife of the banker took the opportunity of wearing it while it was in her husband's possession.

The First Consul in his turn pledged the Regent to the Batavian Government to procure the funds which were lacking after the 18th Brumaire. Later he ornamented his Austerlitz sword with the celebrated diamond, which, in the words of Vautout, might well have dispensed with the ornament.

The Boss—"So you are looking for a job, eh? What can you do?" The Applicant—"Nothing in particular; but work is not so much an object as good wages."

march up from Mentim; but no found the Chinese on the lookout for him, Gand was rather severely handled.

When the triumphal march through the Forbidden City took place, on August 28th, 1900, General Linevitch, having previously agreed with other generals that no war correspondents were to accompany the forces, gave them permission to do so, after they had, in accordance with his own instructions, been refused permission by the staff of their own country's forces. This act gave rise to much unmerited complaint against the other generals in command.

A COLOSSAL LIE.

A memorable incident took place about this time. At a conference of the allied generals General Linevitch stated that he had 18,000 men in and around Pekin, whereupon General Chaffee, the commander of the American forces, slapped the table with his fist and said, "That's a colossal lie, anyhow." This was interpreted to Linevitch, who knows no language other than his own, but he merely said, "Da-da-da-da."

When the Summer Palace was occupied General Linevitch and the Superintendent of the Russian Red Cross Society (specially deputed by the Czar) stripped it of practically everything worth taking, and shortly afterwards Linevitch complained to everybody that he feared that he was a ruined man, because there was some talk of levying customs duties at Port Arthur on the loot that he had shipped. This he complained, if exacted, would amount to so immense a sum that he would be hopelessly bankrupt.

NEARLY 70 YEARS OLD.

General Linevitch is anything but a young man. He is, indeed, nearly seventy years of age, Kuropatkin being his junior by ten years. He began his soldier's life in the Crimean War, and was conspicuous by his services in the Turkish war twenty years later. Once during that campaign he distinguished himself greatly, in spite of severe wounds, by forcing the Turks to retire from a strong position. Linevitch served, too, in the Caucasus, and it was he who first led the Russian army into Manchuria. He raised the first battalions of Siberian sharpshooters, the nucleus of the Siberian Army Corps, and had command of the Russian troops at the relief of the Legation in China. It was from Linevitch that the Czar received a telegram, saying that his troops were the first to enter Pekin, and one of the general's most precious possessions is a message from his Sovereign, congratulating him upon the "rapid occupation" of Pekin and conferring upon him the Order of St. George. It is thought that the jealousies of the Russian generals, which have been the curse of Russia since the war began, have been specially marked between Kuropatkin and his successor.

A GOOD HUSBAND.

In one way the general is a rare avis, so far as Russia is concerned. He is a good husband, and father; a temperate man, a plucky but probably by no means a great general. Unless assisted by a most able staff he would have little chance of beating the Japanese. As for the Japanese, they will be delighted to beat him, because he treated them with so much contempt in 1900, and invariably said that any debatable matter would be settled by the European generals, as though the Japanese were not civilized. He is beloved, it is true, by his men—that is the troops from Eastern Siberia. The troops from West Siberia and from European Russia as a general thing know comparatively little about him.

The Hot Lakes District of New Zealand includes seven lakes ranging in area from thirty-one to three square miles, besides many of smaller size.

Col. Gough Says British Cavalry Is Weak.

The latest severe critic of the army is Lieutenant-Colonel R. de la P. Gough, of the British army. In the case of Col. Gough it is the cavalry which is criticized. Col. Gough says that the cavalry is the greatest, strategical arm, and one of the most essential parts of an army, and as such it is the special instrument in the hands of the chief of the whole force. Col. Gough said that one of the most serious dangers which would beset the army in the next great campaign undertaken would be the appalling weakness in the cavalry. He said that the army required from eight to ten more cavalry regiments. Another important matter which demanded the careful consideration of the chiefs of armies and their headquarters staff was the economical employment of cavalry, which should be used only when there was some useful object it could fulfill.

Col. Gough is in receipt of an interesting letter from Lord Roberts. In this letter Lord Roberts says:

"There was, I believe, an idea at one time that the introduction of long range weapons would render cavalry less useful in war formerly, whereas the fact is that the duties which will devolve on cavalry in the future will be even more important than in the past. It will be more difficult to obtain information of the enemy's movements, which, as you say, is the main role of cavalry; greater distances will have to be traversed, requiring horses to be more carefully looked after; and all ranks must be more carefully trained. Armed with a modern rifle cavalry has an independence hitherto unknown. As you remark, 'it possesses the power of defence or of attack on foot, without in the least degree losing any of its offensive value when mounted. I agree with what you urge about a greater proportion of cavalry being required than in the past, its economical employment, and the necessity for an intimate knowledge on the part of commanders of the proper use to make of their cavalry.'"

GAVE UP JOKING.

The following amusing story is told by a man who attempted to play a practical joke, but was thwarted in a very unexpected way. He says:—

"I am very particular about fastening the doors and windows of my house. I do not intend to leave them open at night as an invitation to burglars to enter. You see, I was robbed by doing that, and I never mean to be again; so when I go to bed I like to be sure that every door and window is securely fastened."

"Last winter my wife engaged a strapping young country girl, and the new-comer was very careless about the doors at night. On one or two occasions I came downstairs to find a window up or the back door unlocked. I cautioned her, but it did no good. I therefore determined to frighten her."

"I put on false whiskers, and one night, about eleven o'clock, I crept down the back stairs to the kitchen, where she was. She had turned down the gas, and was in her chair by the fire sound asleep, as I could tell by her breathing; but the moment I struck a match she awoke. I expected a great yelling and screaming, but nothing of the sort took place."

"She bounced out of her seat with a 'You villain!' on her lips, seized a chair by the back, and, before I had made a move, she hit me over the head, forcing me to my knees. I tried to get up, tried to explain who I was, but in vain. Before I could get out of the room she struck me again; and it was only after I had tumbled up the back stairs that she gave the alarm. Then she came up to my room, rapped at the door, and coolly announced: 'Mr. Dash, please get up! I've killed a burglar!'"

FEATS OF WOMEN SPIES

THE STRANGE STORY OF VERA SASSULITCH.

Faked Attempt to Kill Gen. Trepoff, Then Joined the Nihilists.

Russian history during the last twenty or thirty years would not have been what it has been if there had been no Vera Sassulitch, of whom nothing is heard in these days. When the famous General Trepoff was only at the beginning of his career she was his invaluable assistant.

Trepoff was the detested enemy of the Nihilists, and he was very anxious to obtain inside information as to their doings and their plans. Suddenly, one day in 1878, he was fired at whilst driving through the streets of St. Petersburg by no other than Vera Sassulitch. She was at once seized by the soldiery, and was charged with the attempted murder of Trepoff, being tried in the ordinary manner; but, to the amazement of the public, she was acquitted!

On her release the Nihilists gathered about her, desiring to admit such a friend of the people to their closest acquaintance. In this way she was admitted to all their private circles and was made acquainted with their secrets. These she at once communicated to the Russian Government. The truth was that the whole business, including the attempt on his life, was faked by Trepoff himself, and it was simply

A CLEVER RUSE

to get from the Nihilists what could not be got in any other way. Thereafter Vera Sassulitch played the part of Government spy on innumerable occasions.

There succeeded her as the Czar's chief spy one Emma Bellomo, who became the Countess della Torre. She was a woman of great mental ability and boundless ambition, and when her husband died she offered her services as special secret agent to the Czar, and soon became indispensable to the Russian Court. Whenever a document had to be secured she secured it, and she allowed nothing, not even a life, to stand in her way. By one remarkable and dramatic coup early in her career she obtained the unbounded confidence of the Czar. Information had been received by the Russian Secret Police that a plot against the monarch was being hatched conjointly in Rome and Paris. It was suspected that the plot was to be carried out through the instrumentality of a high official of the Czar's household, but all efforts to identify him failed.

Thereupon this woman spy was put on the scent, and she at once went to Rome, where she ingratiated herself with the Nihilists, and at last found out the name she wanted. She returned in haste to St. Petersburg and informed the Czar of what she had discovered; but he refused to believe her, as the man named was one of his closest attendants and most intimate friends. "Then," exclaimed the countess, "I must go to your Majesty that what I say is true. In half an hour I must crave permission to see you again." When she left the Czar she at once sought out the officer in question, and handed over to him

A PACKAGE OF PAPERS.

impressing upon him that on no account must he allow them to leave his person. "Keep them with you," she said. "On your noble person they are safe; in my hiding-place they may be found." Her fascinations were too much for the officer, and he agreed. She then returned to the Czar and at once said to him: "I beg that your Majesty will now at

"PAUPER BARONET" DEAD.

The Termination of a Singular Romance.

The death of Sir William brings a singular romance to an end. Succeeding his father in the baronetcy in 1879, when he was thirty years of age, the late baronet, who was born at Bothamsall, Notts, and educated at Haileybury, experienced a series of vicissitudes which resulted in his being admitted a patient at the Jubilee Hospital, Woodford, and his transference, in October, 1902, from that institution to the West Ham workhouse. He was ill, and was placed in the infirmary. Previously he had resided at Leytonstone, where he lived on a small annuity which was said to have ceased upon the death of a brother, General Macgregor.

That a baronet was an inmate of a work-house soon became known, and Sir William received dozens of letters from sympathizers, and many offers of marriage from ladies whose hearts had been touched by his misfortunes. A west-end matrimonial agency opened communication with him, and the head of the concern had an interview with the baronet. He was told that a wealthy American was willing to pay £25,000 for the privilege of marrying a titled Englishman. Ultimately an agreement was prepared by solicitors, in which it was stipulated that Sir William was to receive £5,000 in cash on the wedding-day. But this arrangement fell through because the lady looked for a duke, and would accept no one with an inferior title.

Soon after this disappointment a lady called at the workhouse, induced him to take his discharge, and to travel with her to Bristol. She was the deputy of her sister, who had become interested in the strange story. He met this lady, and they had a long conversation. After it, preparations were made, it is said, for their marriage, and Sir William spoke of the change of his prospects to his friends. But a hitch occurred: again the baronet was disappointed. However, Fortune had not deserted him. The lady who had acted as deputy renewed acquaintance with him, and on April 5, 1903, she married him. She was Miss Alice Gulliver, fourth daughter of the late Captain Gulliver, R.N. They were married at the Southmead registry office, and after the ceremony went to live at Clifton.

Sir William was the son of the Rev. Charles Macgregor, at one time vicar of Dwallow, Lincs, and a minor canon at Bristol Cathedral. The first baronet, Sir Patrick, an Inverness doctor, who subsequently became Sergeant-Surgeon to George IV., received the title in 1828.

MEMS. FOR MILLIONAIRES.

And Little Things For Those Who Are Not.

The shortest road to riches lies through contempt of riches.—Seneca. If you be poor, do not seem poor, if you would avoid insult as well as suffering.—Goldsmith.

Every man is rich or poor according to the proportion between his desires and enjoyments.—Dr. Johnson.

Did not the possession of riches sometimes draw away our hearts, the loss of riches would not break our hearts.—W. Secker.

Some have been so wedded to their riches, that they have used all the means they could to take them with them.—Grey.

There is no being so poor and contemptible who does not think there is somebody still poorer and still more contemptible.—Dr. Johnson.

Upon the best observation I could ever make, I am induced to believe that it is much easier to be contented without riches than with them.—Mrs. Wesley.

Riches consist not in the greatness of your possessions, but in the small-

THE RUSSIAN WORKMAN

HIS TRAITS, HIS FOOD AND HIS HOME.

Superstitious and a Fatalist, But He Is Not a Hard Worker.

The Russian workman 43 years ago was a mere slave—could be bought and sold like a beast. Alexander II. freed him, and we must now see what freedom has done for him writes a correspondent.

He is, above all things, pious. His religious fervour astonishes one. He is horribly afraid of the vengeance of the saints, and for this reason the Russian calendar has never been altered—they still count old style.

He is a believer in fairies, always malignant spirits to be guarded against, but who may be coaxed in to good humor by little gifts. He is extremely afraid of "The Evil Eye," and many and weird are the charms practiced with the object of averting it.

He will never sleep in the dark, nor will he live alone. He is nervous, superstitious, ignorant, but withal kindly, hospitable, generous. But he is idle. He will rarely work five days in the week, and he cannot be depended upon.

Employers will understand that when they learn that hiring is done from day to day.

THE WILL OF GOD.

I was at one time in Moscow. Thaw had set in, and gangs of working men were clearing the streets of frozen snow.

When the clock struck noon they threw down their tools in the middle of the street, lay down beside them, and went to sleep!

Greatly surprised, I turned to a Russian friend and said, "Can that be allowed? Those men will be killed by the passing vehicles."

She merely shrugged her shoulders and said, "Even so; it is the will of God."

They are such fatalists. "The will of God" is always their cry.

Mistresses have the right of administering corporal punishment on their handmaidens, but may be fined as much as five roubles (about ten shillings) should the girl complain to the police.

Such a little episode as this does not necessarily terminate the engagement. Although the right exists it is very seldom practiced, for Russian girls of that class are, as a rule, very amiable and good-tempered, although idle in the extreme, and the mistresses understand them and are forbearing towards them.

In the Russian palaces no manservant does duty for more than a week at a time; he then goes off duty for another week.

ENOUGH TO EAT.

Though wages may seem low to our minds, the Russian working man is not so poor as many people think. Their standard of comfort is low. Provisions may be obtained at a very low rate in the open market, and the Russians are very sharp bargainers.

Meat may be had for 12 kopees—about 6 cents—a pound of 14½ oz., black bread at half a cent and white from a cent. The Russian peasant lives largely on what is called "kasha," semolina, rye, barley, boiled with milk. Cabbage soup is also largely eaten. In winter this is made of salted cabbage. He is also a fish eater, and fish is cheap and plentiful throughout Russia. He lives, generally speaking, in a corner of cellar. A miserable habitation, likely to be inundated at any time, for floods are frequent in St. Petersburg.

In the floors above him live counts, barons and princes, and their wives and daughters. Dressmakers and milliners may live above them, for the flat system prevails in Russia, and

MAILING CARDS FOR JAPS

THEY ARE ALL WELL PRINTED AND ATTRACTIVE.

And Include War Scenes, Advertising Cards and Nature Pictures.

Perhaps in no other country are private mailing cards produced in greater variety than in Japan, and it is probable that in no other country are there now produced mailing cards so novel in character and so beautiful.

Japan itself, of course, contributes largely to this result, and then the Japanese put on mailing cards pictures of many things that are not used as subjects for such illustration on the mailing cards of other lands. They make cards with pictures of buildings and of localities, just such as are made everywhere, but they make also many cards with pictures printed on them apparently simply for beauty's sake, cards with pictures of scenes from nature, or of flowers, and many cards with pictures of subjects simple or quaint.

Some among these various pictures are reproductions of pictures by Japanese artists. These Japanese mailing cards are many of them printed with their pictures on a background of gold or of silver, and many of them are beautifully printed.

In the printing of all these beautiful cards business is not forgotten. Here, for instance, is a series of mailing cards made for a great

SILK STORE IN TOKIO,

the pictures on them illustrating various features of this establishment, the descriptive titles on the various cards, as is true also of many mailing cards of all sorts made in Japan, being printed in Japanese characters and also in English. This series of cards gives views of the store outside and in.

One card has a picture of one of the store's show rooms. Another gives a picture of its mail order department, on another is an illustration of the drawing room of the establishment, while on still another is a picture of one feature of the store that would be counted novel in any store, in this country, at least, this picture being described in the English title on the card as "a garden with water fountain and some pairs of mandarin ducks."

Another picture in this series shows the store from the outside as it appears illuminated at night, and yet another shows one of the store's automobile delivery wagons on the road.

Among the many quaint and curious Japanese mailing cards is one that has for an illustration a picture of a boy riding on a dog. Here is a mailing card with a picture of cats on it. Another has a picture of a characteristically solemn owl perched on the branch of a tree, the owl appearing in the center of a disk of black for a background.

Of pictures of flowers on mailing cards there are many, and there are many cards bearing pictures of birds. Here, for instance, is a card with a picture of a flock of ducks flying low along an ocean beach, the birds well in the foreground, and so showing large in the picture.

The ducks are most ducklike and most vigorous and strenuous in flight, and the shore and the sea most realistic; a very striking picture. Odd sort of picture, though, to put on the back of a private mailing card? Surely, but most interesting, for all that.

Here are cards with pictures of men on horseback and cards with pictures of women on horseback. Here is a card with a picture of

A PRETTY LITTLE CHILD

with upturned face holding up over her head a hoop. There are many pictures of snow scenes and there are many cards with pictures of

his person. "Keep them with you," she said. "On your noble person they are safe; in my hiding-place they may be found." Her fascinations were too much for the officer, and he agreed. She then returned to the Czar and at once said to him: "I beg that your Majesty will now at once summon this gentleman to your presence, and that you observe closely the count's deportment and features when he sees me at your side." A few minutes later the officer entered the apartment, and when he saw the countess with the Czar he realized the state of affairs and turned pale with terror.

"It is as I informed your Majesty," said the countess. "If you will search him you will find the proof." It was found in one of his riding-boots. The Czar ordered that he should be exiled to Siberia for life, but there was a general impression that he was murdered in his cell.

AS TO PRECIOUS STONES.

Only Six Come Under That Head— —Different Varieties.

"There are only six precious stones," said Mr. Streeter, the well-known London dealer, "the diamond, emerald, ruby, sapphire, opal and cat's-eye. The sapphire is really only a blue ruby, and though it possesses a special title it has no right to it. The rest are semi-precious. Pearls, of course, rank with precious stones, though they are not stones, even if precious."

Most people will be surprised to hear how high the cat's-eye ranks, but then they will be surprised to find how wide is the range of semi-precious stones.

You can buy a carbuncle as large as your little finger-nail for 1s., an amethyst of the same size for 5s., and thence upward, through all sorts of unheard-of stones, to the topaz at £1.

But the precious stones themselves rank only as semi-precious stones at times. For instance, here is a sapphire 7 inches across, which only ranks as a semi-precious stone because it is not properly crystalized, and cannot be cut—and a ruby as big as the back of your hand. If they were the real thing they would be worth untold gold.

Another thing which Mr. Streeter pointed out was that it was no use trying to say what stones a jewel was by its color. All jewels are all colors.

Then, too, a jewel may be black just as well as colored. A black opal is far more beautiful than a white one.

This had led to a great deal of trickery, and numbers of people are going about wearing stones which are not at all what they imagine. There is one well-known member of the British aristocracy who fondly imagined that her rubies were worth about £30,000 till she showed them to Mr. Streeter, and fainted in the shop on hearing that they were not rubies at all.

"The real test of precious stones," as Mr. Streeter quaintly put it, "is that they scratch each other all the way down the list." The diamond scratches the emerald, and the emerald scratches the ruby and sapphire, and so down to the semi-precious stones—jaggoons, olivines, hiddenites, zircons, and innumerable others.

But the semi-precious stone is having its day just now. The present taste for "art-nouveau" jewellery is the cause. People are beginning to buy jewellery for its beauty quite as much as for its value.

A man who had incurred a sentence of penal servitude for forgery referred to the period, when addressing anyone ignorant of his incarceration, as "his seven years' study of monasticism at the request of his Sovereign!"

is somebody still poorer and still more contemptible.—Dr. Johnson.

Upon the best observation I could ever make, I am induced to believe that it is much easier to be contented without riches than with them.—Mrs. Wesley.

Riches consist not in the greatness of your possessions, but in the smallness of your wants.—Brotherton.

Worldly riches are like nuts; many clothes are torn in getting them, many a tooth broken in cracking them, but never a nature satisfied with eating them.—Venning.

Thrice happy they—the wise, contented poor—

From lust of wealth and dread of death secure!

They tempt no deserts, and no griefs they find;

Peace rules the day where reason rules the mind.

—Collins.

That man is to be accounted poor—of whatever rank he be—and suffers the pains of poverty, whose expenses exceed his resources; and no man is, properly speaking, poor but he.—Ada Paley.

Of riches, as of everything else, the hope is more than the enjoyment; while we consider them as the means to be used at some future time for the attainment of felicity, ardor after them secures us from weariness of ourselves, but no sooner do we sit down to enjoy our acquisitions than we find them insufficient to fill up the vacuities of life.

The nets which we use against the poor are just those worldly embarrassments which either their ignorance or their improvidence are almost certain at some time or other to bring them into; then, just at the time when we ought to hasten to help them, and teach them how to manage better in future, we rush forward to pillage them, and force all we can out of them in their adversity. For, to take one instance only, remember this is literally and simply what we do whenever we buy, or try to buy, cheap goods—goods offered at a price which we cannot be remunerative for the labor involved in them. Whenever we buy such goods we are stealing somebody's labor.—Ruskin.

THE LORD IS KING.

The Lord is king, His throne is set
Among the stars that gleam
Above this whirling ball and yet
He mindeth where we dream
And watcheth where His children go
In earthly pathways to and fro.

The Lord is King, He rules in state
Behind the veil of stars
The worlds that wander vast and great

Beyond these finite bars.
And yet He notes the sparrow's fall
And hearkens to the faintest call.

The Lord is king, He reigns on high,
On every wind that blows
He sends a message floating by
In perfumes of the rose
To tell all earth how great the love
He showers on us from above.

The Lord is king of land and sea,
Of stars and moon and sun.
Of all that vast immensity
Through which the planets run.
And yet He tints the summer rose
And watches where the daisy grows.

CREW OF SKELETONS.

A gruesome maritime discovery is reported by the Chilian Times, Valparaiso, which may clear up a mystery of a missing British ship. This journal reports that an expedition, which has proceeded to the Island of Guafu, off the South American coast, discovered on the shore the hull of a ship with a number of skeletons and many boxes of cargo. One of the spars of the ship bore the inscription, "Castleton, Newport." This is probably one of the fleet of Messrs. T. Benyon & Co., which trades between the Bristol Channel and the west coast of South America. She left Port Talbot early in April, and had not since been heard of.

likely to be inundated at any time, for floods are frequent in St. Petersburg.

In the floors above him live counts, barons and princes, and their wives and daughters. Dressmakers and milliners may live above them, for the flat system prevails in Russia, and great nobles will cheerfully let out part of their houses.

ILLITERATE PEOPLE.

Should the children in the cellars die, or the wives get crippled with rheumatism, the father says with great submission, "It is the will of God."

Very few working men or women are able to read. Education is backward, though improving, and there are few children now who do not attend school. But we must wait a little for results.

Largely owing to their unsanitary habits, the population increases very slowly, for the children die off. All over Russia from 35 to 40 per cent. of infants perish. The Government are trying to combat this terrible evil, but the people are so conservative that they have a difficult task.

THE APPROACH TO LHASSA.

A member of the Younghusband expedition to Tibet describes the approach to Lhasa: "Between and over the glades and woodlands the city of Lhasa itself peeps, an adobe stretch of narrow streets and flat-topped houses, crowned here and there with a blaze of golden roofs or gilded cupolas. But there is no time to look at this. A man can have no eye for anything but the huge upstanding mass of the Potala Palace to the left. It draws the eye of the mind like a loadstone, for, indeed, sheer bulk and magnificent audacity could do no more in architecture than they have done in this huge palace temple of the grand lama. Simplicity has wrought a marvel in stone nine hundred feet in length and towering seventy feet higher than the golden cross of St. Paul's Cathedral."

BIRD TYRANTS.

Not many years ago a few pairs of English starlings were imported into Australia as allies to the farmers in the war on destructive insects. Now the birds have increased to millions, and have become themselves a pest. Other useful birds, such as kingfishers, diamond-birds, tree-swallows and tree-creepers, are driven from their nests by swarms of starlings, which devour fruit so voraciously that some of the farmers declare that they will be compelled to abandon fruit-growing unless the starlings can be destroyed. The Royal Agricultural Society of Victoria and other similar associations are uniting in a request to the government to abate the nuisance.

SPINNING BY ELECTRICITY.

The manufacturers of Lancashire, England, are greatly interested in a new spinning-mill, of 84,000 spindles which is to be both lighted and operated entirely by electricity. The current is taken from the mains of a power company. This is the first establishment of the kind in England.

A GIANT PERCH.

A sea-perch nearly 7½ feet long and weighing 460 pounds was caught last winter in the River Hooghly, India. The condition of its scales indicated that the fish was very old. The largest Indian sea-perch previously captured, as far as the records show, was taken in 1786. It was 7 feet in length, and weighed about 300 pounds.

"Talking about inventions," said the business man, "I have a little machine in my place that would make me a millionaire if I could only keep it going all the time." "You don't say so! What is it?" "A cash register."

men on horseback and carus with pictures of women on horseback. Here is a card with a picture of

A PRETTY LITTLE CHILD

with upturned face holding up over her head a hoop. There are many pictures of snow scenes and there are many cards with pictures of cherry blossoms, pictures of groves or orchards of cherry trees in bloom, these most beautifully and delicately colored.

Coming back to city scenes, here is a card with a picture that would be striking for its contrasts if for no other reason a picture showing in the background buildings of Oriental architecture, while in the foreground rolling along in front, are trolley cars and men riding on bicycles, modern. Another card has a picture of trolley cars wonderfully illuminated with ropes of electric lights, as the cars appeared on the occasion of some celebration. Among pictures of many buildings of modern construction in Japan printed on mailing cards is one, for instance, of the Women's University in Tokio.

As might, perhaps, be expected, there are just now to be found on Japanese mailing cards many pictures of war subjects. These include pictures of soldiers and of armies in review and pictures of warships and of fleets of warships.

Here on one card is a picture of a naval party in boats looking up submarine mines; another card has a picture of Russian wounded soldiers; still another shows the imperial Princesses making bandages; yet another has a picture of the field funerals in behalf of the Russian dead; here is one with a picture of a blockading party off Port Arthur, and so on.

In short, the Japanese mailing cards are something more than souvenir cards.

FAMOUS SLAVE RAIDER.

Death of the Arab Chieftain, Tippoo Tib, Stanley's Friend.

A telegram from Zanzibar announces the death of Hamed bin Mohammed, better known by the nickname of Tippoo Tib, the notorious Arab slave trader of the Upper Congo.

More than thirty years ago the name of Tippoo Tib first reached the ears of Europe through the famous explorer Livingstone.

It was in the early months of 1867 that Livingstone, while travelling in the Tanganyika Lake region, first made the acquaintance of the great slave raider, who rendered him considerable assistance. Eventually, however, the cruelties of the Arab followers forced the famous missionary to part company from him.

When Stanley started on his quest of Emin Pasha in 1887, he met Tippoo Tib at Zanzibar, and had a conference with him. The Arab chief agreed to furnish 600 porters for the transport of the ivory collected by Emin in the Equatorial stations for the Egyptian Government.

This even had a tragic sequel. Major Barttelot, who commanded a separate column of the expedition, was shot dead in August, 1888, by one of Tippoo's people—"a victim of his perverseness," as Stanley put it.

Emin Pasha found it necessary to come to terms with the famous Arab, who for long exercised immense influence throughout Central Africa. In fact so great was his power that King Leopold, on the advice of Stanley, made him Governor of the Falls district, of the Congo Free State.

With the extension of Belgian dominion, however, the Arabs became restive, and finally rose in battle against the Free State troops. They were thoroughly defeated, however, and their power broken.

Tippoo Tib was exiled in Zanzibar, where he had lived for many years past practically as a prisoner.

"What is Johnson's business?" "I think he is a bookkeeper; at least, he never brought back the one he borrowed from me last summer."

To Make Pure

Biscuit, cake, rolls, muffins, dumplings, etc., a pure leavening agent is indispensable.

While the Royal Baking Powder is reported absolutely pure and healthful, the official reports show most other baking powders, as well as the cream of tartar of the market depended upon by many housekeepers for raising biscuit and cake, to contain either alum, ammonia or sulphuric acid.

The Government Analyst of Ontario says:

"As a result of my investigation, I find the Royal Baking Powder far superior to the others. It is pure, contains none but wholesome ingredients, and is of greatest strength."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Swells of Ancient Egypt.

From what has come down to us, written, painted or chiseled, the Egyptian had must have been a great swell. The details of the twentieth dynasty show Egyptian elegance at its best. The first had a pure housekeeper, his maître d'hôtel, called "superintendent of the provision house." There was a "superintendent of the baking house," and the master of drinks had the title of "scribe of the sideboard." Perhaps he was a butler and regulated the supply of wines from the cellar. There were physicians, porters and handicraft men, all busy in attending to the master. "A preparator of sweets" must have been a confectioner. The Egyptian when he was no longer mortal had hopes of being well-fed in the hereafter, as he believed he would be nourished in his particular heaven with abundant beer and beef. Offerings to gods show the variety of the Egyptian menu and in one are included ten kinds of cookery meat, five kinds of bread and cakes, sixteen varieties of bread and cakes, six assorted wines, four brews of beer, eleven sorts of fruits and a considerable number of sweet things.

Flowers in Northern Russia.

An English traveler in northern Russia writes in the *Geographer's Chronicle* that nothing was sold him more than the universal presence of well-grown flowering plants in dwelling rooms. Even in the most of monasteries and in the places of study photographers far their northward. At Archangel he found such plants as geraniums, crocuses, peonies, and carnations in almost every room. In the window, as necessary to keep out the cold, have a draft of air between them, filled with the warm air, and it does not seem necessary to open them for air.

during the short hot summer. From September to June the country is buried in snow and shut in by ice. The average temperature for January is only 10 degrees. The July temperature, however, has an average of 60 degrees F., which is hardly to be wondered at when it is remembered that the sun shines twenty-two hours out of the twenty-four.

Lost the Prize.

James Crossley, a noted English bibliophile, hid him one memorable day to a bookstall in Finsbury market and, spying a little volume, took it up and glanced carelessly through it. After awhile he asked its price from an old woman and was told it was two and sixpence. "I'll give you sixpence for it," said Crossley. "Nay," replied the poor old dame; "it cost me 2 shillings." Whereupon our book devourer threw it down in disgust and retired. A gentleman, overhearing the altercation, stepped forward and purchased it at the sum demanded. Crossley returned soon after and, noticing the book had gone, anxiously inquired what had become of it. "Sold," answered the woman, "for what you refused to give." "Tell me who bought it, and I'll give him 10 shillings for it," said Crossley eagerly. The moral is self-evident.

A Ray of Light.

The straightest thing in nature or art is a ray of light when passing through a medium of uniform density. Hence the eye is enabled to test the straightness of an edge or tube by holding it as nearly as possible coincident with a ray of light, such parts as depart from straightness then intercepting a ray and casting a shade to be observed from the side. It is not known at what early period in the history of

mankind the discovery was made that straightness could be thus determined. It is certain that thousands of mechanics use the method daily without being able to give a rational explanation of it.

A Japanese Test.

In Japan it appears that one factor entering into the choice of a daughter-in-law is her skill in raising silkworms. There is more to this than appears on the surface of the statement, for it seems that the thread spun by a silkworm is regular and even in proportion, as the worm has been regularly and carefully fed. The prospective mother-in-law carefully and minutely examines the garments of the aspiring bride, judging of her qualifications by their condition.

The Man Who Never Kicks.

There are some people who through slowness, indifference or sheer terror of their fellows go through life suffering many unpleasant things without protest. They dislike "fuss" or they are too careless or happy-go-lucky to assert themselves; hence they come off badly everywhere. These are the men who always get the uncooked chops and the tough cuts off the joint.—London Saturday Review.

An Altered Case.

Ascum—Have you seen anything of Jiggins lately? Doctor—Yes. I prescribed a trip to Europe for him only this morning. Ascum—Indeed! He's getting wealthy, isn't he? Doctor—Well, I can remember when I used to prescribe for him simply a dose of sodium bromide for the same complaint.

A Prudent Suggestion.

"Many people have suffered embarrassment because of their social aspirations."

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne. "Before you insist on getting into the swim you want to make quite sure you are a swimmer."

Improving.

"Is your son improving much with the violin?"

"Oh, yes! We can now tell whether he's tuning or playing!"

He travels safe and not unpleasantly who is guarded by poverty and guided by love.—Sidney.

The Lot's Advantages.

Advertising Expert—I've written the praises of all these lots but one. I'm afraid you can't sell that one. Real Estate Agent—What's the matter with it? Expert—Why, it's on an almost perpendicular hillside. Agent—Call attention to its wonderful drainage facilities.

The Dead of the Sea.

An inquisitive Frenchman has thought it worth while to ask what becomes of the bodies after death of the numberless fish and other living creatures that fill the sea. Of course they all die, sooner or later, and yet it is an occurrence so rare as to be practically unknown for anybody who lives beside or on the ocean to come across the "remains" of even a single victim of the fate that awaits all things mortal. In the profounder depths putrefaction cannot take place, so if the dead fish once reaches those calm, chill abysses he would be preserved until the end of time. Probably, however, no such peaceful repose awaits more than an infinitesimally small proportion of the funny folk, and no great accumulation of lifeless bodies exists at the bottom of the sea. The living eat the dead before they can make the long, slow journey downward. As a matter of

Cooling off.

The man who would sit on a cake of ice to cool off would be considered crazy. Yet it is a very common thing for a person heated by exercise to stand in a cool draught, just to cool off. This is the beginning of many a cough which ultimately involves the bronchial tract and the lungs.

For coughs in any stage there is no remedy so valuable as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures deep-seated, obstinate coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs, and like conditions which if neglected or unsuitably treated terminate in consumption. There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics. Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good."



"I took a severe cold which settled in the bronchial tubes," writes Rev. Frank Hay, of Nortonville, Jefferson Co., Kansas. "After trying medicines labeled 'Sure Cure,' almost without number, I was led to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took two bottles and was cured, and have stayed cured."

"When I think of the great pain I had to endure, and the terrible cough I had, it seems almost a miracle that I was so soon relieved."

"That God may spare you many years and abundantly bless you is the prayer of your grateful friend."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 pages, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for it in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In Their Order of Importance.

"What did you discuss at your literary club this afternoon, dear?" asked the husband in the evening.

"Let me see," murmured his wife.

"Oh, yes, I remember now. Why, we discussed that woman who recently moved into the house across the street and Longfellow."

Easy.

Old Lady (watching a football match)—I canna' unnerstan' that footba'. Her Son—Well, you see, each side is trying to kick the ball between those posts at either end of the field. Old Lady—Weel, that wudna be hard tae dae if they'd a' get oot o' the road.

Wonder if This Is So?

If you put two persons in the same bedroom, one of whom has the toothache and the other is in love, you will find that the person who has the toothache will go to sleep first. Isn't it curious?

At the Wrong Time.

"You say your playing created a great deal of talk?" said the friend.

"Yes," answered the pianist, "but unfortunately it was mostly during my performance."

Ever notice how much time the other fellow can spare from his business to tell you how to run yours?

ITS CURED

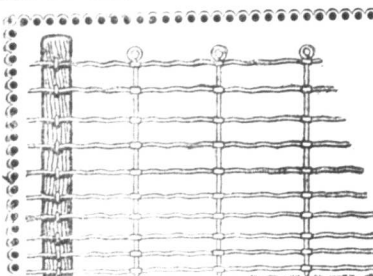
If you, your friends or relatives suffer with

Frost Wire Fence

Has no equal as General Purpose Farm Fence

It will turn Stock without injury—beautify the Farm—does not need constant patching and with reasonable usage will last a life-time. Booklet and full particulars given on request.

FOR SALE BY



and with reasonable usage will last a life-time. Booklet and full particulars given on request.

FOR SALE BY

FLETCHER G. YOUNG, Sandhurst
JAS. W. O'SULLIVAN, Lonsdale

WALTER RUSSELL, Selby
FRED. PERRY, Chambers

DR. HENNEQUIN'S INFANT TABLETS

REGISTERED

"Please hurry along Hennequin's Infant Tablets, as we cannot get along without them."

M. E. PARKS, Keene, Ont.

"I believe Hennequin's Infant Tablets to be the best medicine for babies teething and troubled with worms. They should be tried by all mothers. They are just lovely."

MRS. GEO. A. SMITH, Hazelton, Quebec.

"After 14 years experience in treating infantile ailments in our home, we have found Hennequin's Infant Tablets superior to any other remedy we have tried."

W. C. WEIR, Pastor Baptist Church, Carleton Place.

They solve the problem, and where used produce healthy children, placing them in a condition of attaining the highest conception of perfect manhood and womanhood. Hennequin's Infant Tablets are based on scientific facts, and is the only Dr. Hennequin preparation offered to the public. Positively no drug taste—perfectly safe. The genuine Tablet is stamped with the letter "H." Beware of imitations. Price 25c per package. 5 packages for \$1—postpaid to any address. Send us \$1 for 5 boxes and if, after using part or all of one box, you wish your dollar back, you can have it by mailing us the remaining four boxes. We cannot be responsible for money unless sent by E. C. Order, Money Order, or Registered Letter.

DOUGLAS & CO., Napanee, Ont., Can. Wholesale Agents for Canada.

linny folk, and to great accumulation of lifeless bodies exists at the bottom of the sea. The living eat the dead before they can make the long, slow journey downward. As a matter of fact, extremely few fish, and perhaps none, ever meet what is known as a "natural death." Almost always they are slain and devoured and so put definitely out of the way.

First Recorded Yacht Race.

A race across the Atlantic ocean would have seemed a wild romance to King Charles II. when he took a leading part in the first recorded yacht race. "I sailed this morning," says Evelyn on Oct. 1, 1661, "with his majesty in one of his yachts, or pleasure boats, vessels not known among us till the Dutch East India company presented that curious piece to the king, being very excellent sailing vessels. It was on a wager between his other new pleasure boat, built frigate-like, and one of the Duke of York's; the wager, £100; the race from Greenwich to Gravesend and back. The king lost it going, the wind being contrary, but saved stakes in returning. There were dukes, noble persons and lords on board, his majesty sometimes steering himself." "Yacht," a word now to English land in 1660, is Dutch, from "jagten," to hunt, to speed, connected with our "go."—London Chronicle.

Edible Birds' Nest.

The nests eaten by eastern people are made by birds of the swift tribe, which are remarkable for the character of their salivary. This, being extremely sticky, quickly gets into a substance resembling gelatin, at which their edible nests are made. In shape these resemble half a saucer and, are usually to be found in caves, attached to rocks. They have no particular taste, but serve as a basis for thick, clear soup, to which various flavorings may be added at pleasure.

Spiders as Medicine.

Formic acid has been used for a long time by the Matabele natives in Africa as a cure for malaria and ague. It is taken by them in the form of spiders. These insects contain a large proportion of formic acid. A traveler in Africa says that a meal of two of spiders cured him permanently of an attack of ague.

A Worse Stage.

Mrs. Crawford—Now that the honey-moon is over, I suppose you find your husband less agreeable than when he was first married. Mrs. Chubb—He has reached a worse stage than that, my dear. He has grown economical with his money.

An Endless Chain.

"A soft answer," remarked the party of the first part, "turneth away wrath." "True enough," responded the party of the second part, "but wrath also turneth away a soft answer."

Between Friends.

Gladys—Jerrold is saying all round that you are worth your weight in gold. Ethel—The foolish boy! Who is he saying it to? Gladys—His creditors, dear.

Not There Yet.

Claude—Don't you think my mustache is becoming? Maude—Well, it may be coming, but it hasn't got there yet.

Making a life is larger than making a living. Many a man has made a good living who has made a poor life.

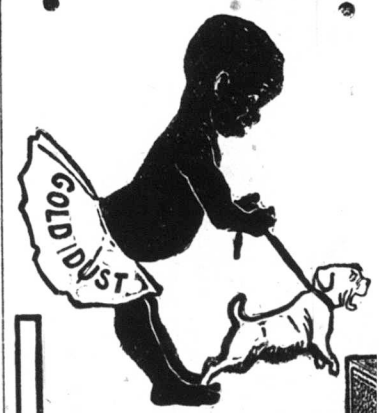
CASSTORIA,
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Wills*

LEIBIG'S FITCURE

If you, your friends or relatives suffer with Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, or Falling Sickness, write for a trial bottle and valuable treatise on such diseases to THE LEIBIG CO., 179 King Street, W., Toronto, Canada. All druggists sell or can obtain for you

"Let the GOLD DUST TALK"



The Dog and The Shadow

You remember the fable of the dog who dropped a real bone for its shadow which he saw in the water. Gold Dust that glitters under the name of a shadowy substitute, get the real

Gold Dust Was

with the Gold Dust Twins on the package. OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST. Scrubbing floors, wash work, oil cloth, silver cleaning bath room.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, I

GOLD DUST makes

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

is fitted for the

Every Class of F

Let us give you a job. We guarantee first-class work.

We are sure we can please

THE NAPANE JOB DEPARTMENT

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE. No. 28. Taking effect Nov. 1st, 1904.

Deseronto and Napanee to Toronto and Hamilton.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5
Deseronto	0	7:00	12:40	1:00	7:00	12:40
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	1:00	12:15	7:20	1:00
Arr Napanee	9	7:50	1:30	12:45	7:50	1:30
Strathcona	15	8:05	1:45	1:00	8:05	1:45
Newburgh	17	8:15	1:55	1:10	8:15	1:55
Thomson's Mills	18	8:25	2:05	1:20	8:25	2:05
Camden East	19	8:30	2:10	1:25	8:30	2:10
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	2:25	1:35	8:45	2:25
Live Yarker	23	9:00	2:40	1:50	9:00	2:40
Galbraith	25	9:10	2:50	2:00	9:10	2:50
Moscow	27	9:20	3:00	2:10	9:20	3:00
Madlake Bridge	30	9:35	3:15	2:25	9:35	3:15
Enterprise	32	9:45	3:25	2:35	9:45	3:25
Wagon	34	10:00	3:40	2:50	10:00	3:40
Tamworth	38	10:10	3:50	3:00	10:10	3:50
Erineville	41	10:20	4:00	3:10	10:20	4:00
Marblehead	42	10:30	4:10	3:20	10:30	4:10
Larkins	43	10:40	4:20	3:30	10:40	4:20
Stoo	45	10:50	4:30	3:40	10:50	4:30
Arr Tweed	58	11:15	4:55	4:05	11:15	4:55
Live Tweed	58	11:30	5:10	4:20	11:30	5:10
Bridgewater	61	11:40	5:20	4:30	11:40	5:20
Quamby	62	11:50	5:30	4:40	11:50	5:30
Allans	63	12:00	5:40	4:50	12:00	5:40
Arr Hannockburn	75	12:40	6:20	5:30	12:40	6:20

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5
Kingston	0	7:00	12:40	1:00	7:00	12:40
Arr G. T. R. Junction	1	7:10	1:10	1:10	7:10	1:10
Glenvale	15	7:25	1:25	1:25	7:25	1:25
Murvale	19	7:40	1:40	1:40	7:40	1:40
Arr Harrow	23	7:55	1:55	1:55	7:55	1:55
Live Harrow	23	8:10	2:10	2:10	8:10	2:10
Sydenham	29	8:25	2:25	2:25	8:25	2:25
Harrow	35	8:40	2:40	2:40	8:40	2:40
Fretonville	39	8:55	2:55	2:55	8:55	2:55
Arr Yarker	43	9:10	3:10	3:10	9:10	3:10
Live Yarker	43	9:25	3:25	3:25	9:25	3:25
Camden East	49	9:40	3:40	3:40	9:40	3:40
Thomson's Mills	51	9:50	3:50	3:50	9:50	3:50
Strathcona	53	10:00	4:00	4:00	10:00	4:00
Galbraith	55	10:10	4:10	4:10	10:10	4:10
Arr Napanee	59	10:25	4:25	4:25	10:25	4:25
Live Napanee	59	10:40	4:40	4:40	10:40	4:40
Deseronto	63	10:55	4:55	4:55	10:55	4:55

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEES TO DESERONTO and PICTON.		PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANEES.	
TRAINS	STEAMERS	STEAMERS	TRAINS
Leave Napanee	Leave Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Leave Napanee
2:15 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	9:50 a.m.
3:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
6:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
1:35 p.m.	3:10 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	12:50 a.m.
10:10 p.m.	7:00 p.m.		2:50 a.m.
6:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		6:00 a.m.
4:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.		7:00 a.m.
6:30 a.m.	3:10 p.m.		7:30 a.m.
8:15 a.m.	5:30 a.m.		7:40 a.m.

Daily. All other trains run daily. Sundays excepted.

WALTER BATHURST, President. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. D. A. VALLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD.

2445 cheese were offered for sale at the Cheese Board Friday afternoon, 665 white and 1880 colored.
1066 cheese sold at 9 3/4c.
The usual buyers present.
The following factories boarded:

	NO.	WHITE	COLOR
Napanee	1	..	..
Croydon	2	..	70
Clareview	3	..	70
Tamworth	4	100	..
Sheffield	5	100	..
Centerville	6	..	..
Palace Road	7	..	..
Phippen No. 1	8	120	..
Phippen No. 2	9	100	..
Phippen No. 3	10	..	85
Kingsford	11	74	..
Forest Mills	12	136	..
Union	13	100	..
Odessa	14	240	..
Excelsior	15	..	140
Enterprise	16	..	..
White Creek	17	..	..
Selby	18	235	..
Camden East	19	80	..
Newburgh	20	160	..
Deseronto	21	..	200
Maribank	22	50	..
Maple Ridge	23	30	..
Metzler	24	160	..
Farmers' Friend	25	135	..
Farmers' Choice	26	100	..

Paris green that kills.
MADOLE & WILSON

DENBIGH.

Statute Labor has been nearly all performed, and our roads have been considerably improved.

Our farmers are nearly all busy hoeing and cultivating and some intend to commence haying in a few days.

Miss Florence Lane has returned from Blackstock, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Rev. J. R. Butter.

Mrs. Wm. Chatson, who has been suffering from a trouble in her head and ears, has been to Kingston to be examined and treated by a specialist, and has returned home very much benefited.

Rev. G. Daechsel, has returned from Sebastopol, Oxford Co., where he has been taking part at the 45th, annual session of the Lutheran Synod of Canada.

Mr. C. A. Paul, Principal of our village school, intends spending the summer vacation at his home in Newburgh.

Misses Martha and Lizzie Marquardt of Renfrew, are home enjoying a visit at their father's, Mr. E. Marquardt. Their sisters Mary and Annie are also expected to arrive in a few days and will probably remain home about a month.

Miss Clara Petzold, of Renfrew, her sister Louisa, of Kingston, and Louisa Fritsch, also of Kingston, are home on a visit to their respective parents.

Miss Ida John has also enjoyed a visit home, but has already had to return to her situation at Napanee.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

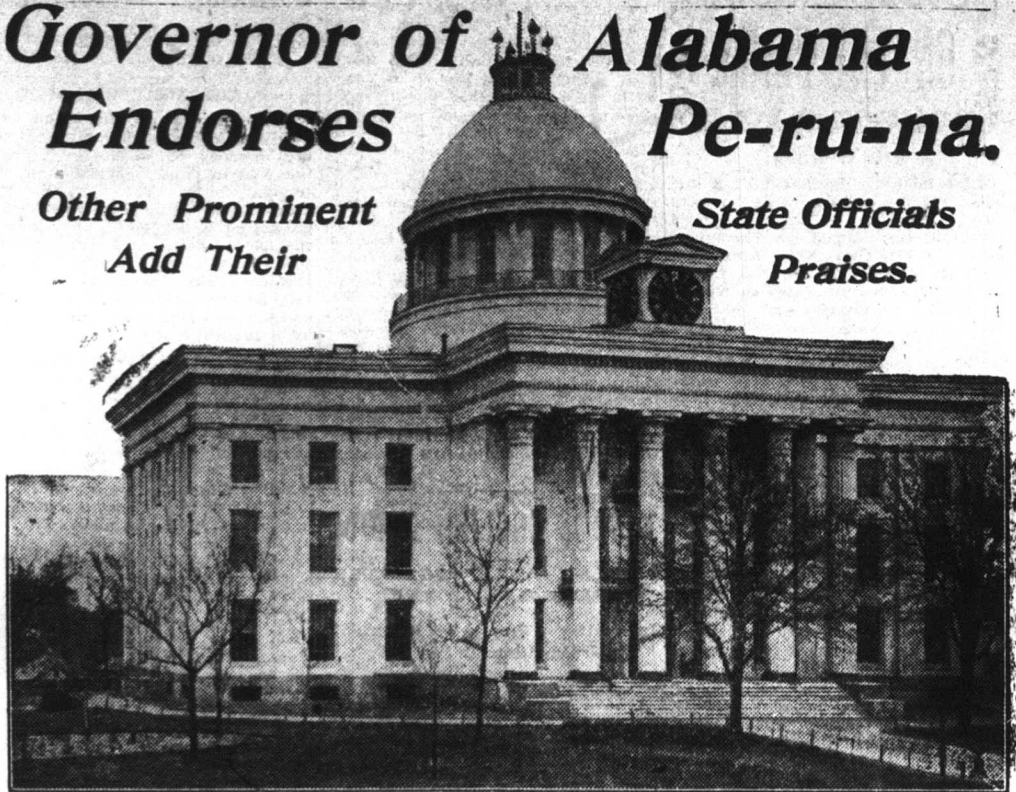
WE SELL
HOMESEEKERS'
EXCURSION TICKETS
TO THE
NORTH WEST

Winnipeg	\$30.00	Estevan	\$33.00
Mowbray	..	Yorkton	..
Delorain	31.50	Sheho	38.50
Souris	..	Regina	33.75
Brandon	31.55	Lipton	34.00
Lyleton	32.00	Mooselaw	35.25
Lenore	..	Saskatoon	..
Minota	..	Prince Albert	36.00

Governor of Alabama
Endorses
Pe-ru-na.

Other Prominent
Add Their

State Officials
Praises.



The Magnificent State Capitol Building of Alabama.

Governor of Alabama Commends Pe-ru-na.

In a letter dated July 26, 1899, written from Montgomery, Ala., Governor Joseph J. Johnston, says:
"I join Congressman Brewer in commending Peruna."—Joseph J. Johnston.

ONE of the most wonderful events in the history of medicine is the multitude of endorsements which Peruna is receiving as a catarrh cure from men of national importance.

The most distinguished men of the United States have no hesitation in lending their influence to assist in letting the public know of the merits of Peruna.

Nearly one-half the people are in some way affected by catarrh. Therefore it is almost a national curse, and it is of national import that the people should know of Peruna.

Catarrh is an American disease. Peruna is an American remedy.

Catarrh is a result of changeable climate. Peruna is a result of long and careful experimentation.

Catarrh enters the system through the nerve centers and affects the mucous membranes. Peruna enables the nerve centers to repel and expel the catarrh from the system.

Catarrh is a systemic disease and curable only by systemic treatment.

The remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what Peruna does.

Redeemer of Public Moneys.

Hon. John C. Leftwich, Redeemer of Public Moneys, whose office is in the Postoffice Building, in a letter written from Montgomery, Ala., says:

"I take pleasure in recommending

Peruna as an excellent tonic, and it is recommended to me by those who have used it as a good catarrh cure."—John C. Leftwich.

Register United States Land Office.

Hon. Robert Barber, Register United States Land Office, writes from Montgomery, Ala.:

"For some time I have been a sufferer from catarrh in its incipient stage, so much so that I became depressed and feared my health was generally in a decline. But hearing of Peruna as a good remedy I gave it a fair trial and began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and it was particularly good as a tonic."—Robert Barber.

Collector of Port.

Hon. J. K. Burke, Collector of Port, Mobile, Ala., writes:

"Peruna I can recommend as a fine medicine. It has been used in my family and as a tonic it is excellent. I take pleasure in testifying to its fine qualities."—J. K. Burke.

Postmaster of Mobile.

Hon. P. D. Barker, Postmaster of

Mobile, in a recent letter from Mobile, Ala., says:

"Allow me to send to you my testimonial as to the good qualities of Peruna. I have used it for the past three months and find it is a most excellent tonic."—P. D. Barker.

U. S. Marshal, Northern District.

Hon. Dan Cooper, U. S. Marshal for the Northern District of Alabama, writes:

"Your remedy for catarrh and la grippe, Peruna, has done me so much good that I cannot speak too highly of it.

"I have used it for a short time and have improved rapidly from the first day. I was really much surprised at such a quick and effective cure."—Dan Cooper.

U. S. Marshal, Southern District.

Hon. L. J. Bryan, U. S. Marshal for the Southern District of Alabama, writes:

"I have used Peruna for catarrh a short time and have also had several friends try it and they all pronounce it the best catarrh remedy ever put on the market. It can not be praised too highly."—L. J. Bryan.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, and he will give you the benefit of his valuable advice gratis. All correspondence strictly confidential.



Strained Kidneys

ing accounts to be paid: John Penny for gravel, \$3.25; Daniel McNeill, for gravel \$4.00; David Storr, for work on Otter Creek bridge \$3.00; W. E. Jones, work on the side road in the 2nd concession, \$2.00; Z. A. Grooms for gravel \$25.00. Carried.

Moved by Z. A. Grooms and seconded by Fred Sexsmith that the Collector's time be extended until the next session of the Council. Carried.

The Council adjourned to meet on the first Monday in August at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

both sides of him. On the left flank of this mountain of cases rode a small Arab slung in a sling. The reason was obvious: the camel engineers had miscalculated in loading and had put too much on the off side, thus giving the camel a heavy list to starboard. Arab-like, being too lazy to repack, they had corrected the error by using a light Arab as trimming ballast."

Luck and Labor.

Luck is ever waiting for something

Mowbray	31.50	Sheho	33.00
Delorain	31.50	Regina	33.75
Souris	31.55	Lipton	34.00
Brandon	32.00	Moosejaw	36.25
Lyleton	32.00	Saskatoon	38.00
Minota	32.25	Prince Albert	38.00
Binscarth	32.25	Macleod	38.00
Moosomin	32.20	Calgary	38.00
Arcoia	32.50	Red Deer	39.50
Strathcona	\$40.50		

Going June 13th, returning until August 14th.
 Going June 21th, returning until August 28th.
 Going July 15th, returning until Sept. 16th.

Full particulars from Canadian Pacific Agent, or write to C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto.

IT TWINS do your work

the for the water. "Bear in mind that all is not the name of washing powder. Don't accept the name."

Vashing Powder

to package."

sors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-
 th, silverware and tinware, polishing iron work,
 h room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

MPANY, Montreal, P. Q. -Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

akes hard water soft

OUR PARTMENT

in the production of

of Fine Job Work.

u a quotation on your next
 rst-class workmanship.

an please you.

ANEE EXPRESS

PARTMENT,

E. J. POLLARD, Prop.

Strained Kidneys While Ploughing

A New Hamburg Farmer's Mishap—The Only Remedy That Gave Relief.

The superior efficacy of Bu-Ju, the Kidney Pill, the remarkable specific for all derangement and disorders of the kidneys, finds general endorsement throughout Canada. Among those who unite in grateful acknowledgement of its benefits, we direct especial attention to the case of a farmer of New Hamburg, Ont. He secured relief from the effects of a very painful mishap after taking the first box, which did him more good than any other "remedy" he tried. Mr. Noah M. Cressman writes to the Clafin Chemical Co., Windsor, Ont.:

Last August when I started to plough I pulled the plough back, and got a sudden intense pain in the kidneys just like a shot. I was unable to walk home alone. Went to a doctor and laid around for weeks. I tried different remedies without relief. The first box of Bu-Ju Pills relieved me wonderfully and did me more good than all the other medicines.

NOAH M. CRESSMAN,
 New Hamburg, Ont.

The good effect of "Bu-Ju" on the kidneys begins at once. This is a very simple and easy means of cure and it is open to every one. Bu-Ju, the Kidney Pill may be found at all drug stores. You should ask for Bu-Ju, the Kidney Pill, and firmly decline all substitute offered.

RICHMOND MINUTES July 3rd, 1905.

The Council met at Selby.
 The members present—Messrs. Chas. Anderson, Reeve, Councillors, Manly Jones, Z. A. Grooms and Fred Sexsmith. The Reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last session were read and confirmed.

A notice was received from Mr. Hugh Killorin (re) a culvert on the side road in the 6th concession between lots 15 and 16. Laid on the table.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by Z. A. Grooms that the application of Hugh Killorin re the opening of an old culvert on the side road between lots 15 and 16 in the 6th concession be placed in the hands of the Reeve and Councillor McKittrick to investigate and report at the next session of this council. Carried.

Moved by Z. A. Grooms and seconded by Fred Sexsmith that A. W. Wood be paid \$25 for the support of Thos. Sovereign. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Grooms and seconded by Fred Sexsmith that the Treasurer be granted an order for \$9.00 the balance due on a bogus \$10.00 bill received as taxes there being no way of tracing it, as to who passed it. Cd.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by Councillor Grooms that R. Herrington be paid \$20.37 for work in gravel pit and work on side road in 3rd, concession. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith and seconded by Councillor Grooms that whereas John McFarlane has filed a claim for damages to his engine caused by his breaking through a bridge known as Woods' Bridge, on the Salmon River in which he claims he sustained damages to the extent of \$60.00 for which he holds the Township responsible for one half of the said damages, be it therefore resolved that the said John McFarlane be paid \$20.00, in full of his claim against the Township, for their share of the said damages. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by Councillor Grooms that Wilson Booth be appointed Roadmaster in section No. 50 in the stead of Charles Melbourne resigned. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones and seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that the follow-

For the time being extended until the next session of the Council. Carried.

The Council adjourned to meet on the first Monday in August at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m.

A. WINTERS,
 Clerk.

A Country Scene in Tibet.

Here is a description of a country scene in Tibet taken from Colonel L. A. Waddell's book, "Lassa and Its Mysteries." "From every hamlet the cottagers had swarmed out into their fields and were busily plowing and sowing in the glorious sunshine, forming pleasing bits of bright color. The men were plowing with oxen gaily bedecked with plumes of wool dyed glowing scarlet and blue, with long throat tassels of dyed yaks' tails and harness of jingling bells, while close behind the plowers came the gayly dressed women as the sowers, scattering broadcast the seed from their baskets. Most of them, men and women, were humming snatches of song in their light heartedness. Among the tall poplar trees imbedding the hotausteads, neatly picked out with red ochre and whitewash, and among the galled willow bushes fringing the irrigation canals, flitted rosefinches, fieldfares, hoopoes, pert tits, cinnamon sparrows, shy doves, warblers and thrushes, all blithely nest building."

Switzerland's Heat Holidays.

"The heat holiday," said a school-teacher, "is a Swiss novelty that we ought to introduce here. It is not right for us to treat our school children in the matter of weather as we do." The Swiss have a maximum temperature for school. When the thermometer goes above that maximum there is no school, whether the month be April, May or September. The children in the insufferable heat are free to bathe in tinkling brooks, to picnic in cool groves or to boat on the wind swept lakes. The Swiss recognize that we can impose no greater suffering on little children than to confine them for long hours at a stretch in an intolerably hot schoolroom. They know that children cannot under such conditions learn a thing; hence the school directors are wise enough by making these heat holidays to save the teachers and the children much misery and much wasted time."

Green Coconut Milk.

A dweller in the tropics says, "For a delicious early morning drink I recommend you to try the milk from the green coconut. Cut off the top of the nut with a sharp knife, pour the contents into a glass, and you have a drink fit for a king. The coconut must be cold. When in Singapore I was a bit seedy and consulted a doctor. Part of his prescription was coconut milk first thing in the morning. I took to it most kindly and often wish now that I had a chance of repeating that portion of the cure. Where the cabbage palm grows one has a good vegetable at hand the heart of the seed of the tree. In removing this the palm is killed. This growth is not bad eating raw, as I found when out hunting once. We fed on the palm and wild honey."

The Way of the Arab.

A traveler in Egypt writes: "In a camel caravan we once met in the desert there was a beast with a gigantic load of cases, towering above and on

corrected the error by using a light Arab as trimming ballast."

Luck and Labor.

Luck is ever waiting for something to turn up, labor, with keen eyes and strong will, will turn up something. Luck lies in bed and wishes the postman would bring him the news of a legacy; labor turns out at 6 o'clock and with busy pen and ringing hammer lays the foundation of competence. Luck whines; labor whistles. Luck relies on chance, labor on character.

Deceived.

Mrs. Blinkers: What! Going away? Why? Servant—Please, mum, when I come yesterday you gave me the keys to your trunks and drawers and chests and jewel boxes to keep for you. Mrs. Blinkers—Yes, I did that to show that I trusted you. What is the matter? Servant—There don't one of 'em fit.

Cure For The Blues

ONE MEDICINE THAT HAS NEVER FAILED

Health Fully Restored and the Joy of Life Regained

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture. It is usually this way: She has been feeling "out of sorts"



for some time; head has ached and back also; has slept poorly, been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart beats very fast; then bearing down feeling, and during her menstrual period she is exceedingly despondent. Nothing pleases her. Her doctor says: "Cheer up; you have dyspepsia; you will be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right," and hope vanishes; then come the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES.

Don't wait until your sufferings have driven you to despair, with your nerves all shattered and your courage gone, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. See what it did for Madame Josephine Rivville, Mastai, Que. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— I suffered for four years with female troubles, inflammation of the stomach and tubercular tubes which caused me violent pain and often torture, so much so that I could not walk at times and attend to my daily duties. Life was misery to me. I was so blue and despondent I did not know which way to turn for relief. I had tried the doctors but they did not help me. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, so I bought a bottle. I am glad that I did so for I am well and strong to-day and I would look bright, for I have perfect health thanks to your medicine."

If you have some derangement of the female organism write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

HALL'S VEGETABLE, SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Is it true you want to look old? Then keep your gray hair. If not, then use Hall's Hair Renewer, and have all the dark, rich color of early life restored to your hair.

It gives you the color of your youth.
 R. P. HALL & CO., New York, N. Y.

ON THE FARM.

WHEAT RUST.

Rust on grain is caused by a distinct plant parasite. This parasite is microscopic in size, and grows from spores, small seed-like structures. It is these which form the pustules or rust spores, red, brown or black, which are seen in masses on the leaves, sheaths and stems of the grain. There are two distinct species of rust which attack wheat, both of which produce first red spores, which make the red spots, and later on produce the black spores which turn these spots a black color. There is no such thing as red rust and black rust, but rather the black rust is only an advanced stage of the red which precedes it.

One can tell whether the wheat plant is infected or not seven or eight days before the real rust, by the red powder, which is made up of spores, breaking through the surface of the plant. By examining the green straws or leaves closely, there may be seen slight translucent or lemon yellow spots over much of the surface. Each such spot represents a point of infection where a rust spore has germinated and the filament has gone in. These spots may be best observed by holding the infected leaf or split piece of the green stem between the eye and the light.

There are certain primary conditions necessary to the occurrence of a rusty crop: First, the presence of spores in the air to fall upon the grain, and second, moisture on the leaves of the wheat to germinate the spores. There are other secondary features, such as a susceptible leaf or straw surface, prevailing winds to waft spores from plant to plant, and from one region to another.

AFTER INFECTION,

the damage done is found to depend largely upon such elements as weather and soil conditions, etc.

Some of the evident preventive measures may be cited as follows: 1. Drain all fields so that the surface water passes quickly into the main ditches. Co-operate or arrange for general drainage. 2. The seed grain of a region should as nearly as possible be seeded at approximately the same period, giving the wheat of a locality an even stage of growth and of maturity. Early fields infect late ones, and these continue the infection to more distant but naturally later regions. 3. Form a good seed-bed so that the seed may all be given an even, equal start. This is especially necessary to spring wheat regions. 4. For a like reason, sow seed of an even germinating power. 5. Avoid mixed varieties. 6. Select a variety characteristically suited to the region and of long standing there. It will be more apt to make a normal growth. 7. Treat all seed for prevention of smut. Smut attacked plants are observed to be great producers of rust when rust conditions prevail. 8. Avoid a weedy crop. Weeds in a wheat crop weaken the wheat plants so that the seeds shrivel readily, and tend to keep the leaves and stems fogged with moisture, preventing proper light after showers or heavy dews. 9. In winter wheat regions, volunteer grain should be kept pastured or destroyed; and 10. do not over-fertilize with nitrogeous types of manure.

CARE OF THE SEPARATOR.

The care of the cream separator is something that should be impressed

them even at a higher price, and if they are making butter at home they can always secure a fancy price for a real good article that can always be depended upon. Don't let the separator agent influence you, who says he has a machine that doesn't need cleaning but once a day—and some of them say once in two days. That kind of an agent has missed his calling; he ought to have been a politician. All separators are alike in this respect, for they all need cleaning.

When cleaning a separator use a brush. Don't use a dish towel. Don't rinse them off with water and call them clean, but use a brush on every part and piece, and, when thoroughly washed, turn hot water over them and let them dry. Don't wipe with a dish towel, but when the sun shines set them outside in the sun, for bacteria will not thrive in sunshine. Don't put the bowl together until ready to make the next run. Good care will double the life of a separator.

TOGO IN ENGLISH SCHOOL

POPULAR WITH STUDENTS, AND A HARD WORKER.

Interesting Picture of Japan's Great Admiral as a Boy.

I have some memories of the early '70s which have been much in my mind during the last year and a half writes a correspondent of the London Times. They linger round the figure of Hehatchi Togo, and they are now put on record in that they have their own historic value. If I do not tell the how or where my miniature will not be less finished; how and where do not signify. If I tell my tale thus, in my own fashion, it will the better agree with that Japanese reserve and that fine quality and practice of science which have given us all such occasions to think for the past eighteen months.

I go back in memory to 1873, and I am a boy again, reading for the 'Varsity with a private tutor. It is a dark January evening, and I, but fresh come after the Christmastide, get a hearty New Year's greeting, coupled with a confidential "I want to tell you something. We've got a young Jap here." The world was smaller in those days. Japan had been almost as secluded as Ithaca. To me, "a young Jap" suggested nothing so much as some new domestic pet from somewhere—probably Africa. So my only response was, "A young what?" "A young Japanese, my dear boy; come in and see him."

And in another instant I heard, "Here he is—let me introduce Mr. Togo." I saw, I see now before me a man, short in stature and

SLIGHT IN BUILD,

who might have been any age from seventeen to 35 (he was, in fact, nineteen), who, with a charming smile that remains an abiding memory, was bowing profoundly, and who, taking by offered hand, bade me "Good morning"—nightfall though it were. He had only been in England a couple of days; "good morning" and "thank you" were the limits of his English vocabulary.

In less than another couple of days we were fast friends and for six months or more we were constant companions and allies. We were in the same house (that of an ordinary English family), shared the same study and generally led a common life. The only other lad there of our own standing was a Canadian. Our coach put Togo specially into my care, with the charge—"I've got to teach him mathematics, but you might try to teach him English." No doubt my efforts were clumsy enough, but Togo had a capacity for

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

NOTES OF PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

AUTONOMY BILLS.

After months of discussion both here and in the country, the House of Commons on Wednesday passed the Alberta and Saskatchewan autonomy bills. The last day was marked chiefly by the formality of presenting some dozen amendments, the mere reading of which generally sufficed to bring them before the House. There was a short general talk on clause 16, but Mr. Borden's amendment eventually was defeated by a majority of 68.

ELECTION ACT AMENDMENT.

Mr. R. L. Borden introduced a bill to amend the Dominion elections act by adding a couple of sub-sections. One provides a penalty of \$200 on any person who circulates a false statement of the withdrawal of candidate, and the other requires all bills, posters and circulars issued in promotion of a candidate's interest to bear the name and address of the printer and publisher thereof. The latter, Mr. Borden explained, was taken from the English election act.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

Supplementary estimates have been placed before Parliament asking for the sum of \$13,414,973, making a grand total expenditure for the year ending June 30, 1906, of \$81,979,371.

Here are some of the leading items:

Enquiry into the operation of the tariff, \$10,000.

Salary to two additional Supreme Court judges in the North-west, \$8,000.

Salary of W. P. Archibald as Dominion parole officer, \$2,000.

Towards a Dominion Exhibition at New Westminster, \$50,000.

Quinquennial census, Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, \$75,000.

Steamer for service at Victoria, B. C., \$25,000.

Annuity to the widow of the late Hon. Wm. McDougall, \$1,200.

Militia, chargeable to income, including \$685,000 further amount pay and allowances, \$35,000 further amount for annual drill, and \$110,000 further amount for Esquimaux defences, \$1,734,490.

To pay Grand Trunk Pacific Company for surveys, etc., with interest at 4 per cent. to the 1st August next, \$352,379.

Construction National Transcontinental, \$1,000,000.

Terminals and right of way, \$1,000,000.

Additions and alterations to Parliament Buildings, \$100,000.

Addition to the East Block, departmental building, \$75,000.

Additional amount, Ottawa and Georgian Bay surveys, \$70,000.

Deep Waterways Commission, \$25,000.

Additional steamship service, Canada and Mexico, \$50,000.

Additional ice-breaking steamer, lower St. Lawrence and Northumberland Straits, \$175,000.

Maintenance vessels patrolling Hudson's Bay and establishing and maintaining police posts, \$65,000.

Patrol boat, North-west Mounted Police in Hudson's Bay, \$40,000.

Towards monument commemorating the 300th anniversary of the city of St. John, \$5,000.

Among the votes for public works in Ontario the following are included:—

Welland canal, electric lighting and power plant, \$40,000.

Ottawa—Astronomical Observatory, fittings, furniture and transit house (revote \$20,000), \$40,000.

Ottawa—Parliament buildings, duplicate set of transformers, etc., for

volve large expenditures for the next few years, but he believed the House and the country would expect the road to be pushed with all possible energy.

JAPAN DECLINES ARMISTICE

Basis of Peace Proposals Must First Be Accepted.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:—It is ascertained from official sources that an armistice cannot be arranged. Japan has made it known that she will not consent to an armistice until the Russian peace mission has formally accepted the basis of her proposals, which will not be communicated till the peace conference has assembled.

The situation regarding the armistice is as follows: Russia has formally signified to President Roosevelt her desire for a lasting peace, not only by the appointment of plenipotentiaries who will be accompanied by experts fully empowered to conclude a treaty subject only to the ratification of the respective Governments, but as a final step has indicated her readiness to suspend hostilities. She has avoided formally asking for an armistice as a matter of pride, but under the circumstances Russia could hardly go further than she has.

In diplomatic circles the most earnest hope is expressed that Japan will change her decision not to consent, both for the sake of avoiding further bloodshed in Manchuria, and perhaps in order to prevent a catastrophe in Russia, which may shake the Romanoffs' throne and appal the world by its horrors. An eminent Ambassador of a great European power said to the Associated Press: "If Japan declines it may prove to be a misfortune for the whole world. The position of Russia is critical. The Emperor, crushed by the defeats in the Far East, and with almost civil war at home, has bowed his head to the inevitable. He wants peace, and Japan has the proofs in her possession. Japan has vindicated her power before the world, and has won the admiration of the world. Nothing becomes a victor so much as a broad spirit of magnanimity. If Japan still insists in humbling the Emperor's head into the dust and forcing a useless battle which will result in the loss of tens of thousands of lives, she may produce a cataclysm of anarchy greater than that of the French Revolution, which will leave Russia no Government to negotiate with, besides threatening the peace of Europe. The usual precedents for the conclusion of a war are reversed in this case. An armistice generally precedes an agreement on the time and place for a meeting of negotiators. Now that the steps which usually follow a suspension of hostilities have been arranged, why should Japan, simply because she enjoys the advantage of the military situation, inflict another defeat, with its accompanying slaughter? Nothing would be gained by it, and much might be lost."

MUTINEERS SURRENDER.

Haul Down Flag and Give Themselves Up.

A Kustendji, Roumania, despatch says:—The flag of St. Andrew once again floats over the battleship Kniaz Potemkin, which has proved such a terror to the Black Sea communities for a couple of weeks past. The formal surrender of the mutinous crew occurred Saturday afternoon, after a series of discussions and negotiations between the Roumanian authorities and the leaders of the mutineers.

The Roumanian officers who boarded the battleship on its arrival here a few days ago called upon the crew to surrender, in which case they would be treated as foreign deserters,

and fertilizer with nitrogeous types of manure.

CARE OF THE SEPARATOR.

The care of the cream separator is something that should be impressed on the mind of every user, for on it depends not only the life of the machine, but the benefit to be derived therefrom. Let us imagine we have purchased a good standard make of cream separator from a company that has a good rating and is doing a good business, so we can feel assured that, if we should want parts five years from now the company would still be in business and that we can receive them. The first thing to consider is the setting up of the machine, and we should have a good, solid foundation if possible; but in case we have to set it on a floor that is not perfectly solid, it should be braced underneath or plank placed crosswise of the flooring where the separator is to set, which will help it materially. When fastening the separator down, it should be leveled from some surface on the frame as instructed by the manufacturers, for the separator bowl is like a top—when it is up to speed it will try to run perpendicular, and if the machine is not level there will be an unnecessary wear on one side of the bearing as the bowl pushes in that direction. If this is well done on a good foundation it will add years to the life of a separator, that might have been set on a shaky floor where it could not stay level.

When the separator is properly set, look well to the oiling; each bearing should have what oil is required according to the amount of friction, but don't be too liberal, a small amount of good oil, if it reaches the bearing, will do a great amount of lubricating, and many times we see people using three times the oil that is necessary. Of course they naturally think oil is cheaper than machinery, but with a cream separator a sufficient amount is better than an overdose.

The separator is made for the purpose of skimming milk or separating the butter fat from the serum. The manufacturers have made a study of the force required and have set a certain speed for the bowl of each machine, and every user should endeavor to turn the crank at the rated speed given with an even, uniform motion, using the same amount of pressure at all points of the circle, and not push hard when the handle is up and pull when it is down, as this will cause unnecessary wear and very soon be noticed in the turning; yet it is a fact that the majority of persons who turn a hand separator get into this habit, as it is somewhat easier than

THE CORRECT WAY.

The bowl, to do its best work, should have a true motion, with no vibration and a regular speed. In making the run the bowl should be turned to full speed before the milk is turned on; otherwise the first portion will not be thoroughly separated. When the run is finished the bowl should be allowed to run down on its own accord, and then all parts cleaned as soon as convenient, for the longer they stand the more difficult they will be to clean, and in no case unless a very urgent one, should they stand from one separation to another without cleaning, for it not only shortens the life of the machine, but tends to injure the product. Anyone that has examined a separator bowl after a run was made knows very well that the material left inside the bowl should not come in contact with pure milk, for there are millions of bacteria in this filth and slime, and one should not take chances of possibly contaminating the next batch of cream. Every person running a cream separator should strive to turn out the very best product; then, if they are selling their cream, the parties who are purchasing it will endeavor to hold

line. The only other had there of our own standing was a Canadian. Our coach put Togo specially into my care, with the charge—"I've got to teach him mathematics, but you might try to teach him English." No doubt my efforts were clumsy enough, but Togo had a capacity for taking pains by which said quality genius is apt to triumph over early obstacles. In a month he wrote to me (during an absence of a day or two) a letter of which the first sentence ran: "When we shall to meet next week I shall be conversation to understand with you." A fairly good result methinks, for five weeks' effort.

That he was a born fighting-man, we none of us had the ghost of a suspicion. It was easy enough, post eventum, to recall small points, the significance of which were lost upon us then. Then we saw only his perfect courtesy, which charmed everybody (the parlor maid declared, "Mr. Togo quite annoys himself with politeness"); his punctuality—no one ever knew him to be a moment late for the simplest engagement; his kindly good nature—temper—he may have had, but there was never a flicker to be seen; his instant readiness to accept

ENGLISH MODES OF LIFE

and his power of doing exactly what we did without giving us any ground for thinking him to be a mere copyist. The minutest detail did not escape him; I could load my record with surprising instances of his ability in this regard. Full of fun, with a keen sense of humor, he was a glutton for work—intent with a dogged intensity which is altogether lacking in the English character. Above all other qualities, he had the gift of silence—not the silence of taciturnity, but the silence of economical speech, which never wastes a word. There was no need to ask, "Do you understand this or that?" There was in his eye and his gesture the unspoken assurance that he had the grip thereof and was ready for more. On one subject only did he seem to have his tongue loosened—on dear Japan he was willing to talk; his home was his heart's devotion.

Is it possible that the courteous little gentleman whom we knew has grown to be the man, with nerves of resilient steel, who has thrilled the world in the way that all the world remembers? We failed to see it then, but we call to mind, after he has made history, that there were never any difficulties for him—that there was bone in his jaw—that his teeth were large and square and firm, and that we never saw him change his purpose in any matter. It is easy to recognize the signs now, but we did not recognize them then. What Western ever does pierce the mind of an Eastern? We certainly had no suspicion of the terrible powers which lay hidden under that quiet exterior, but I think—indeed, I am sure—that he knew us thoroughly and weighed us in his balance.

I bade him good-bye in London in '77, but I live in the hope that I shall yet again see my old friend when war shall have given place to peace and England shall welcome with a tumultuous welcome a visit from the fleet that flies the flag of the rising sun.

A national memorial committee has been organized at Halifax to erect statues to the memory of distinguished Nova Scotians.

The Canada Flour Mills Co. will erect at St. Boniface a 4,000-barrel flour mill, a \$500,000 storage elevator and 70,000-barrel storage warehouse.

The by-law to raise \$35,000 for a municipal electric light plant was carried at Napane on Saturday.

Floods in Algoma have stopped traffic on the Canadian Northern Railway between Port Arthur and Winnipeg, and caused a lot of damage by the breaking of timber booms in the Kaministiquia River.

Welland canal, electric lighting and power plant, \$40,000.

Ottawa—Astronomical Observatory, fittings, furniture and transit house (revote \$20,000), \$40,000.

Ottawa—Parliament buildings, duplicate set of transformers, etc., for electric lighting system, installed complete \$11,000.

Ottawa—Public buildings, lighting grounds, Parliament Hill, by electricity, \$10,000.

Ottawa—Departmental building, fittings for savings bank branch, Post-office Department, \$30,000.

Ottawa—Government Printing Bureau (revote \$20,000), \$40,000.

Owen Sound—Public building, \$10,000.

Hamilton—Postoffice, alterations to building, \$7,500.

Chief Inspector McMichael of Customs of Toronto gets an increase of \$300, making his stipend \$2,800 per annum.

Purchase or construction of steamer for hydrographic surveys, Atlantic coast, Gulf and River St. Lawrence, \$75,000.

To provide for the organization of a naval militia and expenses using the Canada as a training ship, \$10,000.

To provide for experiments in smelting iron ores by electro-thermic process, \$15,000.

Construction and maintenance experimental works for reduction of dog fish, \$60,000.

New dredging plant generally, \$300,000.

Additional amount dredging, Ontario and Quebec, \$70,250.

Construction of water-works and sewerage system at Banff, \$95,000.

Custom House, Toronto. Government share of paving Esplanade in front of Custom House property (revote), \$3,315.

Post office, Toronto, addition to customs postal parcels and alterations and improvements in main building, including furniture fittings, \$22,500.

Drill hall and Armories, Toronto. Government share of paving University and Chestnut streets, \$1,900.

Custom House, Toronto, alterations and addition, additional revote, \$10,000.

Many of the civil servants are made happy by increased salaries, but it is the millions to be spent on the Transcontinental and Intercolonial railways which account for a large proportion of the supplementaries. Compared with last year's actual expenditure, this year's estimates are \$561,549 in excess.

CHANGES IN THE TARIFF.

The following changes were announced in the tariff by Mr. Fielding—Rolled oats, duty of 60 cents per hundred pounds; dry white lead, raised from 5 to 30 per cent.; white lead ground in oil, increased from 25 to 35 per cent.; cement, 25 per cent. ad valorem imposed on bags containing cement; wines from South Africa, 25 cents per gallon, to meet the duty on French light wines.

The settlers' effects enactment was made more strict to exclude goods for sale or manufacturing plants. Beet sugar and alluvial gold mining machinery will be continued on the free list till July 1, 1906. Molasses importations from the British West Indies, via Newfoundland, are to be treated as direct importations.

The general condition of Canada's finances, as described by Mr. Fielding, reflected the growth of the expenditure to meet the large needs of the Dominion's development and the failure of revenue to quite keep pace. There was a surplus of \$9,000,000 of ordinary revenue over ordinary expenditure during the year just closed, but, counting the capital expenditure, the Minister of Finance estimated an addition of \$1,250,000 to the debt on the year's transactions. Mr. Fielding emphasized the necessity for caution in expenditure, but repeated the familiar doctrine that "wise expenditure is true economy." The new Transcontinental Railway would in-

authorities and the leaders of the mutineers.

The Roumanian officers who boarded the battleship on its arrival here a few days ago called upon the crew to surrender, in which case they would be treated as foreign deserters, or else leave the port forthwith. It speedily became apparent that the Russian vessel returned to this port with the intention of giving itself up to a foreign Government, and the crew soon announced its acceptance of the Roumanian terms.

The mutineers wanted to be permitted to take off the treasure which was on board the Kniaz Potemkin, but the Roumanian authorities declined to acquiesce.

The Russians will gradually be conveyed to any frontier they may select, and will then be liberated, the local officials having given an understanding to this effect.

COSSACKS STILL AT WORK

Brutally Attack Odessa Crowd, Killing Many of Them.

A despatch to the London Standard from Odessa says:—Odessa's communication with Nicolaief and Kherson is only tentatively reopened. Communication with the Caucasus is suspended. There was a crowd at Cap Fontaine Tuesday night watching for the expected reappearance of the Kniaz Potemkin Tavritchesky. Cossacks attacked the people and brutally dispersed them, killing and wounding 30. There has been more shooting in the Teressyp district. It is stated that 26 persons were killed.

Ugly rumors are current regarding the future, one of an impending anti-Jewish outbreak. The chief of police says there are grave reasons to fear that such an outbreak is being organized.

ARMY ULTIMATUM.

Soldiers Will Make a Demand for Political Rights.

The Moscow correspondent of the London Standard says:—"I have received startling information, the very nature of which renders its confirmation from official sources impossible, but which, if correct, may be destined to promote the revolutionary movement in Russia to a remarkable extent. It is that an ultimatum will shortly be presented to the Czar demanding political rights in behalf of the army. The date of the presentation will probably coincide with the completion of the mobilization now in progress. Two hundred thousand of the youngest, and therefore the most disaffected, reservists will then have received their arms, and will be under the command of men drawn largely from civil life. I am told that the initiative has been taken in the garrison at St. Petersburg."

JAPAN SEIZES ISLAND.

Effects Landing on Saghalien, the Penal Colony.

A St. Petersburg despatch says:—A landing of Japanese troops on the Island of Saghalien was officially reported on Saturday night and startled military circles in St. Petersburg, though it had been realized since the defeat of Admiral Rojestvensky that the Japanese were able to take possession of the island as soon as they thought fit. The strength of the landing force cannot be ascertained, but the garrison of the island is too weak to offer an effective defence.

Though the Japanese seem unwilling to risk a grand battle with Gen. Linevitch, pending the peace meeting at Washington, the landing of troops on Saghalien is considered to express Japan's decision regarding the formal conclusion of a general armistice, namely, that in the interval before the meeting it is necessary to occupy the island, whose possession is an important card in Japan's diplomatic contest at Washington.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 11.—Wheat—Ontario—A sale of No. 2 red and white is reported at 96½c, with the price generally 97c to 98c. Goose is dull at 78c to 80c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, \$1.10 to \$1.11; No. 2 northern, \$1.07 to \$1.08; No. 3 northern, 91c to 91½c, lake ports.

Flour—90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$4.20 to \$4.80, buyers' sacks, east and west, with 15c to 20c more for choice. Manitoba—First patents are quoted \$5.35 to \$5.60, second patents, \$5.05 to \$5.30, bakers' \$4.95 to \$5.10.

Millfeed—Bran dull at \$12, shorts \$17.50 to \$18. Manitoba bran \$17, shorts \$19, at Toronto and equal points.

Barley—Eager purchasers have paid as high as 50c for No. 2, but the general price quoted is 47c, with 45c for No. 3 extra and 43c for No. 3, at outside points.

Rye—Dull; 60c outside. Corn—Canadian, 53c to 54c, Chatham freights; American firm at unchanged prices, 64c for No. 2 yellow and 63½c to 64c for No. 3 yellow, at lake and rail freights.

Peas—Scarce at 71c to 72c for No. 2 west and east, 75c for milling.

Rolled Oats—\$4.75 for cars of bags and \$5 for barrels on track here; 25c more for broken lots here and 40c outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Quotations all round are unchanged.

Creamery, prints ... 19c to 21c
do solids ... 18c to 19c
Dairy, lb. rolls, good to choice ... 15c to 16c
do large rolls ... 14c to 15c
do medium ... 13c to 14c
do tubs, good to choice ... 14½c to 15½c
do inferior ... 12c to 13c
Cheese—Steady to firm at 10½c to 11c per pound for job lots on track here.

Eggs—Quotations are firm at 17c. Potatoes—New are quoted at 80c to 90c per bushel, or \$2.50 to \$2.75 per barrel.

Baled Hay—Quotations are unchanged at \$7.50 to \$7.75 per ton for No. 1 timothy in car lots on track here.

Baled Straw—Dull and unchanged at \$5.75 to \$6 per ton for car lots on track here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 11.—No. 2 white oats sold at 50c, and No. 3 white 49c a bushel.

Flour—Following the announcement by the Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, Limited, that they had advanced the price 10c a barrel to \$5.75 for Royal Household and to \$5.40 for Glenora patent, the Lake of the Woods Company issued notices that they would not advance prices, and would quote \$5.30 to \$5.40 for patents and \$5 to \$5.10 for strong bakers.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran in bags, \$16 to \$17; shorts, \$20 to \$21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, \$15 to \$16; shorts, \$19 to \$20; mouille, \$21 to \$24 per ton, as to quality.

Oats—Prices are unchanged at \$2.40 to \$2.42½ per bag. Cornmeal is also quiet at \$1.35 to \$1.45 per bag.

Hay—No. 1, \$9 to \$9.25; No. 2, \$7.75 to \$8.15; clover, mixed, \$6.75 to \$7.25, and pure clover, \$6.50 to \$6.75 per ton in car lots.

Beans—\$1.60 to \$1.65 per bushel; \$1.50 to \$1.55 in car lots.

Honey—White clover in comb, 12½c per section, in one-pound sections; extract, in 10-lb. tins, 7c to 7½c; in 60-lb. tins, 6c to 6½c; buckwheat, 6c to 6½c, as to quality.

Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$20 to \$21; light short

About the House

PRESERVING STRAWBERRIES.

French Way.—To two pounds of large, not overripe, strawberries, weigh two pounds of granulated sugar. Put the sugar in a preserving kettle with half a pint of water. Let it melt over a slow fire, then simmer gently for half an hour; then boil rather quickly till the syrup is so thick it hardens when a little of it is dropped on ice. When the syrup is in the course of boiling, carefully pick over the berries, remove the stems and hulls. When the syrup has reached the proper state, add the berries, stand the kettle off the fire, cover it with the berries in the syrup, and let it stand for an hour; then return the kettle to the fire, remove the cover, and let the whole boil briskly for two minutes. Skim the surface well, then pour the preserves into small glasses and seal when cold.

Italian Way.—To each pound of berries weigh a pound of sugar. Pick the berries over carefully and remove stems and hulls. Put the berries in glass jars or big-mouthed bottles, filling each bottle two-thirds full; keep the bottle slightly inclined so the berries slide in gently and reach the bottom of the glass unbruised. Boil the sugar to a syrup that spins like fine hair when dropped from the spoon. Stand the glass jars or bottles with the fruit in a deep pan in which some straw is laid on the bottom; fill the pan with hot water to half the depth of the jars. Pour the syrup in the bottles over the fruit, let them boil in the pan of water two minutes then seal the bottles and stand them to cool.

German Way.—Allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit. Remove the stems and hulls carefully from the berries, and weigh the fruit after this is done. Put the berries in an earthen preserving kettle, with the sugar sprinkled in between and over the berries. Let them stand over night in the sugar. The next morning put the kettle over a slow fire, and when the berries have simmered five minutes lift them out with a skimmer, and lay them on a sieve to drain over a big bowl. Pour the juice that drains from the berries in the sieve over a dish. Let the syrup boil till it spins from the spoon. Skim it well. Put the berries in the syrup again, and let them simmer five minutes, then lift them out with a spoon, put them in jars, filling each jar half full. Let the syrup boil till quite thick, and pour it in the jars over the berries and seal them tight.

English Way.—Take equal weights of strawberries and sugar. Lay the fruit in deep dishes and sprinkle half the sugar over it, and give a gentle shake to the dish, that the sugar may touch the under part of the fruit. The next day make a thick syrup with the remainder of the sugar and the juice drained from the berries, and boil it until it jellies. Then carefully put in the berries, and let them simmer nearly an hour; then put them carefully in jars or bottles, fill them up with the syrup, and seal.

American Way.—Weigh one pound of fruit. Put the sugar into a preserving kettle, with enough water to keep it from sticking. Let the sugar boil to a thick syrup, then put in as many strawberries at a time as will cover the surface of the syrup without crowding them, and let them cook gently for twenty minutes; then skim them out carefully and lay

may be sweetened and rendered fit for use by stirring in a little soda. Salt will curdle new milk. Hence, in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

Clean boiling water will remove tea stains and many fruit stains. Pour the water through the stain and thus prevent it spreading through the fabric.

Ripe tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth and from the hands.

A tablespoon of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

Boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm salt or gum arabic dissolved. ...

Beeswax and salt will make rusty flat irons as clean and smooth as glass. Tie a lump of wax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot rub them first with the rag, then scour with a cloth or paper sprinkled with salt.

Kerosene will soften boots and shoes that have been hardened by water and render them as pliable as new.

A GREAT DIAMOND.

How the Duke of Orleans Obtained the Regent.

One of the most beautiful diamonds in the world is the Regent. It belongs to France. Besides its dimensions, which are considerable, it unites various qualities which further augment its value. When rough it weighed 410 carats. Its present weight is only 136 carats. Its cutting, which is of great excellence, required two years of work. It was valued in 1791 at 12,000,000 francs. This diamond was purchased in the rough state by the grandfather of William Pitt for 312,000 francs. The Duke of Orleans, then Regent of France, acquired it in 1717 for the sum of 3,375,000 francs.

According to St. Simon, who gives an interesting recital of the purchase of the stone, there is quite a different version from that ordinarily accepted:

"Through an extremely rare opportunity an employee in the diamond mines of the Grand Mogul was able to extract one of very large size. He found means of embarking and reaching Europe with his diamond. He took it to England, where the king admired it, without, however, deciding to buy it. A model of glass was made in England and the man was sent with the diamond and model to Law, who proposed it to the Regent for the King. The price frightened the Regent, who refused to buy it.

"The state of the finances was an obstacle on which the Regent insisted. He feared incurring censure for so large a purchase, while there was trouble in providing for the most pressing necessities and many people were left in suffering.

"I applauded this sentiment, but I said to him that it was not suitable to exercise the same economy for the greatest King of Europe as for a private individual; that the honor of the Crown should be considered and the opportunity of procuring a diamond which would eclipse all others in Europe should not be lost. I did not leave the Duke of Orleans until I had obtained the promise that the diamond should be purchased. Law, before speaking to me, had represented to the possessor of the diamond that it would be impossible to procure the sum that he had hoped for, and the loss that would be occasioned by breaking it up into pieces, so that the price had been reduced to 2,000,000 francs, including the scraps that would come from the cutting. The bargain was concluded in this way. The interest of 2,000,000 francs was paid until

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Re-

CANADA.

The car shops of the "Soo" industries may be re-opened.

The improvements to be made at Port Stanley harbor will make it one of the best on Lake Erie.

Auditor-General McDougall has sent in his resignation, with a request for increased superannuation.

Winnipeg building permits for the year to date total \$6,422,650, an increase of \$122,000 over the same period last year.

Medicine Hat will be the headquarters of the Strathcona Horse, the new mounted regiment to be established in the Territories.

Islands on Lake Temagami will be leased by the Government at \$20 for islands half an acre, and \$3 per acre additional up to five acres.

Permits for milk dealers will be issued in Brantford hereafter, and rigid rules will be laid down regarding the use of adulterants.

At Montreal Recorder Weir imposed a fine of \$40 or two months' imprisonment on C. A. Workman, the storekeeper who had a wedding in his window. The Recorder also severely criticized the clergyman who performed the ceremony.

The trading stamp bill renders a company who sells stamps to a merchant liable to a year's imprisonment or \$500 penalty. The merchant who gives them to a customer is liable to six months' imprisonment or \$200 penalty, and the customer who receives them is liable to \$20 penalty.

GREAT BRITAIN.

At Christie's, in London, \$235,525 was paid on Saturday for a collection of pictures.

The members of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association party were entertained at Lord Strathcona's country house on Saturday.

UNITED STATES.

A combination of twenty-six coal companies in Indiana has been effected.

The Wabash Railroad has abolished its espionage system, which cost \$100,000 a year.

The United States Government will prosecute practically all the railway companies for neglect of cattle in transit.

Rev. Charles A. Eton was presented by his Cleveland congregation with a basket of potatoes, in each of which was a gold piece.

United States crop reports have been falsified by an official to suit the market, and information given out in advance to a ring of Wall street speculators.

GENERAL.

Great damage has resulted and lives have been lost by a hurricane in Samoa.

The Swedish Treasury borrowed \$6,500,000 for extraordinary expenditure.

The French and German representatives have agreed upon plans for a conference on the Moroccan question.

REWARDS FOR HEROISM.

Men Who Saved Comrades in Sarnia Tunnel Get Medals.

A despatch from Sarnia, Ont., says:—Mayor David Barr, at a public meeting of the Town Council on Wednesday night, presented Royal Humane Society medals for heroism to the following men for bravery in connection with the disaster in the St. Clair Tunnel last October: Walter Hawn, John Blake, James Ham-

Honey—White clover in comb, 12½c per section, in one-pound sections; extract, in 10-lb. tins, 7c to 7½c; in 60-lb. tins, 6c to 6½c; buckwheat, 6c to 6½c, as to quality.

Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$20 to \$21; light short cut, \$18 to \$19; American cut clear fat backs, \$18 to \$18.50; compound lard, 7c to 7½c; Canadian lard, 9½c to 10½c; kettle rendered, 10½c to 11c, according to quality; hams, 12c to 14c; bacon, 12c to 14c; fresh-killed abattoir hogs, \$9.25 to \$9.50; alive, \$6.50 to \$6.75 for mixed lots; selects, \$7 to \$7.15.

Eggs—Straight stock, 16c to 16½c; No. 2, 14c.

Butter—Choice creamery, 20c to 20½c; under-grades, 19½c to 20c; dairy, 15½c to 16c.

Cheese—Ontario, 9½c to 10c, and Quebec, 9½c to 9½c.

BUFFALO MARKETS.

Buffalo, July 11.—Flour steady. Wheat—Spring firm; No. 1 Northern, \$1.14; Winter, No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—Stronger; No. 2 yellow, 60½c; No. 2 corn, 59½c. Oats—Dull but firm; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 2 mixed, 35c. Rye—Dull; No. 1, 78c. Canal freights—Steady.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, July 11.—The following is the range of quotations:

Export cattle, choice	\$1 90	\$ 5 15
Do., medium	4 75	4 90
Do., bulls	3 50	3 75
Do., light	3 00	3 50
Do., cows	3 00	4 00
Butchers', picked	4 75	4 85
Do., choice	4 50	4 75
Do., medium	4 00	4 50
Do., common	3 60	4 00
Do., cows, choice	3 50	4 25
Do., bulls	2 50	3 50
Feeders, short-keep	4 50	4 75
Do., medium	4 25	4 50
Do., light	4 00	4 25
Do., bulls	2 50	3 00
Stockers, choice	3 50	4 00
Stockers, common	2 50	3 00
Export ewes, per cwt.	3 75	3 90
Do., bucks	3 00	3 25
Cull sheep, per cwt.	3 00	3 25
Spring lambs	3 50	5 25
Calves, cwt.	3 50	6 00
Do., each	2 00	10 00
Hogs, selects		6 40
Do., lights and fats		6 15

STRIKE IN THE CAUCASUS.

Russian Railway Employees Have All Quit Work.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times ascribes the more threatening turn the strike movement has taken to the fact that mobilization is still proceeding. The workmen have become alarmed and restless. Their mood thus far has not been ugly, but they are notoriously under the control of the revolutionary organizations, which may or may not decide upon extreme measures.

The correspondent adds that Batoum is cut off from the world, all steamers having stopped. The railway employees in the Caucasus are striking.

HAVOC BY TORNADO.

Probably Sixty Killed by a Fierce Storm in Texas.

A despatch from Nacano, Texas, says:—A tornado and thunderstorm passed a few miles west and south of here on Wednesday morning, killing fourteen persons and injuring many others and destroying a number of houses. Many farm houses were swept entirely away. The school house, three miles west of here, was damaged. Reports of the work of the tornado are still coming in. The number of killed and injured will probably reach sixty.

James S. Alderdice, a New York lawyer, was sentenced to eighteen years in prison for forgery.

keeping it from sticking. Let the sugar boil to a thick syrup, then put in as many strawberries at a time as will cover the surface of the syrup without crowding them, and let them cook gently for twenty minutes; then skim them out carefully and lay them on platters to cool, so they lay separately. When they are cold put them into glass jars and strain the hot syrup through a fine sieve over them and seal the jars.

SANITATION OF THE KITCHEN.

A careless cook can in a short time create enough malarial or other poison in the kitchen to make herself and the rest of the family sick, writes Susanna W. Dodds, M.D. One of the first things for her to learn is to keep the dish towels and all the cloths used about the kitchen scrupulously clean. This is something that is very difficult to teach to the average cook, and often a filthy dish rag is hung up behind the stove, or it lies a foul and slimy mass in the sink or on the table. There are other ways of generating typhoid fever, diphtheria, etc., than from bad plumbing, though the latter is a common cause in many homes.

All the cloths, dishes, pots, pans, and other cooking utensils should not only look clean but be clean. I have seen sauce dishes and even plates actually stick together from being set away dirty; and where there is carelessness in this respect the sink itself is often in an insanitary condition. Grease or greasy water is poured down the drain; these become lined with anything that will stick to them, and foul odors escape into the room. Even cooks the most tidy should use a disinfectant from time to time and keep the pipes clear. There are various preparations which may be employed, as sal soda, carbolic acid solution, and even common copperas, though this, it much used, will rust iron pipes badly. Boiling water poured down occasionally tends to keep the pipes in good condition. There should be a strainer over the opening of the drain pipe, to prevent its becoming obstructed, and if the sink is kept clean this will be a further safeguard.

Kettles or basins containing refuse, as apples or potato parings, skins of tomatoes, scraps from the table, etc., should not be allowed to stand around hour after hour in the kitchen until the whole is a seething mass of fermentation. Many cooks are extremely careless in this matter; it is a little trouble to go to the rear and empty the refuse into a garbage box or bin. The practice in some houses is to burn up all the waste from the kitchen, which would seem to be a very sanitary method, but in hot weather, when the gas stoves are in use and the range is not lighted for days and weeks together, its fire-box is anything but a good receptacle for waste. It is better to take this directly to the garbage box, to be promptly removed at frequent intervals.

It should be the duty of either the cook or the housekeeper to inspect daily the icebox, cupboard and pantry, and see that nothing is left in them to spoil or ferment. Moreover, the ice chest should be thoroughly cleaned every few days; one cannot be too careful in these particulars. In fact, it is a good rule not to cook more than is needed from day to day; and one equally important, in planning a meal, is to see if anything has been left over that ought to be used. Such a practice is not only good economy, but it promotes domestic hygiene.

Tables made of soft wood, which soaks up water readily, or with large cracks running through them, often become receptacles for filth. A good way is to cover them over with zinc, this being easily kept clean.

REMEMBER THAT

Milk which is turned or changed

would be occasioned by breaking it up into pieces, so that the price had been reduced to 2,000,000 francs, including the scraps that would come from the cutting. The bargain was concluded in this way. The interest of 2,000,000 francs was paid until the whole amount could be raised, and in the meantime 2,000,000 francs in precious stones was hypothecated.

In the celebrated robbery at the Garde Meuble, in 1792, this stone was stolen and concealed behind a roof timber of a barn. As a result of a proclamation it was recovered by a municipal officer named Sergeant.

The Regent was the most beautiful jewel in the coronation crown of King Louis XV. Later, it was held by Vanlerberghe, a banker, as a pledge for his advances. A historian of the times states that the wife of the banker took the opportunity of wearing it while it was in her husband's possession.

The First Consul in his turn pledged the Regent to the Batavian Government to procure the funds which were lacking after the 18th Brumaire. Later he ornamented his Austerlitz sword with the celebrated diamond, which, in the words of Vautout, might well have dispensed with the ornament.

GAVE UP JOKING.

The following amusing story is told by a man who attempted to play a practical joke, but was thwarted in a very unexpected way. He says:—

"I am very particular about fastening the doors and windows of my house. I do not intend to leave them open at night as an invitation to burglars to enter. You see, I was robbed by doing that, and I never mean to be again; so when I go to bed I like to be sure that every door and window is securely fastened."

"Last winter my wife engaged a strapping young country girl, and the new-comer was very careless about the doors at night. On one or two occasions I came downstairs to find a window up or the back door unlocked. I cautioned her, but it did no good. I therefore determined to frighten her."

"I put on false whiskers, and one night, about eleven o'clock, I crept down the back stairs to the kitchen, where she was. She had turned down the gas, and was in her chair by the fire sound asleep, as I could tell by her breathing; but the moment I struck a match she awoke. I expected a great yelling and screaming, but nothing of the sort took place."

"She bounced out of her seat with a 'You villain!' on her lips, seized a chair by the back, and, before I had made a move, she hit me over the head, forcing me to my knees. I tried to get up, tried to explain who I was, but in vain. Before I could get out of the room she struck me again; and it was only after I had tumbled up the back stairs that she gave the alarm. Then she came up to my room, rapped at the door, and coolly announced: 'Mr. Dash, please get up! I've killed a burglar!'"

Fourteen miners were killed and a number injured by an explosion caused by fire-damp in a colliery at Anderlues, Belgium, on Saturday.

In Switzerland there are no fewer than twenty-six electric mountain railways.

A hot wave of unusual intensity has caused much suffering in different European countries.

Maxim Gorky, the Russian novelist, says that peace now would be a misfortune.

Over 80,000 people visited the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, in June. Nearly all came on excursions got up by farmers' institutes in many sections of the Province.

At a public meeting of the Town Council on Wednesday night, presented Royal Humane Society medals for heroism to the following men for bravery in connection with the disaster in the St. Clair Tunnel last October: Walter Hawn, John Blake, James Hamilton, Alexander Forbes, William Cameron, John Arbaugh, Frederick Forrester, Charles Fisher, Angus Macdonald, Franklin J. McKee. The men displayed conspicuous bravery at the time six men were fatally overcome by gas in the tunnel.

MANY BAD ACCIDENTS.

Two Lives Lost on C.N.R. Bridges Near North Battleford.

A Winnipeg despatch says:—A North Battleford correspondent states that many accidents have taken place in the construction of the C.N.R. bridges, seven miles above North Battleford. One man was killed by a pulley falling from the steam pile-driver and striking him on the head, and another lost his life by falling from the bridge and drowning. Another had his jaw bone broken, whilst still another had his finger smashed by being caught between the hammer and the head of a pile. He had to have his finger amputated. No names are given.

INDIAN WOMAN MURDERED.

Shocking Crime on the Reserve Near Brantford.

A despatch from Brantford says: Betsy Jacobs, an Indian woman and a cripple, living on the reserve near this city, was cruelly murdered at an early hour on Sunday morning. Joe Bennett, an Indian tough, who has since disappeared, is suspected of the crime, and will be arrested if possible. The evidence against Bennett is of the most convincing nature. A letter which he received only on Saturday night was found beside the murdered woman this morning, while his hasty departure and subsequent hiding are taken as evidences of guilt.

PEACE OUTLOOK NOT GOOD.

Generals in Manchuria Want One More Opportunity.

A despatch from London says: The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph is pessimistic regarding the outlook for peace. He says he is enabled to affirm categorically that Gen. Linvitch and the commander of each Manchurian army are literally bombarding the Czar with reports showing that victory is about to smile on them, and beseeching at least six months more in which to fight. The Czar and his advisers have implicit confidence in the generals.

JAPAN BORROWS MILLIONS.

Bonds Will be Floated in London, Berlin and New York.

A despatch from New York says:—Semi-final details concerning the latest Japanese loan of \$150,000,000 were made public on Wednesday. The bonds will bear interest at 4½ per cent., and are secured by a second lien upon the tobacco monopoly.

The loan will be divided into three equal parts, London, Berlin and New York each taking \$50,000,000. The subscription price probably will be the same as the previous loan, which was 87 5-8. An interesting feature is Germany's direct participation in the loan. The Japanese Government practically pledges itself not to draw upon the subscriptions received here before October 31.

In the event of peace resulting from the coming negotiations between Russia and Japan, the proceeds of this loan will be applied toward the refunding of Japan's internal debt. If not it will go into the country's war credit.

As a Thirst Quencher

There is no other beverage can compare with

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea, which is absolutely the purest and most delicious tea the world produces.

Black, Mixed or Green. Lead Packets only. By all Grocers.
Highest Award St. Louis, 1904.

MILLIONS MAKE MILLIONS

MAN WHO MADE \$150,000,000
IN A YEAR.

Increase in Value of Standard Oil
Stock Added \$124,000,000
to His Riches.

"I made the thousands, the millions made themselves," the late Jay Gould once declared; and, although the statement may perhaps savour of exaggeration, it is probable that many another man of millions would endorse J. D. Blair's statement, "I made my second million easier than my first thousand."

At what an astounding rate a fortune may grow when once it has passed the million rubicon, which so few of us may hope to reach, is proved by the following statement of Mr. J. D. Rockefeller's wealth at different stages of his romantic career. In 1865 his capital, all told, was a bare \$5,000; five years later it had grown to \$50,000; in five years more it touched \$1,000,000; another ten years made it \$50,000,000; five more years doubled it; in 1899 his fortune had reached the stupendous sum of \$250,000,000; and to-day, just forty years after the first thousand was saved, it is said to

EXCEED \$500,000,000.

Thus, in fifteen years (1875 to 1890) Mr. Rockefeller increased his fortune a hundredfold; and in the next fifteen, though he has only multiplied it by five, he has added \$400,000,000 to it.

To illustrate how possible such an increase is, and how millions can make millions, let us take one year—that of 1890—in Mr. Rockefeller's race for riches. At the beginning of that year he stated on oath he was the owner of \$31,000,000 in Standard Oil stock. Before December came that stock had appreciated 400 points—each \$5 he held in January had grown to \$20 by the end of the year, and thus, as any boy can calculate, his holding in the Standard Oil Company alone had added \$124,000,000 to his riches without any effort whatever on his part. At the same time Mr. Rockefeller had been operating heavily in the stocks of half-a-dozen railways, and in co-operation with Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan and Mr. James J. Hill had formed a colossal

RAILWAY COMBINATION;

with the result that these transactions put \$27,500,000 more into his exchequer. From these sources alone the American Croesus added to his fortune nearly \$150,000,000 in a single year, a larger sum than he had accumulated in the thirty years ending in 1895.

That a man who, like Mr. Pierpont Morgan, practically controls properties capitalized at over \$6,500,000,000—or \$1,000,000,000 more than the aggregate revenue of the

education switch," she said, "the girls have had to work at greater pressure, and cases of nervous breakdown have become much more numerous than was formerly the case."

"The department especially affected is the Metropolitan Gallery. I used to work there myself, and I found that the strain was almost unbearable."

"The girls themselves perhaps are partly to blame, for, while the men clerks will not do more than a certain amount of work, the women are much more industrious, and work at high pressure the whole time."

"The nervous complaint from which so many are suffering principally affects the arms, causing paralysis of the muscles."

"In the case of some of the older women who have broken down in this way, the authorities have acted generously enough, and have enabled them to retire with a pension. I know of a young girl, however, who, the moment her eyesight became affected—which very likely was due to overwork—was discharged. She had only left a short time when she recovered completely, but they have never taken her back."

WASTING ANAEMIA.

A Trouble That Afflicts Thousands of Young Girls—Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do only one thing, but they do it well. They fill the veins with new, rich, red, health-giving blood, which drives away all traces of anaemia, headache, backache, palpitation, nervousness, dizziness and despondency. The new blood they make brightens dull lustreless eyes, and brings the rosy glow of health to pale cheeks. In curing anaemia Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure the foundation of consumption as well. The new blood they actually make gives new strength and vigor to every organ in the body, and enables it to fight whatever disease attacks it. That is why they are the best medicine in the world for girls in their teens—or women in middle life—and to all those whose blood is weak, watery or impure.

Miss Mazy E. Pratt, Blyth, Ont., gives strong testimony to the value of these pills. She says: "I was a sufferer for over a year with anaemia. I was completely run down, had frequent headaches, spells of dizziness and palpitation of the heart. I doctored all summer and was no better than when I began. I had practically given up all hope of finding a cure when my brother advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got four boxes and when I had taken them I felt so much better that I got six boxes more, and before I had taken all these I was completely cured. I am more thankful than I can say for what the pills have done for me, as but for them I

THE HEIR OF SANTLEIGH

OR
THE STEWARD'S SON

CHAPTER VI.

It was an awkward moment. Norah had descended upon them like an apparition, and there was no time to conceal the fury on the face of the one man, or the anger and indignation on that of the other.

It was especially an awkward moment for Norah; for, when you come to think of it, what can a lady do under such circumstances? She can scarcely strike an attitude and exclaim, after the manner of old-fashioned heroines of romance, "Hold, forbear!"

What Norah did was to look from one to the other, and then, as the blood slowly returned to her beautiful face, to murmur:

"For shame!"
Cyril Burne's face crimsoned, and, being the manlier of the two men, he hung his head for a moment as he stood without his hat, which he had just presence of mind to remove at her appearance; but Guildford Berton's face seemed to grow paler and sallow, and his nostrils contracted as he breathed hard and quickly, and tried to quiet the dog, which still continued to threaten him.

Norah stooped down and caught Casper by the collar, and her movement broke the spell which seemed to have fallen upon Cyril and Berton. "I—I'm afraid my horse startled you, Lady Norah," the latter said, without raising his eyes to her face after the first glance. "But—but this—dog," he paused, slightly before the word, and it was evident that he only just succeeded in smothering "cursed"—"always frightened me. It is a savage, ill-tempered brute that ought to have been shot long ago, and—and I don't think you ought to have him with you."

Norah patted Casper's head admonishingly.

"I don't think he is so savage. And I am not afraid of him."

"He always flies at me," said Guildford Berton, eyeing Casper sideways; "I'm sure I don't know why."

There was a moment's silence. Cyril resumed his packing up. Guildford Berton stood awkwardly twitching at the bridle, then he said:

"It is a fine morning for a walk. I have to go over to a distant part of the estate for the earl. Good-morning, Lady Norah," and, raising his hat, he got into the saddle, and, with a swift glance out of the corners of his eyes at Cyril, rode off.

Norah had gone down on one knee the better to hold and restrain Casper while Berton was present, but she rose now, and Cyril quietly came forward and picked up her hat.

She took it from him with a slight inclination of the head and a "Thank you," and was turning from him when Cyril said in a low and earnest voice:

"May I venture to apologize for my share—the larger, I am afraid—in the scene which I fear you witnessed?"

"I—I don't think it was all your fault," she said in as low a voice as his, but her lovely eyes met his frankly and fearlessly.

"Nearly all. I was the offender in the first instance. I am trespassing

herself, she gently sank down on the moss, and laid her hand on the dog's collar to keep him quiet.

Cyril did not speak again for some minutes, but painted rapidly: then he looked up.

There was a faint flush on his tanned face, and a light, half-triumphant half-apprehensive, in his eyes.

"I've got him!" he said.

Norah sprang to her feet, and came behind him, and uttered an exclamation.

He had painted herself as well as Casper.

He looked up at her face, that now had more roses than milk in it, and in a low, almost pleading voice, said:

"Are you offended? Pray, pray forgive me. It was such a temptation! If you are angry—" And he held the wet brush over the figure in the picture as if he were going to daub it out.

"No, do not paint it out. I think the picture looks better with a figure in it; and no one could tell that it was me."

"No, no; it is very gracious of you not to be angry, for it was exceedingly presumptuous of me."

"Perhaps if Casper and I had known we were being painted, we should have put ourselves into a more graceful pose."

"He is wonderfully quiet for so savage a dog."

"But he is not savage—at least, I am sure he is not. It is only with persons he does not like."

"Then he does not like the gentleman who left us a little while ago?" he said interrogatively.

"No, I suppose not," assented Norah.

"Would you think me very inquisitive if I asked you who he is?" he said, gently and respectfully.

"His name is Guildford Berton," replied Norah at once, "and he is a great friend of my father's."

"And of yours?" he said in a low voice. "I cannot tell you how sorry I am that I should have quarreled with a friend of yours."

"He is not a friend of mine; I mean that I scarcely know him. I saw him for the first time last night."

"Last night," he said, dreamily.

"Yes," she said, "last night." She looked away from him, then toward him again. "Have you been staying long at Santleigh?"

"No," he said, "only a very short time." He took off his soft felt hat, and pushed the hair from his brow, and turned his handsome face toward her with a smile. "I ought to give some account of myself."

"Oh, it is not necessary," she murmured.

"But it is right that you should know who it is—"

Norah, listening with downcast eyes, noticed the sharp pause.

"I haven't a card," he went on; "a poor traveling artist has very little use for such a social luxury; but my name is Cyril Burne. I get my living, such as it is, by painting, such as you see," and he nodded at the sketch deprecatingly; "and I am staying at the quaint little inn they call The Chequers. I think that's

\$100,000,000 or \$1,000,000,000 more than the aggregate revenue of the forty-three principal nations of the world—should be in a position to make money, goes without saying. It is interesting, however, to see how and at what rate he can add to his millions.

Five years ago, when the great coal strike was on, and in the absence of any prospect of a settlement, Mr. Mark Hanna, Mr. McKinley's campaign manager, called on Mr. Morgan and told him that for political reasons the strike would have to be settled at once. Mr. Morgan accordingly called a meeting of the mine-owners to receive Mr. Hanna's proposals; and, confident that the deliberations would end in a settlement, he proceeded to buy every coal share he and his agents could secure.

Mr. Morgan's foresight was justified; the strike was settled, prices took a big leap upwards, and the great financier was able to sell at a profit variously estimated at from

\$10,000,000 To \$15,000,000.

It is said that Mr. Morgan has cleared from \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000 by each of his great reorganization schemes. Once he made a profit of \$3,000,000 by the purchase of bonds from the Cleveland Administration, and, as a sample of smaller pickings that have come so plentifully his way, when the New York Central Railroad found it necessary in 1895 to issue 45,000 shares of new stock, Mr. Morgan sold the entire block in Europe and made a personal commission of \$500,000.

In 1890 Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt is said to have netted \$15,000,000 by operations in railway stocks alone. In the same year it is stated on good authority that Mr. Russell Sage made a profit of \$15,000,000; Mr. James Stillman, Mr. Thomas M. Lawson, and Mr. James Hill netted over \$10,000,000 each; and Mr. William C. Whitney and several others added over \$5,000,000 each to their fortunes. During last year it is reported that a dozen American millionaires increased their already enormous capitals by over \$300,000,000 in sums ranging from \$5,000,000 to \$75,000,000.

GIRL, CLERKS COLLAPSE.

High Pressure From New Invention Causes Breakdown.

An alarming outbreak of neuritis, amounting almost to an epidemic, has occurred among the women clerks in the telegraph department of the General Post-office, London, England.

The outbreak is due to the large reductions in the staff which have recently taken place, and to the fact that the existing staff of women clerks is terribly overworked.

Miss Mabel Hope, head of the women's branch of the Postal Telegraph Clerk's Association, who herself works in the telegraph department of the General Post-office, declares that a large number of young women were now absent from work owing to nervous breakdown.

"Ever since the introduction of what is known as the inter-communi-

cal telegraph, I can say for what the pills have done for me, as but for them I would not be enjoying good health to-day. I strongly urge all weak girls to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial."

Miss Pratt's experience proves the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to every weak and ailing person. These pills can be had from any medicine dealer or by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50c. a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

CURE FOR SEA-SICKNESS.

Sea-sickness, according to the latest scientific view, is an affection of the eyes which, for its distressing reality, might almost be described as an optical delusion. Mr. J. Metcalfe Sharpe, ship surgeon of the Cunard liner *Ulltonia*, suggests a novel remedy. According to him, sea-sickness is a nervous malady produced by seeing the motion of objects on board ship. The remedy is to bandage one eye, which has the effect of altering the focus. Sixty-five per cent. of fifty cases so treated by Mr. Sharpe were relieved in from six to twenty-four hours.

SICKLY CHILDREN.

More children die during the hot weather months than at any other season of the year. Their vitality is then at its lowest ebb, and an attack of diarrhoea, cholera infantum or stomach trouble may prove fatal in a few hours. For this reason no home in which there are young children should be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets, which promptly cure all stomach and bowel troubles. If the Tablets are given to a well child they will prevent these ailments and keep the little one well and strong. Mrs. Joseph T. Pigeon, Bryson, Que., says: "My little one was attacked with colic and diarrhoea, and I found Baby's Own Tablets so satisfactory that I would not now be without them in the house." These Tablets not only cure summer troubles, but all the minor ailments that afflict infants and young children. They contain no opiate or harmful drug, and may be given with equal safety to the new born baby or well grown child. There are imitations of this medicine and mothers should see that the words "Baby's Own Tablets" and the four-leaf clover with child's head on each leaf is found on the wrapper around each box. As you value your child's life do not be persuaded to take a substitute for Baby's Own Tablets—the one medicine that makes children well and keeps them well. Sold by all druggists, or you can get them by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WORK OF SALVATION ARMY.

The Salvation Army is at work in forty-nine countries and colonies, speaks thirty-one languages, has 7,210 corps, "circles," and societies; 18,493 officers and cadets; employs 2,566 persons, and has 45,339 local officers. It has sixty-three periodicals in twenty-four languages, with an issue of 1,208,000. There are 644 institutions for its social work, and in twelve months the Army supplied 4,573,399 beds and 7,213,506 meals.

CASHIER'S RECORD.

Mr. John Watt, J.P., cashier in the Commercial Bank, George Street, Edinburgh, has retired after the record service of fifty-six and a half years without a day's absence.

THE JAPS AND THEIR TEETH.

Japanese inns furnish fresh tooth-brushes every morning free to every guest. The brush is of wood, shaped like a pencil, and frayed to a tuft of brush of fibre at the large end.

frankly and fearlessly.

"Nearly all. I was the offender in the first instance. I am trespassing, and this gentleman very properly requested me to quit."

"Surely you were doing no harm." "As to that, one does not know. I may have disturbed the game, or intruded on a favorite walk of yours for instance."

"Not of mine," she said. "I was never here until to-day."

"I am sorry I should have spoiled your first visit to so lovely a spot. Indeed, its beauty, as I said, must be my only excuse for intruding. I was so keen upon my sketch. But I will efface myself as quickly as possible, and promise not to repeat my offense."

"You mean that you will go? Please do not; at any rate, until you have finished your sketch."

"You are very kind. I shall not take many minutes."

"Oh! there is no need for you to hurry, and, perhaps, spoil it! I am sure the earl—my father—would be only too glad for you to sketch any part of the place. May I see it?"

"Certainly."

Norah went up to it, and looked at it, and at once recognized that the trespasser was not a mere amateur.

"It is very pretty," she said, dreamily. "It would have been a thousand pities to have left it unfinished. Please go on!"

He seated himself on his camp-stool obediently, and took up his palette and brushes.

"What a lovely little glade!" she said, absently; "and how well you caught that beam of light across the elm trunk."

"Well, that isn't difficult—a trick of Chinese white and ochre. You spoke just now of the earl as your father?"

"Yes, I am Lord Arrowdale's daughter."

"Then, indeed, I have full authority for remaining, and am trespassing no longer. You have the good fortune to live in very beautiful surroundings. I don't think I ever saw a lovelier place."

"I have not been here very long," said Norah. "I only came here last night, and have seen very little of it."

His brush halted, and he looked up at her. Every word she spoke had an intense interest for him.

"Only last night? How strange it must seem to you!"

"Yes, it is strange, very strange," she assented.

"And delightful. I mean that a beautiful scene becomes twice as beautiful when it is one's own."

"Or when one can make it one's own," she said.

"Oh, yes. We poor painters have great compensations for our poverty. We are here to-day, and gone to-morrow, but we can snatch some sort of a reflection of the beauties which belong to other and more fortunate beings. This wants a bit of life in it," he went on without pausing, and, jumping at an idea which occurred to him, an excuse for keeping her beside him a little longer. "It would be a great thing if I could put the dog in—just there, at the foot of the elm." And he pointed to the spot on the canvas with the end of his brush. "He seems quite quiet now."

Casper had thrown himself down almost at his feet, and appeared to be enjoying a snooze after his late excitement.

"Yes," said Norah, innocently. "Could you not sketch him from where he is. If I made him get up, perhaps he would not sit still again; and yet I don't know. Casper!" Calling to him, she led him to the foot of the elm, and without much trouble persuaded him to lie down. "Will that do?" she said, smiling brightly at her success.

"Admirably!" he replied fervently. "How very, very good of you! I won't keep him more than a minute or two!"

"Oh, he'll be good, I'm sure!" Norah called back, and, thinking only of the picture, and nothing of

the sketch deprecatingly, "and I am staying at the quaint little inn they call The Chequers. I think that's all, he laughed quietly, "excepting," and his voice grew grave and earnest, "that I am very, very grateful to you for your kind permission to finish my sketch," and he inclined his head with a simple but deeply respectful gesture of acknowledgement. "It is very little to be grateful for," she said, with the smile that made her face perfect. "I am sure my father—"

As she spoke Casper raised his head with a growl, and, thinking that Guildford Berton was returning, Norah ran toward the dog. A moment afterward a slow step was heard, and the earl came from between the trees.

His head was bent and his hands crossed upon his stick, and he did not see them at once. Then he started, and looked with his keen gray eyes, which eventually fixed them, selves upon the handsome face of the young artist.

Norah looked neither embarrassed nor shy, but, going up to him, said, quietly:

"This gentleman is making a sketch of the glade, papa."

Cyril Burne had risen, and now raised his hat.

The earl raised his with his accustomed courtliness, and the two men looked at each other; the elder one with veiled scrutiny, the younger with the frank respect due to age, but with another expression which Norah caught, but did not understand.

"I am gratified that you should deem our purely sylvan scenery worthy your attention, sir," said the earl in his dulcet tones. "We cannot lay claim to any grandeur, but—"

He waived his white hand almost apologetically toward the beautiful sweep of woods and fields.

"I ought to ask your pardon for trespassing, my lord," said Cyril Burne, "and would do so, but that this lady has absolved me."

"My daughter has rightly interpreted my desire, sir," he said in his very best manner. "Art holds a passport which only the barbarian refuses to acknowledge. I beg you will consider yourself free to wander anywhere you please."

Cyril Burne bowed, and the earl moved toward the easel.

"May one venture to ask the favor of a sight of your picture, Mr —"

He paused.

"Burne, Cyril Burne," said Cyril.

"Ah," murmured the earl, "I do not think I have heard the name before; but, indeed, I have been so long out of touch with the artistic world as to be ignorant of its most famous men."

"I am one of the least famous, my lord," he said.

"Then your merit still awaits its reward, believe me," retorted the earl.

"I ought to ask your pardon for trespassing, my lord," said the earl, raising his eyeglass and examining the sketch with the appropriate air of critical attention. But as he saw the figure of Norah he turned his glasses upon the artist, and then upon Norah with a veiled sharpness.

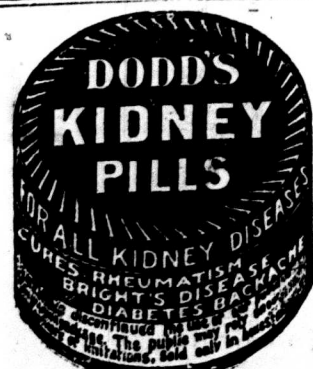
"Is this the first time you have acted as a model, Norah?"

"Yes," she replied, "and I did it unconsciously now. Mr. Burne was painting the dog—"

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a food because it stands so emphatically for perfect nutrition. And yet in the matter of restoring appetite, of giving new strength to the tissues, especially to the nerves, its action is that of a medicine.

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50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.



THIS MUSICIAN IS DELIGHTED

**HIS KIDNEY DISEASE, AND
GRAVEL CURED BY DODD'S
KIDNEY PILLS.**

Tried many Medicines but got no Relief Till He Used the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Rosedene, Ont., July 10.—(Special)—Mr. Samuel J. Crow, the well-known musician of this place, relates an experience that adds to the already great popularity of Dodd's Kidney Pills in this locality.

"I suffered for years with Kidney Trouble," says Mr. Crow, "which became aggravated with every attack of cold and caused me much agony. The disease developed into Gravel, when I was totally unfit for anything.

"I tried different remedies without the desired result and was in much misery when I decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, when to my astonishment and delight I immediately began to recover.

"After using five boxes the ailment had entirely ceased and I was again enjoying perfect vigor, all of which I owe to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

The fact that Gravel yields so readily to Dodd's Kidney Pills is good news indeed, as it does away with those terrible operations that were supposed to be the only relief from this trouble.

"And presumed to add another figure," said Cyril, quickly, "and, with your daughter's permission, retained it on the canvas; but if you have the least objection, my lord—" He took up the brush as he had done before.

"No, no," said the earl, evidently mollified by such prompt deference; "pray let it stand. Lady Norah is the best judge of the—conveniences"—he said this as if he meant to imply that she was the very worst—"and if she does not object—" He shrugged his shoulders slightly, as if the matter were really too trivial for elaboration. "Permit me to repeat my request that you will use any part of Santleigh you please for your sketch-book, Mr. Burne, and to wish you good-bye. Come, Norah," and he raised his hat with a stately grace.

Norah bestowed a bow and a smile upon Cyril, who bent respectfully, and the earl and Norah walked away.

For some minutes the earl was silent; then in the softest and suavest of voices, he said:

"Had you ever met that young man before, Norah? Pray pardon my curiosity, and if it is unwelcome to you, do not gratify it."

"Why should I not tell you, papa? she said. "Oh, no, I never saw him before this morning; and," she smiled, "I should not have seen him then if I had not overheard him and Mr. Berton—talking," she said, instead of "quarrelling."

"Oh! Guildford Berton and he met this morning. Does he—Guildford, I mean—know him?"

"Evidently not," said Norah, "for Mr. Berton was warning him off as a trespasser, when—"

"You interposed and gave him permission to remain, put in the earl, dryly; "and to recompense him permitted him to insert you in his sketch?"

"You forget, papa, that I do not know he was painting me. He was taking Casper's portrait."

"Ah, well! Your friend is evidently a gentleman—"

"My friend, papa!" and she laughed.

"At any rate you were very friend-

Sunlight Soap will not burn the nap off woollens nor the surface off linens.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Box.

as I can," and an expression of anxiety and disquietude crossed her face. "Poor girl! No father nor mother! I hope she comes to see you often, Harman. You must be proud of having so pretty a niece."

"Proud? Oh, yes, miss; but—" Harman paused a moment, then went on as if explaining the pause. "Becca's a good girl as girls go, my lady, but inclined to be flighty and light-headed. If people would only not be so ready to tell her to her face that she's well favored it would be better for her."

"It must be difficult not to be vain with such hair and eyes. And I suppose Becca has a great many admirers and is something of a flirt?"

"That's it, my lady," she said. "Her young head gets turned, I'm afraid. And—and there is no one to look after her as she should be looked after. My father is old and almost blind, and I can't have her with me always."

"Why not? Why shouldn't she come into the house? I'm sure there is room enough."

"Oh, my lady!" she said. "But—Becca doesn't know anything, and Mrs. Parsons—that's the housekeeper, my lady—will not have young girls in the Court unless they are properly trained."

"But one can't be born an accomplished servant," said Norah, laughing. "One must learn."

"Yes, my lady," assented Harman, "that's true, and Becca could learn anything, she's so quick; but—"

"Well?" said Norah, who saw there was still something behind.

"Ah, my lady, you'll think me ungrateful and Becca a foolish, conceited girl, and I'm afraid she is, for the stupid child has got it into her head that she's above a servant's place, my lady. And it's such a pity for she's so quick with her needle, and so apt at catching up anything in the book learning."

"I don't think any the worse of her for all this," and if you think she would be happy, why shouldn't she come and help you with my clothes? I'm afraid you will have a great deal too much to do, and you would like to have her under your charge, would you not?"

"You are very good, my lady," Harman said, almost inaudibly. "And she will be glad to come, I know. And as to me—"

"Very well, then, that is settled. And, oh, Harman, you may tell Mrs. Parsons that I will pay Rebecca's wages. I am quite rich. How much ought I to give her? Please tell me the truth, now!"

"Nothing, my lady. But, if anything, very little indeed."

"Twenty pounds a year?" suggested Norah.

"No, my lady," said Harman, "that would be too high a wage, and too much for so young a girl as Becca to have to spend on dress—for that's how it would all go," she sighed.

"Well," said Norah, thoughtfully, "where is the special wickedness in that, Harman? If I earned any money I should like to spend it how I pleased, and I am sure Becca would buy very pretty clothes."

"Yes, my lady," assented Harman.

WHY DON'T YOU QUIT?

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and you'll see where the good comes in.

We Know the Quality is There, and We Want You to Know it Too. A TEST IS WHAT WE WANT.

PACIFIC COAST EXCURSIONS.

During June, July, August and September the Chicago and North Western Ry. will sell from Chicago, round trip excursion tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Ore. (Lewis & Clarke Excursion), Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver at very low rates. Correspondingly cheap fares from all points in Canada. Choice of routes, best of train service, favorable stopovers and liberal return limits. Rates, folders and full information can be obtained from B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 31

"But, my dear," remonstrated Mr. Meekun, "there's a good deal to be said on both sides." "No there isn't," answered his spouse. "I've told you what I think about it, and that's all that is going to be said."

A Sure Cure for Headache.—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute, in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. For Meek's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

"I wish to ask the Court," said a lawyer who had been put into the witness-box to testify as an expert, "if I am compelled to come into this case, in which I have no personal interest, and give a legal opinion for nothing?" "Yes, certainly," replied the judge; "give it for what it is worth!"

Too Many People Daily With Catarrh.—It strikes one like a thunder-clap, develops with a rapidity that no other disease does. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the radical, quick, safe and pleasant cure that the disease demands. Use the means, prevent its deep-seating and years of distress. Don't daily with Catarrh. Agnew's gives relief in ten minutes. 50 cents.—97

Lawyer—"Now, see here; before I take your case, I want to know if you're guilty?" Prisoner—"Am I guilty? D'yer s'pose I'd be fool enough ter hire the most expensive lawyer in town if I wuz innocent?"

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effective every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

Every inch of the Nyang Chu valley in Tibet is cultivated. "Nyang" means the "land of delicacies."

Lifebuoy Soap — disinfectant — is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases. 22

St. Catherine's Lighthouse, Isle of Wight, has just been fitted with a flashlight which is estimated to be equal to fifteen million candle-power.

How Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets Give Instant Relief.—They're handy to carry—take one after eating—or whenever you feel stomach distress coming on—sufferers have proved it

FARM FOR SALE—640 ACRES. West $\frac{1}{2}$ 17 and south $\frac{1}{2}$ 18, 6, 14 west, in the famous Glenboro district; 525 acres under cultivation, balance hay and pasture; All wheat land, but would make a good mixed farm; always been free from frost and hail; abundance of good water, good frame house, stone elevator, capacity 12,000 bushels; other out-buildings, comfortable, nice maple grove. Also north $\frac{1}{2}$ 18, 0, 15, 250 acres, a first-class grain farm; can plow every foot, all under cultivation, fair buildings. Plenty of good water. Write or call. W. A. Card, Glenboro, Man.

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DO YOU WISH TO SELL YOUR farm? If you do, send us a full and complete description and lowest price and we will place it on our list and list it in our next Bulletin, which will be issued soon. If we sell your farm, we charge you 2 1/2 per cent. commission. If no sale is made through us, we make no charge. Rutherton & Rilett, Estate Agents, Hamilton.

BALLSTON LAKE—Country seat, stock and poultry farm, 117 acres, on lake front, new house, 11 rooms and bath; gravity water system in house; large barn, carriage house, poultry houses, yards, brooders, rabbit hutches; 10 minutes Saratoga and Schenectady trolley; beautiful site for hotel or summer boarding house; write for price. CHAS E. STEVENS, Ballston Lake, Saratoga County, N. Y.

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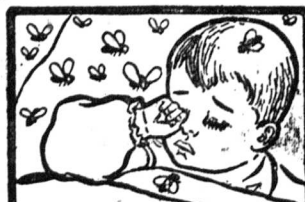
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BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO.
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20 Ayrshire Bulls—four to twenty months old; Ayrshire Females all ages; also improved Yorkshire pigs. Apply to HON. W. OWENS,
Monte Bello, Que.



LET THE BABY SLEEP

USE
**WILSON'S
FLY PADS**

ing, asking Casper's portrait.
"Ah, well! Your friend is evidently a gentleman."
"My friend, papa!" and she laughed.
"At any rate you were very friendly."
"Why should I not be? Mr. Berton had been so rude that I wanted to make it up to him, to show that it was not your wish that he should be treated as he had been."
"I comprehend, but pardon me if I venture to remark that you must have misapprehended Guildford Berton. He is incapable of rudeness."
Could it be possible that the earl, who seemed so keen and incisive an observer, should be deceived by Guildford Berton?
"Guildford is a young man of great firmness and tenacity of purpose, and he is a model of courtesy and forbearance. I fear that the young stranger must have been the person guilty of incivility."
A swift denial rose to Norah's lips, but she suppressed it.
"Indeed," he resumed, "the young man appears to me to have any quantity of—will call it confidence. Doubtless he will paint a finished picture from his little sketch, and it will be represented in next year's Academy as a portrait of Lady Norah Arrowdale. Perhaps that would not altogether displease you, however."
"I am sure he will do nothing of the kind," she said, quietly and confidently. "You said, papa, that he was a gentleman."
"A gentleman leavened by the artist. But we can easily set the matter at rest. Guildford Berton shall make inquiries about him, and if he finds his credentials satisfactory, I will, if you like, call upon him and ask him to dinner."
"I am quite indifferent, papa, and perhaps he would not come."
"It is possible, but not probable. We will see. Guildford shall make inquiries about him. One should encourage art."
Norah made no response, and in silence they reached the house.
As they were ascending the steps, a young girl in a pink dress came from a small doorway below the terrace, and moved slowly toward the shrubbery.
She was a slim and graceful girl, a brunette, with hair and eyes almost black in hue, and Norah stopped and looked after her.
"What a pretty girl papa!" she exclaimed, with the prompt admiration of one handsome woman for another.
The earl turned and adjusted his eyeglasses.
"Indeed! I did not notice. Ah, yes. I see. Was she handsome? One of the maids, I presume. And yet, I do not remember her face."
"I should so like to know who she is," said Norah. "She has most beautiful eyes and hair."
The earl raised his brows as if her curiosity about an inferior was inexplicable to him.
"I regret that I cannot inform you," he said; "but here is Harman, your maid; perhaps she can do so. Excuse me," and with a wave of his hand toward Harman, which also served as a gesture of adieu to Norah he entered the house.
Harman, who had come out upon the terrace, evidently not seeing Norah and the earl, stood shading her eyes with her hands and looking after the disappearing figure of the young girl.
Norah went up to her.
"Who is that pretty girl, Harman?" she asked.
"It is my niece, my lady."
"Your niece! What is her name? She is a very beautiful girl."
"Rebecca South, my lady. We call her Becca. Yes, my lady, she is not bad looking," and she sighed.
"That is scarcely giving her her due," said Norah, with a smile.
"Does she live here—at the Court?"
"No, my lady. Becca lives with her grandfather in the village, but she comes to see me—with the housekeeper's permission—my lady. She's an orphan, my lady, and I—"

where is the special wickedness in that, Harman? If I earned any money I should like to spend it how I pleased, and I am sure Becca would buy very pretty clothes."
"Yes, my lady," assented Harman, respectfully, "she has good taste, though where she got it—if you'll make it ten pounds, my lady."
"Very well," said Norah. "Well?" she asked, with a smile, for the woman had looked at her with a peculiar fixedness.
"Begging your ladyship's pardon," she explained, in a low voice. "I was thinking that I told your ladyship that you were not like the countess, your mother; but I didn't know you so well yesterday!" and she curtsied.
"Will you tell Becca that I should like to see her?"
Then she ran into the house, with her heart lighter and brighter than it had been since she arrived at the Court, and altogether unconscious that she had that morning forged two links in the chain of her destiny.
(To be Continued.)

LITTLE FASHION HINTS.
Buttons figure prominently. Lots of tailored stitching is used on linens.
Bracelets, bangles and wrist velvets are all worn.
Morning parasols are as big as they should be.
White pearl buttons are used on the white linens.
Soutache braiding is one of the smartest ways of trimming.
Irish lace beading joins the seams in a beautifully shaped princess frock.
Lilacs, jack roses, American beauties and wisteria are heaped on one hat.
There are lovely mauve belts, beaded with pearls and having pearl buckles.
Chain stitching, done in heavy rope silk, is one of the favorite trimming models.
A collar of black or colored velvet finishes many of the linen and pique coats.
Adjustable revers and collar of white or colored embroidery soften the severest coat.
Even the tailor has yielded to the craze for elbow sleeves, and his coats show that mode.
The black suede half-shoe is very smart, with a somewhat heavy sole highly polished and black heels.
Shoulder seams are fully two inches shorter than last year, and one is particularly impressed with the puffs that are springing up along the shoulder line.

COMES A TIME
When Coffee Shows What It Has Been Doing.
"Of late years coffee has disagreed with me," writes a matron from Rome, N.Y., "it's lightest punishment was to make me 'logy' and dizzy, and it seemed to thicken up my blood.
"The heaviest was when it upset my stomach completely, destroying my appetite and making me nervous and irritable, and sent me to my bed. After one of these attacks, in which I nearly lost my life, I concluded to quit and try Postum Food Coffee.
"It went right to the spot! I found it not only a most palatable and refreshing beverage, but a food as well.
"All my ailments, the 'loginess' and dizziness, the unsatisfactory condition of my blood, my nervousness and irritability disappeared in short order and my sorely afflicted stomach began quickly to recover. I began to rebuild and have steadily continued until now. I have a good appetite and am rejoicing in sound health, which I owe to the use of Postum Food Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.
There's a reason.
Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in each pkg.

How Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets Give Instant Relief.
They're handy to carry—take one after eating—or whenever you feel stomach distress coming on—sufferers have proved it the only remedy known that will give instant relief and permanent cure—no long tedious treatments with questionable results—best for all sorts of stomach troubles! 35 cents.—06

A good deal of the consolation offered in the world is about as soothing as the assurance of the Irishman to his wife when she fell into the river: "You'll find ground at the bottom, my dear."

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active outdoor lives. The former will find in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

A vast bed of coal, containing fuel enough to supply all the navies of the Pacific, has been discovered at Baron Koff Bay, at the extreme north end of Kamchatka.

Warrior Woes.—Through damp, cold and exposure many a brave soldier who lost his native hearth as "fit" as man could be to fight for country's honor, has been "invalided home" because of the nature of the battle ground—rheumatism. South American Rheumatic Cure will absolutely cure every case of Rheumatism in existence. Relief in six hours.—08

Recent Discoveries seem to show that each of the larger planets is accompanied by bands of satellites relatively smaller than the minor planets, as the primaries are smaller than the sun.

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Expeller will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

Growell (in cheap restaurant).—"Here, waiter! Are these mutton or pork chops?" Waiter—"Can't you tell by the taste?" Growell—"No." Waiter—"Then what difference does it make what they are?"

Itching Piles.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment is proof against the torments of Itching Piles. Thousands of testimonials of cures effected by its use. No case too aggravating or too long standing for it to soothe, comfort and cure. It cures in from 3 to 8 nights. 85 cents.—25

LONDON'S BUSY BRIDGES.
In twelve hours 23,118 people cross Westminster Bridge on foot and 7,051 passengers go over by omnibus. At Blackfriars Bridge 31,385 pedestrians cross in twelve hours and 5,399 passengers in omnibuses. Every day 1,850 electric trams are run to and from Westminster Bridge, and last year a total of 53,000,000 passengers were carried. To Blackfriars Bridge there are 566 cars a day, and the number of passengers last year was 38,000,000.

RAIN WHICH NEVER FALLS.
In the Colorado Desert there are rainstorms during which not a drop of water touches the earth. The rain can be seen falling from the clouds high above the desert, but when it reaches the hot, dry air beneath the clouds it is entirely absorbed. These strange rainstorms take place in regions where the thermometer often registers 128 degrees in the shade.

NEVER TOO OLD TO LEARN.
Mr. Allison, who is seventy years old and who graduated at Missouri University in 1852, has re-entered the University in order to take a special course in surveying.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Protect Your Property
—WITH—
THE DIAMOND FIRE EXTINGUISHER

A dry powder put up in metal tubes, 23 inches long. It will instantly extinguish the most furious flames of wood or oil. Price \$3.00 each, \$50.00 doz. Write for descriptive circular. The Diamond Dry Powder Fire Extinguisher Co., Toronto, Ont. AGENTS WANTED

SHE KNEW HIS TASTES.

He—Why do you have all that fruit on your new hat? I don't like it.
She—Well, I couldn't very well have it trimmed with stuffed geese, even if you do like that better.

It Reaches The Spot.—There are few remedies before the public to-day as efficacious in removing pain and in allaying and preventing pulmonary disorders as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It has demonstrated its powers in thousands of instances and a large number of testimonials as to its great value as a medicine could be got were there occasion for it. It is for sale everywhere.

Joskins.—"I say, Hoskins, this is my first day at shooting. You might tell me in confidence what people shut one eye for when they're sighting anything." Hoskins—"Oh, that's perfectly simple, my dear fellow. You see, if they were to shut both eyes they wouldn't be able to see anything."

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT

Removes all hard soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweetney, stiffles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known.

"If," said the chemist, "you will give this new tonic a trial, I'm sure you will never use any other." "Excuse me," rejoined the customer, "but I prefer something a little less fatal."

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand, which oftentimes saves great suffering and frequently valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a widespread reputation for affording prompt relief from all summer complaints.

"Leonidas," said Mr. Meekton's wife, "look me in the eye and answer me one question. Have you ever deceived me about anything?" "Well, Henrietta," he answered, after much hesitation, "I must confess that I have not been altogether frank. On numerous occasions I have dissimulated to the extent of trying to appear far more amiable than I really felt."

When you think you have cured a cough or cold, but find a dry, hacking cough remains, there is danger. Take

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic

at once. It will strengthen the lungs and stop the cough.

Prices: S. C. Wells & Co. 203 23c 50c \$1. LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

ISSUE NO. 28—05.

Ayer's

You can depend on Ayer's Hair Vigor to restore color to your gray hair, every time. Follow directions and it never fails to do this work. It stops

Hair Vigor

falling of the hair, also. There's great satisfaction in knowing you are not going to be disappointed. Isn't that so?

"My hair faded until it was about white. It took just one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor to restore it to its former dark, rich color. Your Hair Vigor certainly does what you claim for it."—A. M. BOGDAN, Rockingham, N. C.

\$1.00 a bottle. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **Fading Hair**

as a means of postponing the evil day long enough to secure reasonable political reforms.

Meanwhile, as an irony on the talk about the "yellow peril," Japan, while adding to her fleet and increasing her army, has been able to float a loan of a hundred and fifty million dollars on favorable terms and without any special trouble. The proceeds of this loan she expects to use not in the payment of war expenses, but in the promotion of the industrial development of the nation's resources. Her war debt she will probably make Russia pay in the form of indemnity. Under circumstances so favorable she can well afford to leave her enemy to sue for peace. There are indications that, in the absence of an armistice, the Japanese army is steadily pressing the Russian army back and preparing to invest Vladivostok by land and sea. In all probability the Russian commander has instructions not to risk a general engagement.

American newspapers have a remarkable record of lawlessness to deal with. There are railroad companies prosecuted for illegal rate making, beef packers indicted for the violations of the anti-trust laws, a United States Senator convicted of crime in connection with land frauds, former postal officials sent to jail for participation in dishonest contracts, a Judge on trial charged with cheating the Government and a great financial institution in the throes of reorganization after a career of reckless disregard of sacred obligations. It is not surprising that, in the midst of all this, trade union officials should be in trouble for exhortation from employers.

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY.

Montreal Herald.

In vacation a college professor, Was called upon by the assessor; And he said with a yell, "You can go plum to—well, You can take your tax list to Odessa!"

Toronto News.

Italian laborers in Chatham bathe in the reservoir. Residents tasted garlic in the city water, and demanded an investigation.

Toronto Star.

Clergymen who contemplate taking a long summer holiday are reminded that catan is just as busy in July and August as at any other time of the year.

London Advertiser.

The United States government has a deficit of \$24,000,000, which shows that the policy of the big stick is an expensive luxury.

Toronto Globe.

Mr. Whitney is suggested as a man of experience for leader of the Dominion opposition. But apparently he does not like the experience.

Montreal Herald.

Our old friend Doc. Osler was at the Dominion day dinner in London, but as Sir William Mulock was there too he behaved himself.

Toronto Star.

According to H. G. Wells, the future man is to be a great unemotional intelligence without ears or a nose. And at last the woman's righter's will have something they can really love.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rochelle Salts -
Aloe Seed -
Sage -
St. Catharine's Salts -
Warm Seed -
Cinnamon -
Mastic -
Mastic -
Mastic -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Dr. H. H. Pitchee
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. H. H. Pitchee

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, 21-6m Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 21v

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

34 YEARS EXPERIENCE
21 YEARS IN NAPANEE
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50c per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 10c per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

The Napanee Express
—AND—
and Weekly Globe

75C.

Till end of 1905.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 P St., Washington, D. C.

No More Work.

Hicks—I suppose Dremier is still pot-

Resting the Heart.

"Rest your heart now and then during the day," said an instructor in gymnastics.

"But the heart can't be rested," a pupil objected. "It works incessantly from birth to death."

"It rests the heart to lie down," said the instructor. "Every night's sleep of nine hours saves the heart the lifting of 32,000 ounces of blood. Considerable rest there, eh?"

"When we lie down, you see, the heart's action becomes slower—slower by ten strokes a minute. Thus in an hour 600 strokes are saved and in nine hours 5,400 strokes. Each stroke pumps six ounces of blood, and therefore in nine hours the heart is saved the labor of pumping 32,400 ounces.

"The heart often requires a rest."

Ran the Hole Out of Town.

A lecturer recently told of a Russian he saw some years ago in Manchuria whose methods of achieving results were not according to the usual code. The Russian had a well in his front yard which he concluded to fill up. He began digging a hole by the side of the well, throwing the dirt from the new excavation into the well.

"In the course of time," said the speaker, "the old well was filled, but there was a hole alongside as big as the first. The Russian went farther away and dug another hole to fill the second. He continued this process of digging one hole to fill the other until he literally ran the hole out of town."

insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 10c per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1903, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald ..	\$1.00
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe	\$1.50
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star	\$1.05
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig	\$1.05
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness	\$1.50
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun	\$1.05
Any three of the above papers	\$2.40
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star	\$1.80

NOT RIOTS BUT REVOLUTION

The political condition of Russia becomes rapidly worse, so far as armed conflicts between mobs and the authorities are concerned. Each day's occurrences deepen the gloom. Marines mutiny on the fleet and recruits mutiny on land, and the government finds itself unable promptly to suppress uprisings because it cannot depend on the loyalty of any part of its forces except the Cossacks. There is a possibility that popular fury against the brutal savages may become so irresistible that only their withdrawal will save them from destruction. No great nation has ever been placed in a situation so humiliating since the present German Emperor's grandfather was, during the storm-and-pressure period of 1848, forced by his Prussian subjects to take refuge in England.

Nothing could better show the hopelessness of anything like a successful restoration of the old regime than the fact that the purest and noblest Russian patriots earnestly desire a continuation of war in Manchuria as a means of securing political reforms in Russia. What they dread is the utilization of the returned forces for the barbarous suppression of reformers and the indefinite postponement of the reform. Their animus is not against Russia, but against its autocratic Government which has proved itself not merely despotic but incompetent. In fact, the whole system shows signs of breaking down, and leaving the country a prey to Anarchistic revolution. The awfulness of such a disaster is enough to make Russia's bitterest enemy shrink from wishing it to come to pass. No wonder intelligent patriots prefer war

How's This ?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN.

Wholesale Druggists Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cures taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BULLETINS BY THE DIVISION POULTRY, OTTAWA.

Three bulletins containing useful information for the poultrymen are being issued by the Poultry Division of the Live Stock Branch at Ottawa.

Bulletin No. 7, is a rewritten and revised edition of "Profitable Poultry Farming", (No. 6), and contains chapters on: (1) Incubation, (2) Brooding, (3) The Chicken Trade, (4) Selection of Suitable Breed, (5) Crate-fattening Chickens, (6) Preparing Chickens for Market, (7) Marketing, (8) Some Station Work, (9) The Egg Trade, (10) The Flock, (11) Feeds for Poultry, (12) Trap Nests.

Bulletin No. 8, "Farmer's Poultry House," a pamphlet of 15 pages, treats on the needs, location and essentials of a poultry house for the farm and gives plans of seven good poultry houses used in Canada. Statistics of the value of poultry in Canada, divided into provinces, with quantities exported, etc., are included.

Bulletin No. 9, "Diseases and Parasites of Poultry," also a pamphlet of 15 pages, describes the various diseases affecting poultry, with the treatment advocated by successful poultry men.

Any or all of these bulletins may be had on application to

F. C. ELFPORD,

Chief of Poultry Division,
Ottawa, Ont.

An International Affair.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

I went into a German inn,
And ordered Irish stew,
A Yankee waiter served it and
A Spanish onion, too,
I had French dressing on the side
And English breakfast tea.
I also had some Indian meal
And Holland gin, ah me.
I ate and some fine Swiss cheese
And Club sauce, and late
I had some cracked Brazil nuts served
Upon a China plate.
They brought a fine Welsh rarebit in,
And Swedish punch, you bet,
And then, of course, I had to smoke
A Turkish cigar.
I went into a German inn,
They had a Polish cook,
They had their menu printed in
A red Morocco book.

The attention of our readers is called to Advt. on page 8, of the Second Annual excursion to MONTREAL, OTTAWA and return, via the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Rivers and Rideau Canal System, running all the Rapids of the St. Lawrence and all the trip by daylight. Patrons of this trip next year are enthusiastic in their praises of the whole route, which is said to be unexcelled in America.

Binder Time, Binder Covers and Whip,
MADOLE & WILSON.

Betty Jacobs, a crippled Indian woman, was assaulted and murdered on the reserve near Brantford. Suspicion points to Joseph Bennett, also an Indian, who has disappeared.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

No More Work.

Hicks—I suppose Bremer is still pottering alone at his inventions. Wicks—Well, he has actually perfected a great labor saving scheme at last. Hicks—You don't say. Wicks—Yes; he's going to marry Miss Roxley.

The Lesser Evil.

"I don't see why you asked Mr. Bohr to sing," said the popular girl's sister. "I hated to do it," was the reply, "but it was the only way to make him stop talking."

To the Manner Born.

Grubber—What a well bred man Mixer is! Dumley (who doesn't like him)—He ought to be. His father is a baker.

Do all the good you can to all the people you can as long as ever you can in every place you can.

Health and Money.

There is this difference between those two temporal blessings, health and money: Money is the most envied, but the least enjoyed; health is the most enjoyed, but the least envied, and this superiority of the latter is still more obvious when we reflect that the poorest man would not part with health for money, but the richest man would gladly part with all his money for health.

Suggestive.

"Gee whiz!" said George for the twentieth time. "It makes me mad every time I think of the \$10 I lost to-day. I actually feel as if I'd like to have somebody kick me."

"By the way, George," said the dear girl dreamily, "don't you think you'd better speak to father this evening?"

Good tea must be grown under proper conditions

LOW, damp or swampy lands in a warm, humid climate produce tea of rank, rapid growth, coarse in texture, woody fibred, rudely flavored—makes a cup heavy, murky in color, rough-tasting—it is poor tea.

But the Indian and Ceylon teas used to make the Red Rose brand are grown on the high lands of India and the mountain sides of Ceylon.

These teas are grown in clear dry sunshine, they mature slowly, the leaves of the Ceylon teas are tender, delicate, finely flavored, but not strong.

The Indian teas thus grown are full bodied, richly flavored, smooth in texture, strong.

Such Indian and Ceylon teas combined in Red Rose Tea produce a cup of a rich rosy brown, strong and smooth—all the richness and strength of Indian, all the delicacy and fragrance of Ceylon teas—that "rich, fruity flavor" which belongs alone to Red Tea—more qualities of tea excellence than any Indian or brand of Ceylon alone can possess.

Red Rose Tea

is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Ontario.
50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

GLENORA'S WONDERFUL LAKE TEST OF POWER TO BE MADE.

Toronto World.

Pictou, July 7.—While the tunnels at Niagara were being made for electrical development, the Lake-on-the-Mountain in Prince Edward County was claiming the attention of a few enterprising business men, and an investigation was made of this great natural curiosity. As a result, an option on the property was secured and a company formed and incorporated under the Ontario Companies Act, with the object of testing the capacity of the lake, in order to ascertain if the supply will prove sufficient for the generation of electric power for all practical purposes.

At a meeting held in Shire Hall, Pictou, July 3—a charter having been received from the Provincial Government granting the newly organized company power to develop electrical energy for all branches of work—the following gentlemen were chosen to compose the board: For president, Wellington Bolter, Pictou; vice-president, W. H. Crowe, Welland; secretary-treasurer, D. L. Bongard, Pictou; and directors, W. J. Carter, Pictou; and Dr. Foster, Wiarton. All these are well known in Ontario, and the company is "solid." Mr. Boulter is the pioneer of the canning industry of Eastern Ontario, and is known from coast to coast, and beyond, for he has made shipments of his canned goods direct from his factories to China and Japan. Mr. Crowe is a lumber merchant and contractor.

Mr. Bongard has for years been the treasurer of Prince Edward County, while Dr. Foster is a dentist and Mr. Carter carries on the hardware business on a large scale. The company is capitalized at \$100,000.

Perched on a high hill, 200 feet directly above the waters of the Bay of Quinte, surrounded by a scenery unsurpassed in Ontario, and rich in historic associations, the little lakelet spreads its waters over an area of about 400 acres. There is no visible inlet to its water supply, but with no apparent diminution of quantity the water runs from it year to year. At one point the water is only 800 feet from the rock which overhangs the bay. The possibilities of a fall greater than that of Niagara are here, and at once the feasibility of the undertaking commends itself to the thoughtful; besides the cheapness of the cost of production is a very important factor in the scheme.

From the earliest settlement along the bay the advantages of the lake for the purpose of furnishing motive power have been recognized. As early as 1706 Major Peter Vanalstine, who pioneered the first detachment of U. E. Loyalists to Adolphustown, entered into a partnership with Isaac Secor, a carpenter and millwright, and erected a grist mill at the hill, obtaining the power from the lake above by means of a conduit made of a hollow logs. This was the first mill built in the county, and is credited by Dr. Caniff with being the third erected in Upper Canada. Since that time various mills have drawn on the water of the lake, but for a number of years past the exclusive use of water has been devoted to running the large flour mills and foundry of J. C. Wilson & Co. The foundry is run by a 4 1/2 inch turbine wheel, and this fact, perhaps, better than anything else, illustrates the great power the lake is capable of producing.

Since the very earliest settlement of the county many theories have been advanced as to the source of the singular supply of water, but as yet nothing definite is known. Sir Charles

The Mantlepiece Bottle Experiment.

You find yourself on a picnic perhaps without a corkscrew and with a lot of bottles, all of them with corks in them. Hardly anybody knows what to do. The solution of the difficulty is, however, it seems, perfectly simple: "Place the bottle, cork downward, upon the edge of an ordinary mantlepiece, steadying it, of course, with the hand. Then with a slight impulse turn it so that it falls upon the ground on its base. Pick it up, and you will find that the cork has started. It is sometimes necessary to repeat the operation before the cork can be withdrawn with the fingers. A first experiment with a full bottle of water tightly corked is advisable. A fall direct from that height will have no desirable result."

The present writer can testify to the efficacy of this "minor art." He had, it is true, to arrange his picnic in an ordinary room so as to have the mantlepiece handy. But there was no difficulty after turning the bottle on its base, "with a slight impulse," in extracting the cork from the ruins. There was no need to repeat the operation.—London Spectator.

May Weddings.

May weddings are supposed by many persons to be unlucky. It is a heritage from the ancient Romans. A May bride, says Ovid, is short lived, his explanation being that the month included the celebration of the Lemuria in honor of the dead. Apart from any evil omen, such a time of mourning would interfere with the bathing and toilet arrangements that were proper preliminaries to weddings. Plutarch suggests that, as April was the month of Venus and June that of Juno, to select May was to slight those nuptial goddesses and that June, as the month of the young (juniores), was preferable to May, the month of the old (majores). Ovid's "Mense malas malo nubere vulgus ait" (there is a popular saying that wicked women wed in May) was inscribed on the gate of Holyrood when Mary, queen of Scots, married Bothwell in May, 1567. What followed strengthened Scottish belief in May's unluckiness.

The Term "Crony."

Every one uses the term "crony" in the sense of "chum" or "pal," and the phrase "old cronies" has become specially familiar, but it is doubtful whether the original word bore any reference to friendship. The new English dictionary puts down its origin to academic slang and quotes the immortal Pepys for the earliest instances of its use. Quite recently, however, an old letter of a still earlier date has come to light, in which a scholar is described as "content to destroy his body with night labors and everlasting study to overtake his chronyres and contemporaries." From this it would seem clear that the word was a bit of university jargon, used to denote students of the same date and coined from the Greek word that appears in the terms "chronology," "chronometer," "chronograph," that are connected with time.

Sheridan's Trap.

Any interruption while he was making a speech always caused Richard Brinsley Sheridan considerable annoyance. On one occasion the dramatist showed his displeasure of a fellow member of the house of commons who kept crying out "Hear, hear" every few minutes. During a certain debate Sheridan took occasion to describe a political contemporary who wished to play rogue, but had only sense enough to act fool. "Where," exclaimed he, with great emphasis—"where shall we find a more foolish knave or a more

Good Complexion

When Pimples and Blisters
Disfigure the Skin

it means bad blood, bad digestion or constipation. First two are the result of the last. FRUIT-A-TIVES cure all three.

When the bowels don't move regularly, poisonous matter remains in the intestines. Instead of the blood taking up wholesome nourishment to build up the system, it absorbs part of this poisonous matter which causes pimples and blotches on the skin.

Gases are formed by this matter, which get into the stomach, upset digestion, coat the tongue, and taint the breath.

Fruit-a-tives purify the blood—correct digestion—and clear the complexion—because they cure constipation.

"I am on my second box of Fruit-a-tives now, and can honestly say they are the best medicine for Constipation and Stomach Trouble I ever used."

MRS. F. CODY, OTTAWA, ONT.

These wonderful little tablets are pure fruit juices—prepared according to the secret formula of an Ottawa physician who discovered the method of using fruit to cure disease. Fruit-a-tives act directly on the liver, increase the flow of bile, and thus cause the bowels to move regularly and naturally every day.

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets.

At all druggists, 50c. a box.

Manufactured by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.

The Last American King.

Maximilian and his followers were shut up in Queretaro. Many powerful influences were at work to save him. Seward also did his best. But he made little or no effort to escape. If he had failed as an emperor he could at least have faced disaster with the courage and the dignity of a right princely nature. Betrayed by the infamous Lopez, tried before a court martial of boys and ordered to be shot, he spent his last days in the discharge of all the obligations of friendship and courtesy. A false report of the death of Carlotta being brought to him in prison he said simply, "One less tie to bind me to the world!" Led forth to his execution and told to stand between two of his generals who were likewise condemned, he surrendered the place of honor

your dress on the barb wire fence, when you meander back home to the house, find that the billy goat has batted the stuff out of your child and find the old hen, with forty chickens, in the parlor, you'll put your hands on your hips and realize that meandering is not what it is cracked up to be.

Sea Water.

Sea water is a complicated mixture of a great variety of substances. Roughly speaking, it consists of 96 1/2 per cent of fresh water plus 3 1/2 per cent of mineral salts. Three-fourths of these salts are chloride of sodium, or common table salt, and the next largest constituent is chloride of magnesium. After these come sulphate of magnesium, sulphate of lime, sulphate of potash, bromide of magnesium and carbo-

the country many theories have been advanced as to the source of the singular supply of water, but as yet nothing definite is known. Sir Charles Lyall, a noted English geologist, was of the opinion that the lake itself was the crater of an extinct volcano. Dr. A. T. Drummond, after making an investigation of the lake and its water supply, in an elaborate article written for The Canadian Record of Science says: "Whilst the surface of the lake is nearly 180 feet above the level of the Bay of Quinte, the bottom is likewise 80 feet above the level. The source of inflow must therefore be sought for in some locality at any rate 200 feet higher than Lake Ontario. A subterranean connection with Lake Erie is a common theory in the surrounding district, but that is based on an inaccurate knowledge of the intervening geological levels and structure. One investigator, again, thinks he has found its source in the State of Ohio." Then he gives the following as his own theory: "Immediately east of Napanee the Grand Trunk Railway is 127 feet above Lake Ontario and thence eastward there is a steady rise in the limestone area, and beyond it into the Laurentian, Sharbot Lake being 389 feet above Lake Ontario and the dip in the limestone rocks is favorable." He mentions the fact that the lake is not affected by local droughts in the county. In April last the parties interested in the development of the power of the lake consulted Engineer K. L. Aitkin of Toronto, who after making a thorough examination, gives in his report several reasons for believing in existence of a subterranean feeder. One of these is the fact that a number of extremely cold points were found. At 90 or 100 feet deep the water is colder than that of Lake Superior or Memphremagog at 300 feet. Another reason is that the level of the lake does not rise when the works at the foot of the hill are shut down for a considerable length of time, and Mr. Wilson informed him that the speed of water in their 22-inch pipe was close to 10 feet per second, or about 1590 cubic feet of water per minute. When the electric lighting of the Town of Picton, five miles away, was first proposed, the advisability of using the Lake-on-the-Mountain for generating the power was frequently mentioned, but the suggestion was unheeded, and an expensive electric plant established. Napanee, some few miles distant from Glenora, is at present considering the establishment of a system of lighting that will be equally expensive. However, H. C. Kennedy, of Warton, the promoter of the new power company has succeeded in interesting several of the leading business men, to such an extent that a number of shares have been purchased, and the probability is that Napanee will wait until the test has been made of the water of the lake.

THE POSSIBILITIES.

Provided the water supply proves sufficient the uses to which energy could be supplied would be almost limitless. Picton could then be connected with the Sand Banks, besides Kingston, all bay points and Picton could be connected by electric railway. Napanee could receive power, for her light by cable, the mills at Deseronto could be supplied in like manner, while the cost of running the great canning factories of Picton, Bloomfield and Wellington would be very materially lessened. As one ponders the limitations recede and recede. Electricity is the life to any county or community. What then may it not prove to Prince Edward?

See Keepers Supplies.

Brood and Foundation Comb, sections, bee smokers, etc.

MADOLE & WILSON.

play rogue, but had only sense enough to act fool. "Where," exclaimed he, with great emphasis—"where shall we find a more foolish knave or a more knavish fool than he?"

"Hear, hear," was shouted by the troublesome member.

Sheridan turned and, thanking the honorable member for the prompt information, sat down amid a general roar of laughter.

Tactful.

Mrs. John Sherwood was as famous for her exquisite nature as for her fine style. At a dinner one night at the time when her novel "The Transplanted Rose" was having a wide circulation her neighbor turned and asked in perfect good faith the almost incredible question, "Mrs. Sherwood, do you know who wrote 'The Transplanted Rose'?"

"It sounds as though it might be Hardy," laughed the gifted woman without a trace of ill nature.—Woman's Home Companion.

The Property Man's Troubles.

The company was playing "Romeo and Juliet" the other day, and in the balcony scene a cannon went off. The property man was sent for, who explained that it was a cannon which should have gone off in the performance of "Henry V." two days before. That property man was spoken to more in sorrow than in anger.—From an Address by F. R. Benson in London.

Unvarnished Opinions.

Artist No. 1—My landscape's absolutely ruined by a lurid portrait. Artist No. 2—Yes, the hanging's pretty slipshod this year. They've put me next to the crudest thing in the show. Artist No. 3 (coming up)—Hello! I see they've hung you two chaps together!

The Religious Vocation.

The religious vocation isn't necessarily the outcome of long mental processes. It may either steal upon one subtly or overwhelm one at a single onslaught. From "The Bishop's Niece," by George H. Plead.

BORN FOR A LAWYER.

Why His Mother Recommended Him to Colonel Ingersoll.

Among the stories which Colonel Bob Ingersoll delighted to tell was the following, says the writer of "America's Most Popular Men."

While studying law with a firm out west the colonel found himself alone in the office one day. He was interrupted by the entrance of a raw boned, sharp featured countrywoman, who ambled into the room leading a freckle faced, watery eyed ten-year-old boy by the hand.

"Air you the lawyer?" she began.

On being answered in the affirmative she went on to say that she had brought her boy Jim to town for the purpose of binding him out at the "lawyer's trade." She was morally certain, she averred, that Jim was a born lawyer and that all he needed was a chance.

"But, madam," objected the colonel, "he is entirely too young to begin the study of law."

"Too young, indeed?" sniffed the fond mother contemptuously. "You don't know Jim. He was born for a lawyer."

Much amused, the colonel asked her on what grounds she based her hopes of a future at the bar for her darling child.

"Why," said she, "when he was only seven years old he struck work, and he wouldn't do another lick if he got killed for it. When he was eight he got sassy and put on more airs than a prize horse at a country fair, and now, Lor' bless me, he jest freezes on to everything he can lay his hands on."

and told to stand between two of his generals who were likewise ordered, he surrendered the place of honor to General Miramon in recognition of his courage. The rattle of the muskets marked perhaps the end of all monarchy in the new world. But the bitterest critic of democracy could scarcely desire a gentler figure than Maximilian to stand before the eyes of Americans as the last representative of aristocracy and of kingship on this continent.—William Garrett in Atlantic.

Just Meandering.

A city girl writes, "It is a fond dream of mine to become a farmer's wife and meander with him down life's pathway."

"Ah, yes, that is a nice thing! But when your husband meanders off and leaves you without food and you have to meander up and down the lane pulling splinters off the fence to cook dinner, and when you meander along in the wet grass in search of the cows till your shoes are the color of rawhide and your stockings soaked, and when you meander out across twenty acres of plowed ground with a club to drive the hogs out of the cornfield and tear

After these come sulphate of magnesium, sulphate of lime, sulphate of potash, bromide of magnesium and carbonate of lime. In addition to these substances sea water contains minute quantities of quite a variety of elements, including iodine, phosphorus and arsenic. It also contains some silver, copper, zinc, nickel, cobalt, iron and gold. There is said to be 2 cents' worth of gold in every pailful of sea water, but as yet nobody has found a way to extract it. Copper and zinc are found in some seaweeds, and certain species of coral is three-millionths silver.

Stonewall Jackson's Battles.

Stonewall Jackson's negro body servant knew before anybody else when a battle was imminent. "The general tells you, I suppose," said one of the soldiers. "Lawd, no, sir! de gin'ral never tell me nothin'." I observe de 'tention of de gin'ral dis way: Co'se he prays jest like we all, 'tween an' night, but when he sit up two or three times in a night to pray den I rub my eyes an' gets up, too, an' packs de 'saversack, co'se I done fine out dere's gwine to be old boy to pay right away."—From Mrs. Roger A. Pryor's "Reminiscences."

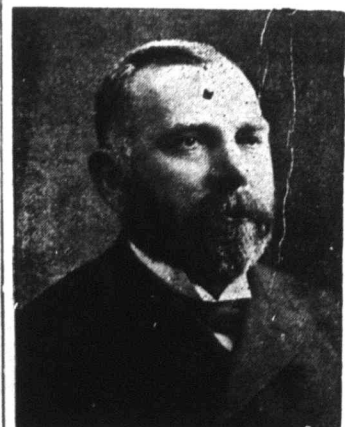
PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

Has Made Him a Strong, Healthy Man—Has Brought Him From a Bed of Lingering Illness Where He Hovered Between Life and Death.

The cause of almost every organic disease is traced to a weak throat or affected lungs. The lungs being the primary organs in circulation of the blood, if they become diseased the blood takes on impurities which are delivered to every part of the body. You say you are RUN DOWN, have STOMACH TROUBLE, KIDNEY TROUBLE, CATARRH OF THE STOMACH, OBSTINATE COUGHS OR COLDS, LOSS OF FLESH, NIGHT SWEATS, CHILLS, AND FEVER. All of the above are the outcome of diseased lungs and are the allies of CONSUMPTION.

LUNGS MADE STRONG WITH PSYCHINE REMAIN STRONG



MOTORMAN WALDEN, to be seen any day on a Broadview Ave. car, Toronto. Cured with Psychine six years ago, his lung trouble has not returned.

Motorman Walden's Story of His Illness and Subsequent Recovery Through Using Psychine.

Mr. Walden says: "About six years ago I was taken down with la grippe, then pneumonia and typhoid fever, inducing serious lung trouble, which soon developed into consumption. I had a serious trial of it, and was under treatment by several physicians of Toronto. The disease gained such headway that hospital treatment was resorted to, but gave me no hope of recovery. I also spent some time in the Convalescent Home, but the disease returned with increased severity, and I was regarded as a hopeless case. I left the city for the country under the belief that it would renew my strength and make me well. On parting with my brother he said afterward that 'he never expected to see me alive again.' While out of the city I began using Psychine, and I am proud to say it has been a blessing to me. I was enabled to return home after using it for a short time, and continued the treatment until several bottles had been used and I was able to go about. When I began the remedy my weight had been reduced to 140 pounds—now I weigh fully 210 pounds. Psychine is a wonderful flesh-producer. I do not know its medical properties—only that Psychine, and nothing else, has restored me to health. Those who know me are aware of what my condition was and the hopelessness of my case. There is no medicine in the world like Psychine for lung trouble, and I am sure if it had not been for it I WOULD HAVE BEEN A DEAD MAN."

A. WALDEN, 7 Cornwall St., Toronto.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

(Psychine is pronounced Si-keen)

For sale by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. For further advice and information write or call at Dr. Slocum, Limited, 170 King Street West, Toronto, Can.

The Most for Your Money and the Best for Your Health

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea. Positively the purest and most delicious tea in the world.

Sold only in sealed lead packets, 40c, 50c, 60c. By all Grocers.
Highest Award, St. Louis, 1904.

SMOKE ALL THE TIME.

The Dutch Get their Smoking Remarkably Cheap.

The Hollanders are, perhaps, of all the Northern peoples, those who smoke the most. The humidity of their climate makes it almost a necessity, and the very moderate cost of tobacco renders it accessible to all.

To show how deeply rooted is the habit, it is enough to say that the boatmen of the trekschuit, the aquatic diligence of Holland, measure distances by smoke. From here, they say, to such a place it is, not so many miles, but so many pipes.

When you enter a house, after the first salutations, your host offers you a cigar; when you take leave he hands you another, and often insists upon filling your cigar case.

In the streets you see persons lighting a fresh cigar with the burning stump of the last one, without pausing in their walk, and with the busy air of people who do not wish to lose a moment of time or a mouthful of smoke. Many go to sleep with pipe in mouth, relight it if they wake in the night, and again in the morning before they step out of bed.

It really does appear that smoking is for the Dutchman a necessary vital function.

Many people think that so much smoke dulls the intelligence. Nevertheless, if there be a people, as Esquiroz justly observes, whose intellect is of the clearest and highest precision, it is the Dutch people.

"Smoke," said a Hollander, "is our second breath." Another defined the cigar as the sixth finger of the hand.

WHAT WOMEN SUFFER.

At All Ages They Need Rich, Pure Blood to Secure Health and Happiness.

A woman needs medicine more than a man. Her organism is more complex, her system more delicate. Her health is disturbed regularly in the course of nature. If anything happens to interfere with that natural course, she goes through unspeakable suffering. In fact the health of every function and the happiness of every moment of a woman's life depends upon the richness and the regularity of her blood supply. That is the simple scientific reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are worth more than their weight in gold to women of all ages from fifteen to fifty. These pills actually make the rich, red blood that brings health and happiness and freedom from pain to every woman. Mrs. Neil Ferguson, Ashfield, N. S., says: "In justice to you, and in the hope that what I say may benefit other suffering women, I take pleasure in stating that I have found wonderful benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When I began using the

down with the Russians; if we are hit, the Russians shall come with us, for the last man alive will steer the spare torpedo in the water. What is life but a dream of summer's night? Can one choose more glorious an exit than to die fighting for one's own country and for the Emperor who is a ruler and leader to the nation's heart? Does not many a worthy man end his life's chapter obscure for want of opportunity? Then let us uphold the honor and the duty of being Japanese. By going down with them we shall, in a measure, pay the debt we owe for the slaughter of these poor innocent peasants. They, too, are fighting for their country, so shall Bushi honor Bushi. There are more torpedo-boats and torpedo-boat destroyers than the number of ships in the whole fleet of Admiral Kojestvensky, and if each of them destroys or disables one of the enemy's vessels, it ought to do.

TOGO'S MODESTY.

Father Togo, now grey-haired, walks quietly to and fro on the bridge of the Mikasa, and keeps silence, so all will go well. Do you remember the story when he went up to Tokio for the first time since the commencement of this war? Some Public School boys were determined to unharness the horses off his carriage, at the instigation of the Asahi I believe, and themselves draw it up to the gate of the Imperial palace. Well, Father Togo got wind of this, and so he sent his chief-of-staff in the carriage, while he was seen, but not recognized, to be quietly walking towards Nijubashi, with his little daughter's hand in his. Will he play another trick upon the poor unsuspecting Russians when they come?

I bid you again farewell. Work, work, and work, for the coming Japan depends on you young fellows. I remain your ever humble brother,
T. N.

BABY'S DANGER.

A mother cannot watch her little ones too carefully during the hot weather. Dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera infantum, and disorders of the stomach are alarmingly frequent during the summer months, and unless the mother has at hand an efficient remedy to check and cure the trouble a little life may go almost before you realize the case is serious. At the first sign of any of these ailments the wise mother will give her little one Baby's Own Tablets, which promptly cure all hot weather ailments. Mrs. John Lancaster, North Portal, N. W. T., says: "My baby was attacked with diarrhoea and vomiting. I at once gave Baby's Own Tablets and the next day she was as well as ever. I am never without the Tablets in the house as I find they are the only medicine a little one needs." Other wise mothers will follow Mrs. Lancaster's example and keep the Tablets always at hand—their prompt

THE HEIR OF SANTLEIGH

OR THE STEWARD'S SON

CHAPTER V.

When Norah woke the next morning, and, raising herself on her elbow, looked round the luxurious room, she felt bewildered and confused; it was all so different to the small and plain, though neatly furnished, little room at Cliff Cottage. Then it flashed upon her that she was in Santleigh Court, and that she was Lady Norah Arrowdale.

Instantly another remembrance sprang into her mind—the mysterious voice she had heard on the terrace. She got out of bed and peeped through an opening of the window curtains, certainly not expecting to see the owner of the voice, nor to revive her memory of the incident every phase of which was strangely impressed on her mind.

Norah was not a sentimental young lady, by any means, but she was not without a natural sympathy for romance, and the mystery of the unseen, unknown visitor who had been, all unconsciously, so close to her, affected her more than she would have liked to admit.

A knock at the door caused her to hurry into her dressing gown. It was Harman, who had come to help her dress.

"Good-morning, my lady," she said in her subdued manner; "I hope your ladyship slept well."

"Oh, yes," replied Norah; "I always sleep well."

"Yes, my lady; will you have hot water?"

"Oh, cold, please," said Norah promptly.

"The bath is ready, my lady. I will come when your ladyship rings," and she went into the next room, where Norah heard her at the wardrobe.

It seemed strange to be so waited upon, hand and foot, and Norah thought with a smile what a helpless creature a fine lady must become in course of time.

When she rang Harman appeared with a couple of morning dresses on her arm.

"Which will you have, my lady?" she asked, as if the question were of the deepest importance.

"Oh, I don't care," said Norah; "you shall choose for me."

Harman considered the matter with evident conscientiousness, and at last selected one of white pique, with small black leaves.

"If your ladyship were not in deep mourning a lavender sash would be a great improvement," she suggested.

Norah nodded, and took up the hair brushes forgetfully, but was reminded of her "fine lady" condition by Harman gently and respectfully taking them out of her hand.

"I can brush it so much better, my lady," she murmured.

"Yes, that I am sure you can," assented Norah, sinking into the comfortable chair and resigning herself. "I'm afraid I confuse you terribly, but I am accustomed to doing everything for myself; but I shall get used to it, I dare say."

"Oh, yes my lady."

Norah was silent for a minute or two, marveling at the ease and skill with which the maid brushed the long thick hair without inflicting the least pain or inconvenience. Then, still thinking of her last night's adventure she said:

A footman entered with the post bag, and laid it on the table.

"Permit me," said the earl as courteously as if he were addressing an ordinary visitor, and he opened and read his letters with leisurely grace.

Norah was hungry after her sound night's rest and cold bath, and ate a good breakfast, looking round the handsomely-furnished room as she did so, and occasionally allowing her glance to rest upon the aristocratic face opposite her as it bent serenely over the letters and papers.

Presently, having finished with them, the earl laid them methodically in a pile, and looked across at her.

"I fear you will find it dull here at the court, Norah. I regret that I cannot go up to the house in town, but London does not agree with me, and I rarely remain there longer than a few days."

"I shall not be dull here," she said; "it is all so new and strange to me, and I do not wish to go to London."

"Of course you will have to go to be presented, but perhaps Lady Ferndale will be kind enough to chaperon you. Do you play?"

"Yes. I have worked very hard at my music."

"There is a piano in the drawing-room—a grand of Erard's—and one in your own room. I trust everything was to your taste in your apartments," he added.

"Yes, indeed; everything is so beautiful. I was admiring the pretty furniture and things before I went to sleep last night."

"I hope that if there should be anything you desire you will at once express your wish; it shall be gratified. I will see that you have a suitable horse, and that some one be found to teach you to ride. I fear that I shall be but a poor companion for you, and that you will feel lonely at times."

"I am used to being alone a great deal. I have often spent days and days without speaking to any one excepting Catherine."

"Catherine? Ah, yes, pardon me, I had forgotten. Catherine Hays, your maid."

"And I am sure I shall be quite happy wandering about this beautiful place when it is fine, and on wet days there will be books and music."

"I am obliged to you for taking so cheerful a view of the prospect," he said. "I regret that the state of my health will not often permit me to accompany you, and I have also a heavy correspondence, as you see," and he waved his hand to the letters. "Although I have long since ceased to take an active part in politics, my former colleagues pay me the frequent compliment of consulting me."

"Perhaps I could help you," said Norah, with a mixture of timidity and eagerness. "I—I write a plain hand for a woman, and I used to write all mama's letters—" She stopped, warned by the sudden frown which darkened the earl's face that she had trodden on forbidden ground.

"Thank you very much," he said, dryly; and with icy courtesy, "but I could not dream of troubling you."

"It would be no trouble, but a pleasure," said Norah.

"Perhaps you would like to drive

justice to you, and in the hope that what I say may benefit other suffering women, I take pleasure in stating that I have found wonderful benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When I began using the pills I was so badly run down that I could scarcely go about; at times I suffered very much and felt that life was a burden. Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I can now say, I am enjoying better health than I ever expected to have again, and I can most heartily recommend these pills to other suffering women."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Ferguson because they filled her veins with the rich, pure blood so necessary to the health and happiness of every human being. It is for this reason that these pills always cure such troubles as anaemia, neuralgia, heart trouble, indigestion, rheumatism, sciatica, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, kidney and liver troubles, and the special ailments of growing girls and women of middle age. You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine, but you should be careful to see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is on the wrapper around each box. If you wish you can get the pills by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SINK WITH YOUR ENEMY

JAPAN'S NAVAL SPIRIT SHOWN IN A LETTER.

Secret of the Success of Togo's Captains—Give All For the Nation.

A Japanese gentleman sends the London Times the following translation of a letter received by him from a friend in command of a first-class torpedo-boat in Admiral Togo's fleet.

Dear O.—A thousand apologies for my lengthy silence. We have been and are still busy, busy preparing a royal reception for the guests from the Baltic.

When we of Suiradai (torpedo corps) meet ashore, we discuss and often wonder if after all the Russians will come or will they fail us. Do they know that we are ready? To north-west lies the harbor of Masmapho, to south that of Sasabo, while Moji is on our east, and here we are waiting, waiting, and waiting for the enemy. Will he never come?

If you do not hear from me when a meeting has taken place, take this as my farewell. I do not expect to see you again in this life, except perhaps in your dream. When my boat goes down I shall go too, and a Russian ship with us.

It takes her weight in shells to sink a torpedo-boat—it's marvellous how they, the shells, do not hit.

DOWN WITH THE ENEMY.

I have seen, not one, but many torpedo actions, and I know. With six compartments in the boat we ought to be able to close in within twenty yards of the target before she is sunk. If we hit, we shall go

down as well as ever. I am never without the Tablets in the house as I find they are the only medicine a little one needs." Other wise mothers will follow Mrs. Lancaster's example and keep the Tablets always at hand—their prompt use may save a little life. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

LARGEST NEWSPAPER OFFICE.

"Which is the largest newspaper office in the world?" asks the Printer's Engineer. America naturally claims that the New York Times building, with its thirty-one storeys and an area of 116,349 square feet, holds the record. This, however, is no longer the case. The magnificent edifice recently built for the production of the Scotsman (Edinburgh) puts the former building completely in the shade, for although it can only boast thirteen storeys, yet it possesses an area of 261,787 square feet. This building is more than twice the size of that of the New York Times.

LONDON CONSUMPTIVES.

Forty thousand persons in London alone are suffering from consumption, according to Dr. Arthur Lalham, prize essayist in the King's Sanatorium. If other forms of tuberculosis were included, the number would be not fewer than 80,000. Consumption is responsible for the deaths of 8,000 persons per annum in the Metropolis, and a similar number die from other tuberculous diseases, all of them preventable.

RATS ON A WIRE.

A graceful exhibition of wire-walking was given by a number of rats at Sligo, Ireland, recently. An excise officer, who was cycling by the town hall, happened to look up, and saw an enormous rat making its way along an overhead electric wire. He pointed out the blonid rodent to the town hall officials, and they watched nearly 150 of the rats pass along, until they were hidden from sight by a lofty flour mill. The rats used their tails as the professional walker on the lofty wire uses his balancing pole, and although they were watched for more than 200 yards there were no casualties.

MILLIONAIRES' FORTUNES.

According to an estimate compiled by Mr. Henry Clewes, a financial authority, Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, the Stanhard Oil magnate, is the richest man in America, with a fortune of \$500,000,000. Mr. A. Carnegie comes second with \$250,000,000, and Mr. W. W. Astor third with \$200,000,000.

BRIDAL WREATHS.

The bridal wreath is usually formed of myrtle branches in Germany; it is made of orange blossoms in France, as well as in England; in Italy and the French Cantons of Switzerland it is of white roses; in Spain the flowers of which it is composed are red roses and pinks; in the islands of Greece vine-leaves serve the purpose, and in Bohemia rosemary is employed; in German Switzerland a crown of artificial flowers takes the place of the wreath.

The hand that fills the coal bin robs the world.

Father, in the hall, has been standing for half an hour, while Millicent and Harold bid each other good-night in the doorway. "Parting," quotes Harold, "is such sweet sorrow that I could say good-night till—" At this speech father gets a Shakespearean inspiration of his own and tramps forward. "Seems to me," he asserts, "that there is too much adieu about nothing."

"On, yes my lady."

Norah was silent for a minute or two, marveling at the ease and skill with which the maid brushed the long thick hair without inflicting the least pain or inconvenience. Then, still thinking of her last night's adventure, she said:

"Who sleeps in this part of the house?"

"No one usually but your ladyship. Mr. Petherick slept in this wing last night, and my room is next your suite."

"There was no one, no gentleman, I mean, sleeping in the house excepting my father"—she hesitated a little at the novel word—"and Mr. Petherick?"

"No, my lady," replied Harman, with a faint expression of surprise in her face, which Norah saw in the glass. "We have very few visitors. Mr. Guildford Berton used to come and stay, but he has got a cottage in the village, just outside the gates."

"Is Guildford his only Christian name?" asked Norah.

"Yes, my lady, I think so. I never heard of his having any other."

Then it would seem that the two men were absolute strangers! It was strange and mysterious! Harman wound the beautiful plaits of hair in a thick coil at the back of the shapely head, and finished dressing her mistress, and Norah got up and walked to the window. Harman was there before she could reach it, and opened it for her, and Norah stepped out onto the terrace. She was looking down, recalling the singular incident of the preceding night, when a bell clanged out so sonorously and suddenly that it startled her.

"The breakfast bell, my lady," explained Harman, and she opened the dressing-room door, and stood holding it just, as Norah thought, as if for a princess to pass out.

The sun pouring through the painted window flooded the great hall with splashes of many-colored light, and Norah looked round with an admiration approaching awe.

A footman stood at an open door, and guessing it to be the breakfast-room, she entered.

The earl, in a suit of gray tweed, loose but perfectly fitting, rose from his chair, and, approaching her, took her hand and kissed her forehead as he had done the night before, and led her to her seat at the head of the table.

"I trust you slept well?" he said, his eyes glancing over her quickly. "Are you looking for Mr. Petherick? He departed by an early train to return to his business, and left his compliments. He is an excellent man."

"He was very kind," said Norah.

"Yes."

Norah, feeling terribly shy, but struggling hard to conceal any signs of it, poured out a cup of coffee and passed it to him, for there was no footman.

"I dispense with servants in waiting at breakfast," said the earl, "but if you wish it the butler shall be in attendance."

"Oh, no," she said promptly. "I have been used—"

"I hope they have served something that you will like," he said, indicating the silver covered dishes with a wave of his white hand. "The cook will learn your tastes very quickly. Thank you, no," for Norah had offered to help him to some mysterious dish. "I only take toast for breakfast."

Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bone and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Que. and all druggists. Ontario.

which darkened the earl's face that she had trodden on forbidden ground. "Thank you very much," he said, dryly, and with icy courtesy, "but I could not dream of troubling you."

"It would be no trouble, but a pleasure," said Norah.

"Perhaps you would like to drive this morning?" he said. "The weather is particularly fine. If so, pray order the carriage. The groom of the stables will be in attendance to receive your commands whenever you send for him. And now I will ask you to excuse me," and he rose, and left the room.

Norah sat for a few minutes thinking over all that he had said, with an aching pain at her heart.

It was evident that if her father, the earl, did not actually dislike her, he did not entertain the slightest affection for her, and that he intended to keep her at arm's length.

It had been lonely at Cliff Cottage since her mother died, but she had some one to love there in the faithful and devoted Catherine; but here at Santleigh Court there was no one who cared for her, and she felt at that moment that she would exchange all the wealth and grandeur which had so strangely become hers for any condition, however lowly, in which there should be some one to love and love her in return.

She went to the window and looked out, and for a moment she thought that she would go for a drive, as the earl had suggested, but she shrank from the elaborate business of summoning the groom of the stables, and decided to go for a walk instead.

As she was passing through the hall on the way to her room to get her hat, a footman informed her that his lordship would be greatly obliged if she would go to him in the library, and opened the door for her.

The earl was seated at his writing table, and rose as she entered, and stood expectantly.

"I am sorry to trouble you, Norah," he said, "but I forgot to mention a matter at breakfast. You will need—money."

"Oh, but I have some," said Norah quickly.

"A small sum, no doubt," he said, "but scarcely sufficient for your purposes. I have opened an account for you at the bank at Ilchester, the town three miles distant, and here is your check book."

"I don't know what to do with it; I never had a check book before, papa."

"Permit me to show you. You have but to fill in the amount in writing here and the figures here, and the date at the top, and sign your name, and the bank—or, indeed, any one else—will pay you the sum stated on the check. That is, if you do not draw more than a couple of hundred pounds, which is the sum I shall pay in to your account at midsummer and Christmas."

"Two hundred pounds—four hundred pounds a year. Why, I shall not know what to do with so much money."

"Doubtless you will find it go quickly enough. Dresses and—female apparel generally—are expensive, I believe. I place this money at your absolute disposal, and you will understand, of course, that as I am ignorant of all such matters, you will procure your own wardrobe. If the sum is not sufficient, pray let me know, and I will increase it."

He had managed to destroy all the pleasure Norah had felt in the gift, and her smile vanished as he bowed her out, for she understood that he intended to imply that he had disclaimed all concern or interest in her clothes.

With the check book in her hand Norah went up to her own room, where Harman was stitching fresh lace on Norah's best dress.

"I came for my hat," said Norah, looking round for it.

"Yes, my lady," said Harman, and she fetched it, together with her gloves. She seemed to have taken complete charge of Norah's wardrobe, and almost, as it seemed to Norah, of herself included, and she



IT MUST BE WELL FOUNDED

STEADY GROWTH IN POPULARITY OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Made by Cures Like that of Simon V. Landry—He Tells About it Himself.

River Bourgois, Richmond Co., C. B.—July 8.—(Special).—Among the many men in this part of Canada whom Dodd's Kidney Pills have relieved of aches and pains and weakness and made strong and able to do a good day's work is Mr. Simon V. Landry. Mr. Landry has numerous friends here who can vouch for the story he tells of his cure.

"I was bothered for over a year," he says, "with lame back, weak legs, palpitation of the heart, general weakness, and shortness of breath; in fact I could not work and was a total wreck."

"I could not get anything to help me till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. But they did me good and no mistake. I used three boxes and I'm back at work again."

It is the cures they make that make Dodd's Kidney Pills so popular. Their popularity has grown steadily for thirteen years. It must be well founded.

half expected to hear her say, "Don't get your feet wet, my lady, and don't forget to keep the sun off your face."

It was almost with a sigh of relief that she found herself out in the garden, and she made her way across the lawn toward the park, looking about her as she went, and stopping to look back at the house, which appeared larger than ever in the bright morning light.

It was deliciously cool and shady under the great oaks, and with all a young girl's delight in the beauty of a summer morning, she wandered on, speaking to and patting the big dog, who still kept close beside her, as if he had undertaken to guard and protect her.

After a time the park grew more dense and more wild, and the ground broken into little hills and dales, and Norah climbed one of these, and, seating herself at the foot of a tree, took off her hat, and called the dog to lie down at her feet.

He coiled himself up obediently, and laid his head in her lap, when suddenly he sprang up and uttered a low growl.

At the same moment Norah heard the dull thud of a horse's hoofs upon the soft turf in the little glade below her.

She looked down, telling the dog to be quiet, and saw, not a horseman, as she expected, but a young man seated before an easel. He was almost immediately below her, and she could see him without being seen herself. He was evidently unconscious of her nearness, for he was painting with rapt absorption. It was also evident that it was not at him Casper had barked, for he glanced at him with perfect equanimity, and then kept his eyes fixed watchfully in the direction from whence the sound of the horse had proceeded.

Norah had just time to observe that the artist was young and handsome, and was wondering who he was, when Guildford Berton, mounted on a powerful black horse, came riding into the glade, and Casper rose erect, with a low, deep growl.

It was obvious that Mr. Guildford Berton was not a favorite of Casper's, but Norah succeeded in quieting him, and was going back down the hill again, feeling no desire to



A little Sunlight Soap will clean cut glass and other articles until they shine and sparkle. Sunlight Soap will wash other things than clothes.

rowdale?" he asked.

"No, sir!" replied Guildford Berton.

"His lordship's son, perhaps? Or nephew?"

"Neither, sir." And Guildford Berton's face darkened.

Chained to the spot by her interest, Norah looked down at them, with a sudden dawning of fear, for for with all self-possession there was something about the young artist that indicated a high spirit little used to brook the kind of treatment Guildford Berton was dealing out to him.

"No relation?" said Cyril. "An intimate friend?"

"I am a friend of the earl's, sir, if you insist upon an answer."

"Oh, I don't insist," said Cyril Burne; "but I was curious to know who it was, if you were not the earl himself, that he had authorized to treat the 'stranger within his gates' with discourtesy. Lord Arrowdale is not fortunate in his choice of friends."

The thrust was delivered so calmly, with such perfect ease, that for the moment Guildford Berton seemed too overwhelmed to resent it; then, either he must have touched his horse with his spur, or the animal had grown impatient, for he sprang forward, and was almost upon Cyril's back.

Cyril turned aside with the swiftness of a practiced athlete, and, seizing the bridle, looked up at Guildford Berton's dark face.

"Take care, sir," he said.

"Take your hand from my bridle!" exclaimed Guildford Berton in a low voice, and he bent forward with his whip raised.

Without doubt it would have fallen on Cyril Burne's head or shoulders, but at that moment Casper, with a loud growl, broke loose from Norah's hand, and sprang at one bound toward the two men.

The horse rose on his haunches so suddenly that Guildford Berton was thrown, and Norah, with a cry of alarm, ran down the hill.

Guildford Berton sprang to his feet, clutching his whip, then stopped suddenly, and both men stood as if turned to stone and stared at her.

(To Be Continued.)

"Why, Clara, you look radiant. What has happened?" "I've just received an invitation to a wedding." "Well, there's nothing particular in that to go into raptures over." "Ah! but it happens to be my own."

Sudden deaths on the increase—People apparently well and happy to-day, to-morrow are stricken down, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the heart is the cause. The king of heart remedies, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, is within reach of all. It relieves in 30 minutes, and cures most chronic cases.—91

Deacon—"I wish that young Canon Mayberry weren't obliged to preach to such a small congregation." Privileged Widow—"So do I. Every time he said 'Dearly beloved' this morning I felt as if I had received a proposal."

It is a Liver Pill—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with

PARTICULAR PEOPLE LIKE

Blue Ribbon

TEA because it is tightly sealed in lead packets, not lying about loose like ordinary bulk teas. BLUE RIBBON is carefully watched from PLANTATION TO HOME and pleases all.

ONLY ONE BEST TEA—BLUE RIBBON TEA

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR.

To California and Lewis and Clarke Exposition, Portland, Oregon.

A personally conducted excursion to the Pacific coast via the Grand Trunk Railway System and connecting lines leaves Quebec July 5, and Montreal and Toronto July 6. The route will be via Chicago, thence through Council Bluffs to Omaha, Denver and Colorado Springs. Stops will be made at each of these places and side trips taken to Manitou, Cripple Creek, Garden of the Gods, etc. From there the party will continue through the famous scenic route of the Denver and Rio Grande, through the Royal Gorge to Salt Lake City, thence to Los Angeles, San Francisco, Mt. Shasta, Portland, Oregon, Seattle, Spokane, and home through St. Paul and Minneapolis. The trip will occupy about thirty days, ten days being spent on the Pacific coast.

The price for the round trip, including railroad fare, Pullman tourist sleeping cars, all meals in the dining car, hotels, side trips, etc., is \$165.50 from Quebec, or \$160.50 from Montreal and \$150.00 from Toronto. This first trip is designed as a vacation trip for teachers, although many who are not teachers will improve the opportunity of taking the trip at the remarkably low price afforded.

For full particulars address E. C. Bowler, General Agent and Conductor, Room 308, Union Station, Toronto.

CHOOSE THE WALL.

Don't run into debt as long as you can find a stone wall to run into.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects.

"What's become of that fellow Tweedles?" "Oh, he opened a shop!" "Doing well?" "No; doing time. He was caught."

Kidney Search Lights—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your joints ache? Have you dizziness? Have limbs feel heavy? Have you pains in your back? Have you a tired dragging feeling in the regions of the kidneys? Any and all of these indicate kidney troubles. South American Kidney Cure is a liquid kidney specific and works wonderful cures in most complicated cases.—94

The harder a man can laugh at the mishaps of others the harder he can get mad at the man who laughs at him.

If attacked with cholera or summer complaint of any kind send at once for a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Ely's Ely's Cordial and use it according to directions. It acts with wonderful rapidity in subduing that dreadful disease that weakens the strongest man and that destroys the young and the old. Those who have used this cholera medicine say it acts promptly, and never fails to effect a thorough cure.

Jones asked his wife, "Why is a husband like dough?" He expected she would give it up, and he was

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. They can be sent by post, 1s per oz. the best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

AYRSHIRE CATTLE FOR SALE

20 Ayrshire Bulls—four to twenty months old; Ayrshire Females all ages; also improved Yorkshire pigs. Apply to HON. W. OWENS, Monte Bello, Que.



PROTECT YOUR FOOD
WILSON'S FLY PADS
KILL THEM ALL
AVOID POOR IMITATIONS

Protect Your Property —WITH—

THE DIAMOND FIRE EXTINGUISHER

A dry powder put up in metal tubes, 22 inches long. It will instantly extinguish the most furious flames of wood or oil. Price \$3.00 each, \$30.00 doz. Write for descriptive circular. The Diamond Dry Powder Fire Extinguisher Co., Toronto, Ont. AGENTS WANTED

PACIFIC COAST EXCURSIONS.

During June, July, August and September the Chicago and North Western Ry. will sell from Chicago, round trip excursion tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Ore. (Lewis & Clarke Excursion), Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver at very low rates. Correspondingly cheap fares from all points in Canada. Choice of routes, best of train service, favorable stopovers and liberal return limits. Rates, folders and full information can be obtained from B. F. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 31

Benedict—"Do you know, old man, I don't spend so much money now as I did before I was married?" Bachelor—"How's that?" Benedict—"Well, I don't have it to spend."

You cannot be happy while you have corns. Then do not delay in getting a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It removes all kinds of corns without pain. Failure with it is unknown.

Young Husband (to wife)—"Didn't I telegraph to you not to bring your mother with you?" Young Wife—"I know; that's what she wants to see you about. She read the telegram!"

riding into the glade, and Casper rose erect, with a low, deep growl. It was obvious that Mr. Guildford Berton was not a favorite of Casper's, but Norah succeeded in quieting him, and was going back down the hill again, feeling no desire to meet the newcomer, when she heard him speak, and instinctively stopped. "Good-morning," he said, in a tone of cold displeasure.

The young man at the easel looked up.

"Good-morning," he responded. Norah's heart leaped and her face crimsoned.

It was the voice she had heard on the terrace last night. With her hand upon Casper's collar to keep him quiet, she stood and waited to hear the voice again.

"Are you aware, sir, that you are trespassing?" demanded Guildford Berton, and with so overbearing and unpleasant a manner that, as Norah saw, the young painter looked up with surprise. She saw his handsome face flush, as if with resentment, at the other man's tone; but his voice was perfectly calm and self-possessed as he replied:

"No, I was not aware of it. I understood that this was the public wood."

"Nothing of the kind, sir. The public wood ends down at the gate there. This is private property."

"Then I have to apologize, which I do at once and sincerely," said Cyril Burne. "It is a mistake that only a stranger could make, and I am a stranger. All the same," and he laughed, "I am sorry you did not come up to warn me half-an-hour later, for I should have finished my sketch."

He spoke with perfect good humor, and a graceful ease which charmed Norah, but it seemed in some way to incense Guildford Berton.

"Having informed you that you are trespassing, I shall be obliged if you will retire, sir," he said.

Cyril Burne looked at him with mingled surprise at his discourtesy, and amusement at his peremptoriness.

"Certainly," he said; then, as he slowly wiped his brush, quietly he said, "To whom does this property upon which I am trespassing belong, may I ask?"

"To the Earl of Arrowdale," he replied, curtly.

Cyril Burne glanced at him.

"Am I addressing the Earl of Ar-

WANTED TO SLEEP.

Curious That a Tired Preacher Should Have Such Desire.

A minister speaks of the curious effect of Grape-Nuts food on him and how it has relieved him.

"You will doubtless understand how the suffering with indigestion with which I used to be troubled made my work an almost unendurable burden, and why it was that after my Sabbath duties had been performed, sleep was a stranger to my pillow till nearly daylight.

"I had to be very careful as to what I ate, and even with all my care I experienced poignant physical distress after meals, and my food never satisfied me.

"Six months have elapsed since I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and the benefits I have derived from it are very definite. I no longer suffer from indigestion, and I began to improve from the time Grape-Nuts appeared on our table. I find that by eating a dish of it after my Sabbath work is done, (and I always do so now) my nerves are quieted and rest and refreshing sleep are ensured me. I feel that I could not possibly do without Grape-Nuts food, now that I know its value. It is invariably on our table—we feel that we need it to complete the meal—and our children will eat Grape-Nuts when they cannot be persuaded to touch anything else." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each box.

to such a small congregation. "Famous Widow—"So do I. Every time he said "Dearly beloved" this morning I felt as if I had received a proposal."

It is a Liver Pill—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with have their origin in a disordered liver, which is a delicate organ (particularly susceptible to disturbance) that comes from irregular habits or lack of care in eating and drinking. This accounts for the great many liver regulators now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there is none superior to Parmed's Vegetable Pills. Their operation though gentle is effective, and the most delicate can use them.

Mrs. Wickwire—"Oh, Henry! And I told you so particularly before you chose a new house to be sure the chimney didn't smoke." Mr. Wickwire—"Well, this one doesn't. Come outside and see for yourself."

I'd rather be dead than suffer again the tortures of insomnia, palpitation and nervous twitching of my muscles induced by simple neglect of a little indigestion. These are the forceful and warning words of a lady who proclaims that her cure by South American Nerve when everything else had failed was a modern miracle. A few doses gives relief.—92

Beggar (insinuatingly)—"I say, mister, have yer got any suggestion to make to a feller wot ain't able to raise a penny to git shaved with?" Old Gentleman (passing on)—"Yes; grow a beard."

Tested by Time.—In his justly-celebrated Pills Dr. F. J. F. has given to the world one of the most unique medicines offered to the public in late years. Prepared to meet the want for a pill which could be taken without nausea, and that would purge without pain, it has met all requirements in that direction, and it is in general use not only because of these two qualities, but because it is known to possess alternative and curative powers which place it in the front rank of medicines.

PRIZE MONEY OF OLD DAYS.

Sea battles at the present time do not result in such great rewards of prize money as formerly. English sailors in times past have brought great fortunes home after their successful cruises. In the war with Holland, 1651-54, English ships are said to have taken 1,700 prizes, worth \$30,000,000. In 1657 the Spaniards loaded British sailors with treasure. They seized two of the Spanish galleons so richly laden with gold and jewels that it took thirty-eight wagons to carry the treasure from Portsmouth to London. In 1761 came the historic capture of the Hermione, the Spanish treasure ship from Lima. The admiral and captains received as their share \$325,000 apiece, the lieutenants \$65,000, warrant officers about \$20,000, petty officers nearly \$10,000, and even the common seaman \$2,500 each. On arriving at Portsmouth the seamen bought up all the watches in the place and fried them over the galley fire.

RAILWAY COLLISIONS.

The figures showing the number of fatalities in collisions alone on United States railways are appalling and show a constant increase in recent years. They are given by the Interstate Commission, as follows:

Passengers:	Killed.	Injured.
1899.....	61	815
1900.....	65	1,263
1901.....	55	1,458
1902.....	133	2,360
1903.....	123	2,975
Employees:	Killed.	Injured.
1899.....	187	1,368
1900.....	264	1,576
1901.....	348	2,089
1902.....	424	2,759
1903.....	574	3,772

The record for the present year, as shown by the reports made to the commission under the requirements of the accident law of March 3, 1901 shows no diminution of fatalities. For the first three months there were 221 killed and 2,797 injured in railway catastrophes. These are the only figures compiled for the current year by the commission.

and that destroys the young and delicate. Those who have used this cholera medicine say it acts promptly, and never fails to effect a thorough cure.

Jones asked his wife, "Why is a husband like dough?" He expected she would give it up, and he was going to tell her it was because a woman needs him; but she said it was because it was hard to get off her hands.

Rheumatism — What's the Cause?—Where's the Cure?—The active irritating cause of this most painful of diseases is poisonous uric acid in the blood. South American Rheumatic Cure neutralizes the acid poison. Relieves in 6 hours and cures in 1 to 3 days.—90

THE BOOTMAKER IN CHINA.

Boots are only worn in China by officials, servants, soldiers, sailors, and special hob-nailed boots, occasionally in wet weather, by the common people. The universal form of foot-covering is a shoe, whilst coolies and the poorest classes have to content themselves with straw or leather sandals, or go barefoot. Women's shoes are made at home and, except in isolated cases in Shanghai, are never exposed for sale in shops. This remark does not apply to the peculiar form of shoe worn by Manchu women, which is perched on a sort of small stilt. In the north, during the winter months, the ordinary boot or shoe is often wadded or lined with sheepskin, and of late years reproductions of Chinese boots and shoes in indiarubber have been imported from the United States and Germany, and found favor with Chinese at the Treaty ports.

LADY'S PIPE COLLECTION.

One of the strangest cases of kleptomania ever brought to light was heard of in Paris. A certain lady had such a passion for smoking and for coloring meerschaum pipes of this description from shops. In the flat which she occupied there were found no fewer than 2,600 pipes, not one of which, it is believed, she paid for.

Help your children to grow strong and robust by counteracting anything that causes ill-health. One great cause of disease in children is worms. Remove them with Mother Graves' Worm Extremator. It never fails.

"It would be helpful to you," said the prison visitor, "if you could take some motto and try and live up to it." "That's right," replied the convict. "I'd like to select, for instance, 'We are here to-day and gone to-morrow.'"

removes all kinds of corns without pain. Failure with it is unknown.

Young Husband (to wife)—"Didn't I telegraph to you not to bring your mother with you?" Young Wife—"I know; that's what she wants to see you about. She read the telegram!"

A Benefactor to All.—The soldier, the sailor, the fisherman, the miner, the farmer, the mechanic, and all who live lives of toil and spend their existence in the dull routine of tedious tasks and who are exposed to injuries and ailments that those who toil not do not know, will find in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil an excellent friend and benefactor in every time of need.

CONSOLATION.

The man who has married the wrong girl may console himself with the thought that perhaps the right one wouldn't have had him.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT

Removes all hard soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweetney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known.

Everybody abuses a public man, but nobody abuses a private citizen except his best friend and his wife's relations.

Worry wont cure a cough. When you find a cough holding on—when everything else has failed—try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic

It is guaranteed to cure. If it doesn't, we'll refund your money.

Prices: S. C. WELLS & Co. 304 25c. 50c. \$1. LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

LUCKY DOCTOR.

In France it is not only the uneducated who plunge in the public lotteries. They are patronized by all classes, and a Calais doctor has just found Dame Fortune more kind than he was ever likely to find Aesculapius. His name is Dr. Iluc, and he took a whole ticket in the last issue of Panama lottery bonds. He has just received notification that he has drawn the grand prize of £20,000. Dr. Iluc was chief surgeon to the hospitals of Calais.



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Natural Flavor

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Dainty—Delicious—Attractive to the Eye and satisfying to the appetite

Libby's (Natural Flavor) Food Products

Ox Tongue, Patted Chicken, Deviled Ham, Dried Beef, Brisket Beef, Lunch Tongues, Soups, Corned Beef Hash—all as good as they are whole some. Easy to serve

The Booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat" sent free.

Address Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago



Oxfords and Slippers.

A swell range of Oxfords and Slippers for Women and Children to choose from, and not to expensive either.

Ladies' Fine Kid Strap Slippers, with one, two and three straps. Prices

75c, \$1.00, 1.25, and 1.50

Ladies' Fine Kid Strap Slippers with one two and three straps. Prices

75c, \$1.00, 1.25, and 1.50

Children's Slippers in Chocolate, Red, and Black. A large variety at popular prices.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
JAMES ROBILIN, Manager.

NONESUCH FLOUR PREMIUM.

Mr. J. R. Dafeo, the manufacturer of the well known Dafeo's Nonesuch Flour, begs to advise his customers and the public generally, that a PREMIUM CUP will be found in every fifth one hundred pound bag, and in every fifth fifty pound sack, and one in every tenth twenty-five pound sack of Nonesuch.

These Cups are intended to advertise the Flour and are neatly gotten up with enameled bottom, and will be found very convenient and useful to every house wife for handling her flour, and when needing flour you will find it will profit you to ask for Dafeo's Nonesuch.

Mr. Dafeo also manufactures a Manitoba Patent Flour, second to none, also Choice Corn Meal and Buckwheat Flour, and all kinds of feed.

He is also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain, and solicits your patronage.

J. R. DAFOE,

Some choice Hammocks left at reduced prices at

BOYLE & SON.

The house in which Juliet lived was purchased by the commune of the town of Verona.

A St. Catharines woman traced her erring husband to Philadelphia and had him arrested.

The trading stamp bill renders a company who sells stamps to a merchant liable to a year's imprisonment or \$500 penalty. The merchant who gives them to a customer is liable to six months imprisonment or \$200 penalty, and the customer who receives them is liable to \$20 penalty.

Lawn Mowers, Lawn shears and hose.
MADOLE & WILSON.

No less than four excursions are booked to leave the town to-day. The Western Methodist Sunday School excursion to Belleville and Twelve o'clock Point, per Steamer Aletha; the usual Friday excursion per Steamer Ella Ross, to Belleville and Trenton; the half holiday excursion, per Steamer Reindeer to Glen Island and Glenora; and the moonlight excursion per Steamer Aletha under the auspices of the

Canned Peaches,
Canned Lombard
Plums,
Canned Raspberries,
Canned Pineapple,
Canned Peas,
Canned Green Gages,
Canned Blueberries,
Canned Apples.

Try me for Canned Fruits.

FRANK H. PERRY.

For Mowers and Binders.

The best English Cold Pressed Castor Oil has proven to be the most satisfactory lubricating oil. This oil will not gum, is not affected by warm weather, wears the longest. Sold at, The Medical Hall, Fred L. Hooper.

Tenders Wanted.

For excavating at Eastern Methodist church, at a price per cubic yard, delivered in wagons or thrown out on the bank as may be directed by Committee. Tenders received up to 20th inst.

W. F. Hall
Sec'y Com.

Napanee, July 13th, 1905.

Fishing Tackle.

Take a day and enjoy fishing but buy your tackle at **GREY LION HARDWARE** where a full line is kept in stock.

YARKER

Mrs. F. D. Woodcock, of Brockville when visiting her Yarker friends organized a branch of the Junior Womens' Auxiliary. The following officers were elected:—President, Miss Lena Benjamin; Vice President, Miss Lizzie Winters; Secretary, Miss Lily Montgomery; Treasurer, Miss Lois Benjamin; Superintendents, Miss Gertrude Connolly, Miss Violent Ewart and Miss Edith Baxter. The meetings will be the last Tuesday in every month.

Lawn Mowers, lawn shears, and rubber hose.
MADOLE & WILSON.

SUMMER CLOTHING

FOR THE SMALL BOYS.

There is nothing more comfortable looking for children from 3 to 8 years of age than two piece washable suits. We have them in a number of suitable patterns in blouse and Buster Brown styles, prices run from

65c. to \$1.50.

Light weight Straw and Felt Hats for Men and Boys. Balbriggan Underwear, Summer Coats, Fancy Vests, etc., etc.

COME TO US FOR COMFORT-
ABLE CLOTHING.

J. L. BOYES,

Oddfellows Excursion

To Watertown

Civic Holiday

Wed. August 9th.

Hay Forks, Straw forks, Barley forks, wood and steel.

BOYLE & SON.

Friday Half-holiday Excursions.

E. W. Scott and A. T. Rose have chartered the steamer Reindeer to run excursions to different points on the Bay, every Friday afternoon during July and the two first Fridays in August. The first excursion will go to Picton, July 7th, at which place they will remain one hour. Boat leaves her dock here at 1.30 sharp, returning about 7 o'clock. Popular Price 25c.

Paints, Oil and Glass.

MADOLE & WILSON.

This week Mr. Chas. Stevens receive his first consignment of coal.

The expense of this year's camp at Kingston aggregate between \$35,000 and \$40,000.

The band boys accompanied by the soldiers who have been in camp at Kingston for twelve days arrived home on the eight o'clock train Friday evening. They all brought back a nice dark brown complexion as a souvenir.

Master Wilkie Laird was injured on Saturday by the discharge of a blank cartridge from a gun in the hands of a young man who had just returned from Barrfield. The powder burned one eye and ear, but luckily not very seriously.

The pretty little village of Marlbank is booming along these days. Within a very short time, several new residences, a fine brick school house, a brick place of business and an up-to-date hotel have been erected. A large barn in connection with the new hotel is now in course of erection.

Remember F. B. Stratton's annual Island Excursions from Napanee and Bannockburn by B.O. morning trains, Deseronto at 10.20 and Bath at 2 by boat. Napanee passengers have choice either route. Same price. Take train and Str. Varuna and go two boats—no crowding. For particulars see bills.

Monday evening about six o'clock a team

GENUINE

BLAUD'S IRON TONIC PILLS
2 Ounce Box 25c, at
Wallaces' Red Cross Drug Store.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather, Mitts, String leather, Machine Oil and Belting.

MADOLE & WILSON.

East End Barber Shop.

Is the place to get "Adonias Head Rub" for Dandruff; is cooling this hot weather. We keep a good line of choice cigars and Tobaccos. Give us a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Servant Wanted.

For General Housework. Must be good plain cook. No Washing. Highest wages Apply at once.

MRS. J. A. SHIBLEY,
Bridge Street.

Excursion

The Eastern Methodist Church will hold their annual Re-union and Sunday school picnic at Glen Island on Friday, August 11th. The boat will run to Glen Island, Glenora and Picton. In the evening they will run a moonlight excursion down the Bay.

Canning Factory Notes.

The canning factory is rapidly approaching completion and will be finished in plenty of time for tomatoes and corn, both of which promises a good crop. A small amount of stock still remains unsold, and the directors are anxious to have it cleared up. All persons wishing to invest should apply at once.

Hammocks, a good assortment.

MADOLE & WILSON.

The Nordhemier Piano Co. of Toronto, have made arrangements to have their pianos kept on view at Dosses & Co's store, Napanee. Mr. Addison A. Pegg, the Firm's travelling representative is in town and would be glad to meet any intending purchasers, and show the sample piano which can be seen at Dosses & Co's store. Old instruments taken in exchange.

31-ap

E. Loyst has a car Royal Household and Hunt's Best Diamond flour, all other grades. 100 tons Ont. Bran, 100 tons Ont. Shorties, White Shorties, all kinds of ground feed, coarse corn meal, fine for eating. Breakfast foods at cost. Windsor bbl. Salt fine and coarse, in sacks, Rock salt, Coal oil, Pressed Hay, Paris Green. Highest price for eggs, cash or trade. Good 25 cts. Tea. 20 ton car of corn and oat feed. One price to all.

E. LOYST.

Sabbath School Conventions.

At an executive meeting of the county S. School Association on Saturday last, it was proposed that a series of local S. S. Conventions be held in the following places, and on their respective dates.

Odesa, Sept. 12th, Yarker the 13th, Tamworth the 14th, Robin the 19th, Andersons the 20th, and some other points in Adolpustown on the 21st.

It is hoped that the ministers and S. S. Workers in these different localities will work together to make the Conventions a success. It is expected that the Provincial Secretary J. A. Jackson or the Teacher Training Secretary, E. A. Hardy B. A. will be in attendance.

Vote Of Thanks.

A letter received by Mr. Radcliffe Camden East, from L. O. L. No 368.

July 10th 1905.

To the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe.

Dear Sir,

The officers and members of L. O. L. 378 extend to you their sincere thanks for your kind invitation to attend Divine Service and for the helpful thoughts and good advice given us by you in your sermon on Sunday July 9th. We also extend our thanks to the choir for their choice selection of hymns so suitable to the occasion—Hoping that we may all be benefited by your helpful words.

We remain, yours sincerely,

Belleville and Twelve'clock Point, Per Steamer Aletha; the usual Friday excursion per Steamer Ella Ross, to Belleville and Trenton; the half holiday excursion, per Steamer Reindeer to Glen Island and Glenora; and the moonlight excursion per Steamer Aletha, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the W. M. church.

F. Chinneck is now an issuer of Marriage Licenses, and can fit you out with ring and papers, all of which will be strictly confidential.

27b F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store

When Giving Presents to Ladies

you always wish the newest
and most beautiful articles.

OUR ENGAGEMENT RINGS

comprise every variety of stone, and
are most beautiful.

Besides what nicer thing could you
give than a nice birthday stone
suitable for the month.

A Full Stock of Wedding Rings

and the most important fact of all is
that we are strictly private and will
guarantee not to give you away.

The Quality Store

F. CHINNECK,

Next Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

NOTICE.

I have just received the first installment
of my supply of

PLYMOUTH COAL!

and am prepared to take orders for prompt
deliveries, and for the month of July I offer
35c per ton discount for Cash with order
(for lots of one or more tons).

CHAS. STEVENS,

31-41 West Side Market Square

WASH VESTS

Latest Designs
Newest Colorings
Splendid Quality.

—WERE—

\$2.00 and \$3.50

Will Clear at \$1.75.

A.E. LAZIER.

Lonsdale Woolen Mills.

Grange Block.

Belleville and Twelve'clock Point, Per
Miss Edith Baxter. The meetings will be
the last Tuesday in every month.

Lawn Mowers, lawn shears, and rubber
hose.
MADOLE & WILSON.

CAMDEN EAST.

The Orange Lodge, Camden East, paraded
for Divine service Sunday, July 9th.
The brethren in regalia marched to St.
Luke's church at 7:30 p.m., where they
were received by the Rector, the
Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, and Mr. A. T. Love,
of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, and
escorted to their seats in the church. The
singing was good and hearty and the
address by the rector of the Parish was listened
to attentively, and we believe appreciated
by the members of the Order. Mr. A.
T. Love read the prayers and the lessons
very well. The congregation was a very
large one.

The Guild of St. Luke's church and
members of the Woman's Auxiliary met at
the Rectory Monday evening, and after
Miss Saunders had read a very kindly
worded address, Miss Burgoyne, President,
presented Mr. Radcliffe with a handsome
Autograph Quilt containing six hundred
and seventy-two signatures. Mr. Radcliffe
thanked the President and Members of the
Guild for the address and gift, which testified
to the nice feeling existing between
clergyman and congregation. Refreshments
were served by the guild, a pleasant
social evening was spent at the Rectory.
Mr. A. T. Love, Bishop's College, Lennoxville,
will take charge of the Parish
during Mr. Radcliffe's absence.

Paris Green.

Save your potatoes from the bugs by
using the pure Paris Green sold for 20c
per lb. **GREY LION HARDWARE.**

EAGLE HILL.

Public School Report for June.

Names in order of merit.
Fourth Class—Pearl Ready, Katie Mar-
quardt, Fanny John.
Third Class—Albert John, Arthur Ready,
Leslie Fox, Norris Ready, Myrtle Fox,
Stanley Fox.

Second Class—Sheldon Pettefer, Hazel
Irvine, Henry Armstrong, Gordon Pettefer,
Jimmy Marquardt, Lorne John.

First Class—Russell Pettefer, Puril Villneff,
Frieda Mieske, Leopold Mieske, Dolphs
Villneff, Andrew Armstrong, Lorne Ready.

Prize—Mabel Fox, Charlotte Armstrong,
Everett Villneff, Maxwell Mieske, Vris
Villneff, Kaspar Irvine, Andrew Ready.

On roll—30. Average attendance—23.

FRANCES STEWART,
Teacher.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in
every respect. A call solicited.

KALADAR.

Farmers are busy haying at present re-
port a good crop.

Mr. William Miller has moved into Mr.
William Higby's house.

Huckleberry season at hand they report
a good crop.

Mr. Bert Pringle, of Napanee, is here on
business.

Mr. Henry Wood and son Stanley spent
Tuesday last, at Tamworth.

Mr. John Forbes and wife, were at Tweed
on Saturday, last.

Mr. and Mrs. Storms, of Mississippi,
visiting her brother, Mr. Hugh McKinnon.

Mr. Bert Spencer, of Roblin, is at the
Alderman.

Mr. C. Kellar and daughter Etta, was at
Northbrook on Friday.

The Haying factories closed down for the
12th.

Mr. John Kirkpatrick has moved to
Flinton.

Mr. Charles McHenry was at Tweed on
Thursday.

Mr. James Morton while at work in the
Hedding factory had the misfortune to
have his four fingers sawed to the bone
which will lay him up for some time to
come.

Miss Grace Roluf, of Northbrook, at
Mrs. C. Kellar's last Thursday.

Mrs. Miller, at Mrs. Allport's on Sunday.

Plumbing, Heating and Roofing
MADOLE & WILSON.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

10:20 and 11:20 by O.C.V. Napanee
passengers have choice either route. Same
price. Take train and Str. Varuna and go
two boats—no crowding. For particulars
see bills.

Monday evening about six o'clock a team
of horses driven by Mr. Blake McCabe
ran away. The team was standing in front
Mr. Thos. Mooney's residence on Mill
Street, and some furniture was being loaded
in the wagon when they became frightened.
They were captured on the Deseronto road.
Beyond some slight injury to some of the
furniture no damage was done.

The Tweed News of July 6th, has the
following to say concerning the racing
event here on July 3rd: The races were
closely contested but unfortunately the
occupants of the grand stand could take
very little interest in them as it was im-
possible to ascertain the results of the
various heats. This might be remedied
in future by making such an admission fee
to the grand stand that the committee
could provide each person there with a
field glass sufficiently powerful to enable
them to read that delightfully fine hand-
writing in which the results were given on
sheets of white paper in front of the judge's
stand.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure bandruif,
stops hair falling, and prevents baldness,
10 cents an application, at

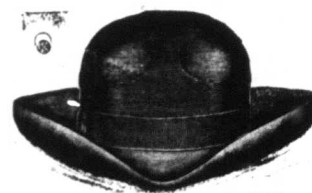
THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP
A. WILLIS.

Belleville, July 10.—Police Magistrate
Flint Saturday morning gave judgment in
the case of Adam Lloyd, who had a pre-
liminary trial on the charge of causing the
death of his wife, Mrs. Hannah Lloyd.
Acting on the advice of the Attorney, Gen-
eral, the magistrate refrained from discus-
sion the evidence. In the opinion of the
magistrate there was sufficient evidence to
commit the accused for trial, and he was
committed for trial at the next court of
competent jurisdiction, which will be at
the Assizes held here in October.

Major E. Ming, veterinary surgeon of
the 4th Hussars, is the largest man in the
regiment. He has been connected with
that corps for eighteen years, and has not
missed a single camp. His stalwart form
can always be seen around, looking after
the welfare of the horses placed in his
charge. During his connection with the
regiment he has not lost a single horse,
which speaks well for his professional
ability.

Cord wood and Block wood
for sale. **Robt. Light.**

21-t-f.



ONE OF THE
NEW STYLES

We are showing in

Spring Hats.

WE HAVE THIS HAT IN FIVE
DIFFERENT COLORS.

Give Us a Call Before Buying.

C. A. GRAHAM & CO.

sermon on Sunday July 10th. He also
extendour thanks to the choir for their
choice selection of hymns so suitable to the
occasion—Hoping that we may all be ben-
efited by your helpful words.

We remain, yours sincerely,

By Order of the Lodge.

JAMES HUFF, W. M.

WALTER E. HIGGS Rec. Secy

Young Lad Drowned.

A sad drowning accident occurred Tues-
day afternoon, by which the little eight-
year-old son of Benjamin Davy lost his life
in the Napanee river. Clarence, a bright
little fellow of eight summers, was sent by
his mother on an errand across the river
with his boat and it was while returning
that the accident occurred which cost him
his life. The little fellow had entered his
boat and pushed from the shore, when the
current caught it before he could get com-
mand of it with his oars, and passing under
a wire, that stays the foot bridge, he was
pulled out backwards. Some children wit-
nessed the accident and ran to a close-by
house, but, unfortunately, no one was at
home, and the children ran over the foot
bridge to the little fellow's home to tell the
startling news. It did not take long to
gather men, who, searching found the life-
less body, but too late to resuscitate life, as
it was over an hour in the water. The
little fellow, although only eight years old
was quite an expert with a boat, and had
made the same trip many times without
 mishap. The parents have the heartfelt
sympathy of every citizen in their sad
bereavement.

By-Laws Carried.

At last the town seems in a fair way to
be properly lighted, and the citizens are
happy. The vote on Friday last was
unanimous in favor of the town being
lighted by a municipal owned plant. The
vote for the \$35,000 by-law was 254 for and
27 against, and the by-law as to whether
the plant should be conducted by commis-
sioners or otherwise, was 232 for commis-
sioners and 22 against. The vote by war
is as follows:

\$35,000 By-Law.

	For	AGAINST
West Ward No. 1	41	4
" " " 2	66	4
Centre " " 1	42	6
" " " 2	53	8
East Ward	52	5
	254	27

Majority 327

COMMISSIONER BY-LAW

	For	AGAINST
West Ward No. 1	40	4
" " " 2	63	6
Centre " " 1	45	3
" " " 2	53	6
East Ward	51	3
	252	22

Majority 230

F. Chinneck is now an issuer of Marriage
Licenses, and can fit you out with ring and
papers, all of which will be strictly confi-
dential.

27b F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

BATH.

Haying is in rapid progress. Some
farmers are well on. The crop is al-
most a failure.

We are glad to be able to say that
little Harold Clarke, of Collin's Bay,
has slightly improved after being ter-
ribly injured in a runaway accident.

Mr. Shaver preached in the Union
church last Sunday and made a favor-
able impression.

Mrs. Berris and daughter, of the city
spent a few days at W. Key's.

Mr. Reid, of Illinois, Mr. and Mrs.
Snook, Westbrook, have been visiting
at Wm. Day's.

Little Willie Day, aged four years
son of Arthur Day, was very badly
stung about the face and legs. He
called in to see his little neighbor, D.
J. Day and seeing no one in the
yard he quietly lifted aside the covers
of three bee hives and peeped in. In
a very short time he made things live-
ly with his presence which called sev-
eral to his rescue who shared in a
measure his same fate. It is a hot day.

**NEAT,
STYLISH,
PERFECT-FITTING**

Garments—distinguished
for the

Faultless Manner

in which they are made.

JAS. WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor,
Napanea.

Next J. J. Haines' Shoe Store.

**Rennie Block,
NAPANEE. Madill Bros. NAPANEE.**

THIS WASH GOODS SECTION

is one of great importance. In this enterprising and economical department are being shown only the most suited, the most stylish, and the leading fabrics for the hot weather. Linens for shirt waist suits, vestings for suits and separate waists, Lawns for children's and ladies' dresses, Gingham, Chambrays, Fancy Linen Batice, the New Mersilda for waists, linings, etc., in fact a collection of the most appropriate materials for those intending vacation going. Make it a point to call at this busy store and enjoy the pleasure of viewing only the latest creations from the most fashioned centres.

Colored Dress Linens, Special, 19c, 25c, to 45c. Yard.

Persian Lawns.

Most suited for Children's or Ladies' Dresses
28 to 42 inches wide 10c to 50c yard.

Irish Dimity,

in any array of colors, stylish and a nice sheer
material for summer 20c to 25c yard.

Linen Batiste,

Plain and stripe, very rich effect, for separate
waists 20c to 50c yard.

Vestings,

Neat raised designs, silky effect, 28 to 30 inches
wide 15c to 30c yard.

Silk Mull,

Silk like material suited for street and reception
wear 25c yard.

Mosquetto Net,

in colors of Green, Red, Yellow and White,
..... 5c, 8c, and 10c yard.

Linen Suitings,

The most appropriate for summer wear, in fine
medium and heavy weaves, 36 inches wide,
..... 25c to 75c yard.

Satana,

in all staple shades, also black and white, dot and
scroll designs suited for waists and dresses
..... 12½c to 40c yard.

Check Gingham,

in Green and White, Canary and White, and
Red and White 12½c yard.

Mersilda,

the new waistings in all staple shades
..... 25c yard.

Prints,

Agents for the Famous B. B. B. and Crums Prints,
an excellent selection in stock, (guaranteed)
..... 10c and 12½c a yard.

Organdie

in White, Black and Colors, sheer qualities
..... 25c to 75c yard.

Saturday's Special List.

15 only **Silk Underskirts**, Manufacturers' Samples, in this beautiful lot are included skirts of the very highest nature, made expressly for this season's trade shown only a few times, in Brown, Navy, Green, and Black. Space will not permit further details, but see window and inspect this excellent lot. Regular wholesale prices ranged from \$5.00 to \$12.00, all clearing on Saturday, commencing at 9 a.m. at extra special prices.

About 400 yds. Embroidery and insertion, all widths and lengths of from 1½ to 3 yards each, and marked at special prices for Saturday.

20 dozen only, Ribbed and Plain Cotton Hose, Stainless Dye, summer weight, must be cleared on Saturday at **3 Pairs for 25 Cents.**

LADIES' LACE TIES—the most fashioned, a good
assortment of patterns 10c to \$2.50 each.

VEILINGS—All new and neat designs, in white,
brown, navy and black 15c to 50c yard.

LADIES' WASH COLLARS—an enormous assortment
of these goods always in stock 12½c to 75c each.

LADIES' SUMMER CORSETS—light weight, short
and medium length 35c 50c pair.

VESTS—Ladies' and children's, all sizes in stock,
different styles, also sizes, 10c to 75c each.

CHIFFON COLLAR FORMS—All sizes in Black and
White 5c each.

BUTTONS—Stock replenished this week. all the

Picnics

Buy your goods such as Canned meats,
fish, pickles and fruits, also fancy biscuits.
A full line kept fresh at

GREY LION GROCERY

Social.

An ice cream social will be held next
Tuesday evening July 18th. On the lawn
of Mr. Irvine Parks and Mr. Oard, under
the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the
Western Methodist church. The Napanea
Band will be present and furnish the
music.—Tickets 15 cents.

Valuable Dogs Poisoned.

A couple of weeks ago Mr. John Briggs
had five valuable Scotch Collie dogs poisoned,
but managed to save three of the
animals. Mr. Briggs has in his kennels
some very valuable dogs, all of them registered,
thoroughbreds for a number of generations.
During the past three years Mr. Briggs
has lost seven valuable dogs by poisoning.
Mr. Briggs is becoming quite a dog fancier,
and no one knows the good points in a dog better than he.

The Glorious Twelfth.

Early Wednesday morning the crowds
began to gather at Napanea to celebrate the
12th of July. By eleven o'clock the streets
were almost impassable a very large crowd
having congregated. Excursions arrived
from the North and every road leading to
town was black with rigs, and everything
was progressing favorably for a grand turnout
of Orangemen when rain began to fall
and one shower succeeded another at short
intervals all afternoon. The parade was
scheduled to take place at one o'clock and
the procession was formed with Tweed,
Yarker, and Napanea bands and numerous
life and bum bands, and the members of
the various Orange Lodges in the county
but just as the procession started, rain
again fell heavily and the parade was cut
short as was also all other proceedings in
connection with the Celebration. It is
safe to say that but for the rain the celebration
at Napanea would have been a record one.

Installation of Officers.

Installation of officers for the current
term took place at the rooms of Napanea
Lodge No. 86, I.O.O., on Tuesday evening.
Bro. F. W. Vaadusen, D.D.G.M., was the
installing officer. The following is a list
of those installed:

NAPANEE LODGE NO. 86.

Geo. Saunders, J.P.G.
J. Osborne, N.G.
W. Boyes, V.G.
W. B. Grieve, R.S.
E. McLaughlin, P.S.
G. B. Joy, Treas.
C. Frizzell, Warden
W. Frizzell, Cond.
C. Jennings, R.S.N.G.
E. McAfee, L.S.N.G.
S. Vanaalstine, R.S.V.G.

McLaughlin, P.S.
G. B. Joy, Treas.
C. Frizzell, Warden
W. Frizzell, Cond.
C. Jennings, R.S.N.G.
E. McAfee, L.S.N.G.
S. Vanaletine, R.S.V.G.
F. Lapum, L.S.V.G.
J. Grange, R.S.S.
A. Peters, L.S.S.
W. Maybee, I.G.
W. T. Shaver, O.G.
F. W. Vandusen, Chap.

ARCYLL LODGE, No. 212.

J. Douglas, J.P.G.
R. Solmes, N.G.
J. Roundell, V.G.
F. Carson, R.S.
S. Hawley, P.S.
A. Wagar, Treas.
H. Weisen, Warden
F. Scott, Cond.
H. Loucks, R.S.N.G.
Geo. Thompson, L.S.N.G.
M. Grooms, R.S.V.G.
W. Loucks, L.S.V.G.
I. P. Huffman, R.S.S.
A. Wagar, L.S.S.
W. Hudson, I.G.
E. A. Wagar, O.G.
H. Fralick, Chap.

Belleville Portland Cement at
BOYLE & SON.

Nelson L. Deans has purchased the Gibson property on the corner of Thomas and Robert streets.

On Thursday afternoon Dr. Sills extracted three very difficult back teeth for Mr. John Briggs. Mr. Briggs says the extraction was perfectly painless and is enthusiastic over the way Dr. Sills did the work.

Betty Jacobs, a crippled Indian woman, was assaulted and murdered on the reserve near Brantford. Suspicion points to Joseph Bennett, also an Indian, who has disappeared.

Ottawa, July 11.—Both parties held caucuses this morning to consider the question of increasing the sessional indemnity of Senators and members from \$1,500 to \$2,500. The expression of opinion in both gatherings was unanimous in favor of the change, and members are hopeful that the Government will introduce the necessary resolution. At the same time the Premier gave no direct promise to his following when the matter was being discussed to-day.

A round robin has been in circulation among the members for some time past in favor of the increase, and has received already the signature of nearly every member of the House. The chief ground on which the change is based is the growing length of the Parliamentary sessions and the financial sacrifice that members are called upon to make in spending half their year in Ottawa. In spite of the fact that Ministers recognize that the present indemnity of \$1,500 is very low, it is doubtful whether the increase will be made this year.

On the conclusion of the Conservative caucus it was announced that prorogation would probably be reached on Wednesday next week.

His Spats.

"And do you mean to say, madam, that you and your husband never had any spats?"

"My husband had a pair once, sir, but he gave 'em to the boy who sprinkled our grass."

Good Luck.

Elsie—Mamma's so disappointed Her cake didn't turn out as well as she expected. Tommy—Oh, good luck Then we can have as much of it as we want.

Harry—Say, papa, is a man's wife his better half? Papa—That is the popular belief. Harry—Then what part of Solomon was all his wives?

No Choice.

Ted—Do you think that old millionaire will do any good with his money? Ned—He'll have to. He has six marriageable daughters.

While one finds company in himself and his pursuits he cannot feel old, no matter what his years may be.—Alcott.

VEILINGS—All new and neat designs, in white, brown, navy and black 15c to 50c yard.

LADIES' WASH COLLARS—an enormous assortment of these goods always in stock 12½c to 75c each.

LADIES' COLLARS AND CUFF SETS—Embroidered Linen and Scrim, decidedly new 35c to 75c set.

different styles, also sizes, 10c to 75c each.

CHIFFON COLLAR FORMS—All sizes in Black and White 5c each.

BUTTONS—Stock replenished this week, all the newest for Shirt Waist Suit Trimmings, etc.

ALL-OVER EMBROIDERY—An excellent range of patterns 50c. yard.

CARPET AND HOUSE FURNISHING SECTION.

The constant activity of this excellent Department is the inspiration of low prices. We want your trade and take pains to get it, by the inspiration of low prices, excellent service, select stocks in every grade. This popular store is daily growing to one of the greatest importance. When in search of the choicest and most select Floor Coverings, Curtains, Jap Matting, in fact anything pertaining to beautifying the home, call and inspect our excellent stocks.

AUGUST DESIGNER NOW IN STOCK.

STORE CLOSÉS ON FRIDAY AT 12:30.

NAPANEE'S MOST MODERN STORE.

2nd Annual Excursion —TO— Montreal and Ottawa.

ALL BY DAYLIGHT.

Steamer Aletha.

Which will be comfortably fitted out for this trip with easy chairs, sofas, etc.

Going Thursday August 3rd.
Returning Tuesday, August 8th

From Belleville and Bay of Quinte Ports: Kingston, Clayton and Alexandria Bay via the St. Lawrence River and Canal system.

SIX DAYS, \$16.50

Which includes meals on board boat, hotel accommodation overnight at Prescott or Ogdensburg, Montreal, Ottawa (2 nights) and Smith's Falls, giving half day and evening in Montreal and one day (Sunday) in Ottawa. A first class orchestra, led by Prof. Denmark of Belleville, will accompany the excursion.

Tickets limited to 125 and can be reserved on receipt of \$3 deposit.

Pronounced by last years passengers to be the best trip ever taken. For further particulars and reservations apply W. J. MAGRATH, chairman; REV. R. H. LEITCH, pastor Holloway church, P.F. CANNIFF, sec'y.

Screen Doors and Windows.

Keep cool and also keep out the flies by using screen doors and windows, sold at GREY LION HARDWARE.

The Kennedy Players occupied the boards at Brisco opera house Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The plays produced were: The Midnight Express; The Two Jolly Tramps, The White Slave; and a matinee Wednesday afternoon, "Rip Van Winkle." The company is a well balanced one, and about the best in the repertoire line that has played here in years. The attendance was not large, but this was owing to the extremely warm weather, and it is a safe prediction when we say if they would appear here again during the winter season they would be greeted with packed houses.

Will Kill The Bugs.

Berger's (English) Pure Paris Green will not float on the water but mixes readily with it. This Green is guaranteed full strength, one teaspoonful to a pail of water will do the work. Sold at, The Medical Hall, Fred L. Hooper.

Machine Repairs

All kinds of sections and heads for mowers, reaper and binders knives also sole agent for XXXX machine oil, buy the best For sale at GREY LION HARDWARE.

In Their Order of Importance.

"What did you discuss at your literary club this afternoon, dear?" asked the husband in the evening.

"Let me see," murmured his wife. "Oh, yes, I remember now. Why we discussed that woman who recently moved into the house across the street and Longfellow."

Enay.

Old Lady (watching a football match) —I canna' unnerstan' that footba'. Her Son—Well, you see, each side is trying to kick the ball between those posts at either end of the field. Old Lady—Weel, that wudna be hard tae dae if they'd a' get oot o' the road.

Wonder if This is So?

If you put two persons in the same bedroom, one of whom has the toothache and the other is in love, you will find that the person who has the toothache will go to sleep first. Isn't it curious?

At the Wrong Time.

"You say your playing created a great deal of talk?" said the friend.

"Yes," answered the pianist, "but unfortunately it was mostly during my performance."

Ever notice how much time the other fellow can spare from his business to tell you how to run yours?

Not There Yet.

Claude—Don't you think my mustache is becoming? Maude—Well, it may be coming, but it hasn't got there yet.

Making a life is larger than making a living. Many a man has made a good living who has made a poor life.

To Recover Her Child.

"Can you help me to recover my child?" asked the poor woman.

"Is your child lost?"

"Oh, no. His clothes are worn out."

Heaven never helps the man who will not act.

People flirt with trouble too much. Every big fire develops a lot of natural born fire chiefs.

It is all right to select the lesser of two evils if you know which one it is.

The way some people have of being good is worse than their way of being bad.

When people say to you when you are in trouble, "What can I do for you?" be equally considerate and say, "Nothing."

People are hard to please. If a man gets mad easily he is called "touchy," and if it takes a good deal to make him mad he is called "wooden."

It is a shame when the baby wakes up once in the night and the father is awake for ten minutes that he should lose "his whole night's rest." Isn't it, now?

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